TODAY'S WEATHER
SNOW AND WARMER IS THE LOCAL FORECAST.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 118. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 167. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1904.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

SOUTH SIDE PRIEST FEARS PLOTTERS AGAINST M'KINLEY

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Postmaster General H. C. Payne made many important recommendations in his annual report.—Page 12.

Two ocean steamships report heavy gales on the North Atlantic.—Page 5.

The trial of Machen and co-defendants commences in Washington today.—Page 12.

M. Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, reached New York.—Page 12.

FOREIGN.

The dreibund will give indirect support to Great Britain and France in their efforts to maintain peace between Russia and Japan.—Page 1.

Preparations for war continue.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Fire at Washington, Pa., caused a loss of $125,000.—Page 1.

Murderer Kruger is expected to make further confessions this week.—Page 1.

Italian Mafia is blamed for the death of one man and serious injuries of another in Beaver county.—Page 1.

LOCAL.

Pleasant Valley dairyman took a fatal drink of poison by mistake.—Page 6.

Fathers of the Pittsburgh apostolate conducting a mission to non-Catholics explanatory of the doctrines of the Catholic church.—Page 6.

Orphans prepare surprise in common council tonight.—Page 3.

Controller Larkin accuses city officials of planning raid on the city treasury.—Page 1.

Pittsburgh victim of the Clallam disaster was a prominent attorney and financier.—Page 1.

Many blast furnaces to start up in Monongahela valley and steel mills will follow.—Page 1.

Republican City Chairman M. G. Leslie will decide which Twentieth ward committee will be recognized.—Page 3.

Pastor Charles T. Russell gave the second of his chart talks.—Page 10.

Fuses blow out in car in Brownsville avenue and that slight cause and other conditions produce panic.—Page 3.

South Side priest asserts his life has been declared forfeited by anarchists responsible for McKinley's assassination.—Page 1.

SPORTING.

Capt. S. S. Brown will send his horses to new Hot Springs track to be raced.—Page 7.

Ed Hickey, burgess of Millvale, engaged to coach East Liberty academy baseball team.—Page 7.

High school has hard basketball schedule arranged.—Page 7.

THE WEATHER

Snow.

The Washington weather sharps predicted snow for yesterday, which failed to appear around Pittsburgh, but Uncle Sam's employes are persistent and they have predicted snow again for today, in addition to warmer weather. They say it will be fair Tuesday. The sun rose cloudy at 7:24 yesterday and set cloudy at 4:51. The following report for yesterday was presented by the local weather office:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	29.98	19	82	S.E.	PtCldy
8 p. m.	29.88	25	73	S.E.	PtCldy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for January 10:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum	26	17	Mean	22	12
Minimum	18	8	Precipitation	.00	.00
Nor. tem. 31 yrs.	29		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.10	
Dfcy. for day	7		Dfcy. for day	.10	
Dfcy. since Jan. 1	89		Dfcy. since Jan. 1	.45	

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Forecast: Western Pennsylvania—Snow and warmer Monday; Tuesday fair, light to fresh northeast to east winds.

Ohio—Snow Monday; Tuesday fair, except snow on northeast lake shore; fresh northeast winds, becoming northwesterly.

West Virginia—Rain or snow Monday; Tuesday fair.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

Columbus	20	Cloudy	Indianapolis	30	Cloudy
Chicago	24	Cloudy	Kansas City	32	Cloudy
Cincinnati	34	Cloudy	Washington	32	Clear
Cairo	50	PtCldy	Grand Rapids	18	Cloudy
Oklahoma	44	Clear	Jacksonville	56	Rain
El Paso	52	Clear	New Orleans	60	PtCldy
Louisville	36	Cloudy	Philadelphia	26	Clear
Nashville	52	Cloudy	Buffalo	18	Cloudy
St. Louis	34	Rain	Cleveland	18	Cloudy
Omaha	34	Cloudy	Galveston	56	Clear
Des Moines	30	Cloudy	St. Paul	22	Cloudy
Memphis	58	Clear	Duluth	20	Clear
Little Rock	44	Clear	Bismarck	18	Clear
Atlanta	44	Rain	Denver	40	Cloudy
New York	24	Clear	Salt L. City	30	Snow

CLOSING TIME OF THE MAILS AT PITTSBURGH POSTOFFICE

New York—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:50 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:50 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Baltimore—2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic City—2:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:00, 6:30, 9:20 p. m.

Buffalo—7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 10.15, 11:30 p. m.

Cleveland—3:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 11:30 p. m.

Cincinnati—1:30, 5:10, 8:20, 11:50 a. m.; 12:50, 7:45, 8:50 p. m.

Chicago—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—1:30, 5:10, 11:50 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—3:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

San Francisco—3:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:50 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Boston—2:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 8:30, 8:20, 9:30 p. m.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—"Peggy from Paris," musical comedy, 8:15 p. m.

ALVIN—Sir Henry Irving in "Waterloo" and "The Bells," 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—The Xmas pantomime, "Babes in the Woods," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Helen Girard and 14 other vaudeville acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

EMPIRE—"When Women Love," 8:15 p. m.

DUQUESNE—"The Secret of Polichinelle" (first production in America), 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—Fred Irwin's Big Show, burlesques and olio, 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Skating, afternoon and evening.

PITTSBURGH CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—Harold Henry, pianist, assisted by Luigi von Kunits, violinist, 8:15 p. m.

BIJOU—"McFadden's Row of Flats," 2 and 8 p. m.

ALLEGHENY CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—Free organ recital by City Organist H. P. Ecker.

Declares from Church Altar He Is Marked for Assassination.

GUARDED BY POLICE

Makes Startling Revelations Concerning the Killing of the Martyred President.

FATE OF HIS COLLEGE MATE

Three alleged members of a band of anarchists who were implicated in the plot to assassinate President McKinley were driven from St. Casimir's Lithuanian Roman Catholic church, South Twenty-second and Sarah streets, where they had created a riot, yesterday. The men were declared by the Rev. Father John S. Sutkeitis, pastor of the church, to be preparing to take his life. Last night a guard of special policemen were placed around the priest's residence and warrants will be issued this morning for the arrest of the three suspects.

From the altar of his church last night Father Sutkeitis made disclosures of the

The Rev. Father John S. Sutkeitis.

most startling character. He revealed details in the plot for McKinley's assassination which had never before been brought to light. He declared that a band of "Reds" makes its rendezvous in Pittsburgh and holds secret sessions in a secluded house in Forbes street. For years, he said, he has been under their ban, and no efforts would be spared to let himself escape their secret warrant of death.

Accused of Crime.

Standing before his congregation yesterday, facing his alleged would-be assassins, the priest fearlessly charged them with their crimes. When his churchmen rose to his support and were ready to vent their wrath upon the men, Father Sutkeitis held up his hand and cried out:

"Stop, brethren! Let them depart in peace!"

The police were telephoned for, but before the officers arrived the suspects made their escape.

This scene occurred at a meeting held in the church during the afternoon for the purpose of electing a board of trustees and teachers for the parochial school. Father Sutkeitis addressed the congregation, advocating employment of Sisters of Mercy as teachers. As he was about to conclude, a man in the rear of the building sprang to his feet and shouted:

"We will not have sisters. They are not good women, and not being such, they should not be permitted to preside over the futures of our sons and daughters."

Congregation in Confusion.

The speaker, who at first seemed to be alone, was joined by two others, one of them being a member of the congregation. Instantly the meeting was thrown into confusion. As if a bomb had been hurled into the crowd, the parishioners sprang to their feet, and men ran toward the trio of trouble-makers. They refused to move. The priest's order to depart in peace did not move them, and they stood in the pew, hurling defiance at the angry crowd. They dared anybody to molest them.

A member of the church ran to the

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.

POWERS WORK FOR PEACE

France and England Have the Support of the Dreibund.

PESSIMISM AT TOKYO

Belief That Russia and Japan Are Too Far Apart to Reach Agreement.

WAR PREPARATIONS CONTINUE

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

London, Jan. 10.—All sorts of pressure is being brought to bear on Russia by France and England to get her to concede the Japanese demands. Small hope is entertained here, however, that this pressure will be effective. Russia has no intention of giving up her chance for an all-year open port in the Pacific, and she considers a naval station at Masampho, in southern Korea, to be essential. It is this latter, perhaps, which has done more than anything else to arouse Japan, who not unnaturally looks upon a fortified outpost, practically at her very doors, as intolerable.

It is not believed there will be open war during this week, though in the present state of tension an incident which would cause an explosion is liable to happen at any time, but all eyes are turned to Tokyo for the next move.

It is learned on the highest authority that it has been decided, in the event of war between Russia and Japan, that Germany will maintain strict neutrality and that other members of the dreibund will observe a similar attitude. The importance of this decision which, it is understood, will almost immediately be announced in some official manner in Berlin, cannot be overestimated. It will in a measure ensure that hostilities will be confined to the two powers concerned and it will be certain to give a great stimulus to the efforts which France and Great Britain are making in St. Petersburg and Tokyo, respectively, in favor of peace.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the Russian government has sent to the Chinese government a threat that Russia would immediately occupy Peking should China join forces with Japan. As a result the grand council has advised the throne to adopt a policy of neutrality.

Satisfactory Reply Not Expected.

TOKYO, Jan. 10.—(Special Cable.)—It is not expected that any satisfactory reply to Japan's last note will be received from Russia, if, indeed, any reply at all is received. In fact, the opinion prevails now that negotiations have reached an impasse and practically are closed. Japan has notified Russia of the least which will satisfy her and Russia has indicated the greatest length in the way of concessions she is willing to go. There is a wide gulf between the two positions which cannot be filled by diplomacy without a backdown. It can be stated with certainty that Japan will not recede an inch, and it is not believed Russia will. The greatest secrecy is maintained as to the movement of troops and warships.

It is an open secret that but for the influence of the mikado the last note would not have been sent to Russia and war probably would now be in progress. It is believed that it is the intention of the government to establish a protectorate over Korea as the next move and to back it up with all the force necessary. Then if Russia objects it will be up to her to try to drive Japan from the peninsula.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 10.—(Copyright Cable.)—Public opinion today is more optimistic on account of the more reserved attitude of England, and especially over the orders given to Rear Admiral Evans to keep away entirely from Japanese waters, but what inclines it toward pessimism is the extraordinary activity of the Japanese agents in buying war material in hot haste, capped by the rumored purchase of the Cramp-built cruiser Medjidia.

Alexieff Has the Situation.

One of Russia's well-known generals, a grand duke, said the emperor had finally decided to leave the issue of war and peace entirely in the hands of Admiral Alexieff and allow him to take hostile action at any moment he may see fit.

The most reliable news received here is that the mass of Russian troops in the far east are concentrated at Vladivostock or on the northern frontier of Korea. A traveler, who has lately returned from

Continued on Second Page, First Column.

Pittsburgh Victim of Wreck of the Pacific Steamer Clallam

HOMER H. SWANEY.

LOCAL VICTIM OF WRECK HAD SUCCESSFUL CAREER

Attorney Homer H. Swaney Introduced the Iron and Steel Industry Into the Far Northwest—Completed Many Projects Hereabout.

Homer H. Swaney, who lost his life in the wreck of the ill-fated steamer Clallam, in the Pacific ocean Saturday, was a well-known member of the Allegheny county bar and was connected with many local financial enterprises. Four years ago he went to Washington state and established the first blast furnaces around there, being general manager of the Pacific Steel Company, which was organized by Western Pennsylvania capitalists. His relatives in McKeesport last night received a telegram confirming the news of Mr. Swaney's death.

During the Christmas holidays Mr. Swaney visited his friends here, and had been in his western home only a few days when he undertook his last journey, intending to go from Seattle to Victoria, B. C., to complete the purchase of iron mines. He had left his wife and two little sons at his residence in Seattle and expected to be gone over a fortnight.

Mr. Swaney was the son of John and Mrs. Sallie Swaney and was born on a farm near Hookstown, Beaver county, 48 years ago. He was educated at Westminster college, New Wilmington, and was admitted to the bar nearly 20 years ago. He had his offices in Diamond street, Pittsburgh, but soon forsook active practice to become a financier. The extension of electric traction lines at that time offered him a wide field, and to him is given the credit of giving McKeesport short line traction facilities across the country from the city.

The deceased was one of the fathers of traction parks about Pittsburgh and first brought Calhoun park into prominence as an amusement resort. He promoted the White traction line, which first connected McKeesport with the borough of Duquesne. He was instrumental in building the Versailles traction line, the McKeesport and Duquesne bridge, the Fifth avenue bridge, McKeesport; the Boston (Pa.) bridge, the bridge across the Monongahela river at Suter station and the Ohio river bridge at East Liverpool, O.

About four years ago Mr. Swaney went to the Pacific coast and did not fail to see the possibilities of the iron and steel industry in that new country. With E. P. Douglas, J. C. Smith, John W. Fabiter, James L. Devenny and several others of McKeesport, he projected the Pacific Steel Company. A plant was built at Irondale, near Port Townsend, Wash. Here, in 1902, his wife, Mrs. Mildred E. Swaney, applied the torch to the first blast furnace in that section, and from the beginning the enterprise was blessed with success. Improvements were made and the concern grew to the magnitude of one of the greatest industries in that region. A plant for the manufacture of "shapes" and "angles" was just completed and was ready to be opened for operation.

In 1898 Mr. Swaney married Miss Mildred E. Fish, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. B. F. Fish of McKeesport. They have two sons, Homer H., Jr., aged two years, and Benjamin F., aged one year. When his partners, Messrs. Smith and Douglas, saw Mr. Swaney's name among the victims of the Clallam disaster they sent telegrams to secure confirmation or denial of the report. In the meantime a telegram from Mrs. Swaney stated that the report was true.

Mr. Swaney is survived by two brothers, Robert M. and Jehial Swaney, farmers, of Hookstown, and two sisters, Mrs. John Hall of East Liverpool and Mrs. William Cooper, the wife of a United Presbyterian clergyman of New Wilmington. Mr. and Mrs. Fish will probably leave at once for the Pacific coast to remain with their daughter during her bereavement.

Mr. Swaney hoped to spend the last days of his life at the scene of his old home. On his last visit here he said to a cousin:

"The coast has great possibilities, and I have been remarkably successful in business, but some day I want to come back to old Pennsylvania. There's something about these green hills that is more attractive than the west with all its riches. The happiest day of my life will be when I can retire and come back to my old home and mingle again with the neighbors of my boyhood."

A special from Butler last night announced that Rev. Willis J. Cooper, the pastor of the Shiloh United Presbyterian church, five miles southeast of Butler, received a telegram from his son, Rev. Robert Cooper, of Seattle, Wash., stating that Homer Swaney, a grandson, had been lost in the wreck of the steamer Clallam in Puget sound. The Rev. W. J. Cooper's two sons, the Rev. Robert Cooper and the Rev. John Cooper, are both located in the northeast.

MAN GROUND TO DEATH; HIS WIFE BADLY HURT

Sleighriding Tragedy at Dangerous Crossing Near Latrobe.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LATROBE, PA., Jan. 10.—Charles Capatoni was killed and his wife probably fatally injured tonight while sleighing at Bradenville, their sleigh being run down by a freight train at the Pennsylvania crossing.

At this point there is a sharp curve, the tracks twisting behind an embankment, obstructing the view of approaching trains. Capatoni reached the tracks just as a heavy eastbound freight train rushed from behind the hill. It crashed into the sleigh and instantly killed him and hurled Mrs. Capatoni over the embankment.

Both the woman's legs were broken and her internal injuries are such that her life is despaired. She was taken to the Westmoreland hospital at Greensburg and the body of Capatoni brought to a morgue here. The deceased was 30 years old and is survived by several children.

VATICAN FAILED TO PLEASE THE PEOPLE OF SPAIN

ROME, Jan. 10.—Vatican authorities are greatly displeased because of the Spanish demonstrations against Monsignor Nozaleda, former archbishop of Manila. It is said at the vatican that the appointment was intended to gratify the Spanish people, as Archbishop Nozaleda was one of Spain's own prelates who was struck most severely by the Spanish-American war and who through that war lost the prominent position which he held in the Philippines.

MAFIA GETS THE BLAME FOR DEATH AND INJURIES

Two Italians Are Supposed to Be Victims of Their Fellow Countrymen.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BEAVER, PA., Jan. 10.—The Italian Mafia is blamed for the death of Phillip Bufaline in the Beaver County General hospital, at Rochester, last night, and the serious injuries of Celestine Montini, who is at the same hospital with a bullet wound in his shoulder, a broken arm and a crushed hand. The men, aged about 25, were brothers-in-law. They had lived in a shanty at Ambridge and were employed at the plant of the American Bridge Company. They received their injuries on Christmas night in what was thought at the time to be an ordinary fight among the foreigners. Miss Blanche Clemens, superintendent of the hospital, has received a note written on a scrap of paper in Italian, which translated reads, "If the two Italians at your place die, all right; if they live, look out." "Mafia" was signed to the note. Dr. Lavelle received a threatening note apparently in the same writing to which he paid no attention.

According to the disconnected story told by Montini, a gang of half a dozen Italians broke into their shanty on Christmas night and attacked the two. Bufaline was struck over the head with a shovel, while clubs and revolvers were also used. Coroner J. R. Gormley and County Detective Bernard Lazarus are investigating the affair. Two Italians from Ambridge were lodged in jail December 26 on a charge of disorderly conduct. Detective Lazarus says that these two offered him $100 if he would get them out of jail.

MANY BLAST FURNACES WILL RESUME OPERATION

Orders Issued by United States Steel Corporation Presages the Starting Up of Steel Mills in Western Pennsylvania.

About 1,000 more men than were at work at Braddock last week will be on this week, and a large number at Rankin and Duquesne will be similarly affected by orders issued for blast furnaces of the United States Steel Corporation to start up. It is likely also that all of the steel mills of the corporation in Western Pennsylvania will resume operations to consume the output of the furnaces.

Orders were issued to the management of the Edgar Thomson steel works and blast furnaces at Braddock, the Carrie blast furnaces at Rankin and the Duquesne blast furnaces at Duquesne, to get the idle blast furnaces in shape for immediate resumption. Gen. Supt. Charles E. Dinkey of the Edgar Thomson plant immediately on Saturday had the furnaces prepared for the torch, all the expert furnacemen being called from their homes to get the blast ready.

There was not time for the usual formality of "blowing in," as there were several furnaces to be started up. These were H, J and K. Furnaces J and K were suspended only since the mills were closed. The rebuilding of H cost almost $200,000. Of the 11 furnaces at Braddock only one has been producing Bessemer iron during the last four weeks. Only two others were operating, A on ferromanganese and F on speigel. Yesterday furnace I was put in blast. Tomorrow or Wednesday furnace B will be put in blast again, and on Thursday stacks E and G will be relighted. C is to be practically rebuilt and will not be completed for at least three weeks.

Furnaces Nos. 1 and 2, at the Carrie plant at Rankin, are to be fired this week. The two other stacks at this plant have been operating. Two of the furnaces of the Carnegie Steel Company at Duquesne are out of blast and one of these will go on tomorrow or Wednesday and the other later in the week.

REBELS SHELL SAN DOMINGO

Government Forces Defeated in Battle at San Cristobal.

MANY FALL IN FIGHT

Message from Gen. Navarro to American Minister Seized by the Authorities.

POWELL REFUSES THE REQUEST

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

San Domingo, Friday, Jan. 8.—Revolutionists continue to fire shells into the city and several private dwellings have been damaged.

The revolutionists have defeated Gen. Castillo at San Cristobal, capturing two cannon and a considerable quantity of arms and ammunition. Many were killed and wounded in a fierce fight last night.

A man named Pierce, an American, entered the city today bearing a communication from Gen. Navarro, minister of war in the Jiminez government, to United States Minister Powell. The messenger was arrested by the government authorities, who took the message from him and sent him back. In his communication Gen. Navarro requested Minister Powell to intervene with the provisional government, but the minister refuses to treat with the general.

San Pedro de Macoria is quiet. The situation here remains unchanged, but matters are complicated because it is impossible to foresee the duration of the revolution or its outcome. Business in general is suffering in consequence.

ANARCHIST A DIRECTOR AT BIG SAENGERFEST

Detectives Continually Watched Him While President Roosevelt Was in Baltimore.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BALTIMORE, Jan. 10.—An anarchist of the worst type was one of the directors of the big German saengerfest held here last summer, which was attended by President Roosevelt and thousands of visitors. At the time there was great secrecy about the president's coming, the press not being informed of any of his prospective movements. He was smuggled in and out of the city. The reason is now apparent. Detectives never took their eyes off the director.

President Wieman of the saengerfest made this statement today: "About a week after the assassination of President McKinley a man came to me and told me he was supposed to find that I had on my board of directors an anarchist of the reddest type. The statement almost astounded me and I was loath to believe it until after the man had told me his story in full. My visitor said that on the night before he had attended an anarchist meeting and that the main speaker was one of my directors. He told me that the speech the man made was so bitter that he was compelled to leave the hall. I then realized how dangerous the director would be if allowed to pursue the work of his office with any vigor, and therefore decided to have as much of that work as possible done through other channels."

HE LOST HIS NERVE.

Double Murderer and Highwayman Weakened When Trying to Kill Himself.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, Jan. 10.—John M. Shockley today made a confession of the murder of Motorman Gleason and Conductor Brighton, who were shot and killed by a highwayman who attempted to rob their car, late Wednesday night. Shockley declares he had no intention of killing his victims, but they put up such a vigorous fight when he attempted to rob them that he was forced to shoot them in self-defense.

Shockley says he is heir to considerable property and he wants to sign this over, without reserve, to aid the families of his victims. He contemplated suicide but his nerve failed him when he placed the revolver to his head.

MORE COMING FROM KRUGER

Minister Says Murderer Will Make Another Confession Before Death.

SOME CREDIT STORIES

Sheriff Trescher Not Opposed to Reduction in Number of Spectators at Execution.

HE SECURES MORE DETAILS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

Greensburg, Pa., Jan. 10.—Over 200 persons crowded into the county jail at religious services this afternoon to see Charles E. Kruger, the murderer. He listened from the corridor to the Rev. William J. Coulston's sermon.

In a conference with Sheriff John H. Trescher, lasting over an hour, today, Kruger declared over and over again that he murdered John Blevins, the New Castle treasurer, and had lied when he told Detective Perkins that he did not. Trescher made another fruitless effort to get Kruger to disclose his accomplices in the Blevins murder.

Kruger will make another statement before he is hanged. The Rev. W. R. Corter, his spiritual adviser, admitted this much today, although he refused to discuss the authenticity of the confession. "Kruger will straighten all these things up before he is hanged," the minister said, "and we will get to the truth."

Kruger will be baptized on Tuesday and hanged on Thursday. Some Greensburg people have faith in his confessed crimes about Greensburg. Ex-Mayor Harry D. Coshey, who was interested in the investigation of the murder of Alexander McNaught, along the Pennsylvania railroad east of Greensburg in April, 1902, stated today that the description of the men who shot down McNaught fitted Kruger and Peter Mattern to a dot.

"I was at the McNaught home on the morning of the murder," said Mr. Coshey, "and the mother of the dead boy said that while she was milking the cows the night before she saw two men pass the stable door. They were not negroes, Mrs. McNaught said, but white men with their faces blackened. One of them was short and pronouncedly stooped, the other was rather tall and wiry."

Ex-Mayor Coshey is positive that the murderers were Kruger and Mattern and he cites the fact that Kruger in his confession of the plot to murder Supt. Richard Jamison and Paymaster Laurie Leasure of the Jamison Coal and Coke Company, said that they had planned to blacken their faces and lie in wait for them along the road.

The belief of ex-Mayor Coshey is shared by Sheriff Trescher. Mrs. McNaught will be brought to Greensburg to see Kruger. In other respects Kruger's confession in that it relates to Greensburg crimes has the earmarks of truth.

Sheriff Trescher will not oppose the making permanent the injunction to restrain him from permitting more persons to witness the execution than is permitted by law and the murderer will be hanged in the presence of less than a score of people. If the injunction proceedings had not been instituted the Ministerial association would have presented a like petition to the court. General complaint has been made in Greensburg because of the great number of passes issued, and in the First Presbyterian church tonight the Rev. Edwin S. Wallace preached to a large congregation on "Relics of Barbarism in Christian Civilization." He directed his sermon to those who had clamored for permits to the execution. He criticised the sheriff for the alacrity displayed in issuing passes and condemned the spirit of barbarism displayed by the applicants. The county authorities do not think that an attempt will be made to respite the doomed man. Kruger said today that he wanted to die on the day set by the governor.

ONE HUNDRED BULGARIANS KILLED DURING FIGHTING

SALONICA, Jan. 10.—A force of troops has been sent to Kumanova, 16 miles northeast of Uskub, where a strong Bulgarian band has invaded Turkish territory. Fighting is reported to have occurred at Kochana, 50 miles southeast of Uskub, the Bulgarians losing 100 killed.

FIERCE FLAMES BAFFLE THE WASHINGTON FIREMEN

Big Store and Office Building Gutted by Fire Sunday Morning, Entailing a Loss of $125,000—Adjoining Structures Threatened.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 10.—Fire broke out in the building owned by A. M. Brown on South Main street, opposite the Washington county court house, this morning and before it was under control the structure was gutted from the second story to the roof. The walls and the ground floor were not damaged, but the contents of the remaining portions were almost completely consumed.

The loss on the building and contents is about $125,000. The insurance covers two-thirds this amount. A. M. Brown, the owner of the building, is the heaviest loser.

The Brown building is a five-story brick. The first floor is occupied by the drygoods store of A. M. Brown and clothing store of A. Levino, the former owner of the building. The four upper stories are occupied as offices and contain 41 rooms. The tenants of these offices were heavy losers.

The fire was discovered at 8:30 o'clock, when smoke was seen issuing from the top of the building. When the fire department responded flames were pouring out of the building and it was impossible to save the structure. The firemen then turned to the work of saving the six-story building of the Washington Trust Company, and the three-story building of the A. B. Caldwell Company adjoining. From the roofs of the adjoining buildings the firemen operated the lines of hose and finally succeeded.

The fire was not completely extinguished until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The loss is estimated as follows: A. M. Brown, loss to building, $40,000, with $30,000 insurance; loss to store, $20,000, with $25,000 insurance; A. Levino, loss to store, $25,000, with $20,000 insurance; J. Vaughn, tenant in building, loss $10,000, with $1,500 insurance. Other tenants' loss is estimated at $25,000, with small amount of insurance.

The store of the A. B. Caldwell Company was slightly damaged by smoke. It was impossible to determine how the fire originated, but the theory advanced by Fire Chief Curran is that electric wires were responsible.

LARKIN SCORES HAYS' CABINET

Controller Declares Estimates Would Require Tax Levy of Over 27 Mills.

TEN MILLIONS ASKED

Accuses Administration Officials of Planning Raid on City Treasury.

TALKS OF BOODLE AND BRIBES

"That this lawless raid on your treasury should be permitted is a disgrace to the able-bodied citizens of this city, an insult to an intelligent, unbridled press and a brutal menace to your government. A town meeting should be called at once, a committee of the best men in this city should be appointed and money sufficient should be given them, as in St. Louis, Minneapolis, Chicago and other western cities, to detect and prosecute the boodlers, bribers and promoters of city schemes, no matter who they are or who are behind them. They should at once put men in the field in every ward for councils and then elect them. The people have the power. This is your city. Have a care for it."

In these words Controller John B. Larkin concluded a statement to the public yesterday in which he bitterly scored the present city administration and at the same time heaped praise upon his own office and the Orphans in common council for their alleged management of the city finances in the last two years. The controller declares that if appropriations for 1904 were made to meet the estimates presented by Mayor William B. Hays and his cabinet, a 27½-mill tax would be required upon the present valuations, or a tax of 19.6 mills upon a valuation increased $160,000,000 by the triennial assessment.

Estimates Equal to Last Year's.

The former city administration was denounced by the city controller last year because estimates were presented which would have required a 28-mill tax, if the controller and the finance committee had seen fit to make appropriations to meet the estimates. The estimates of the former administration, however, included every resolution introduced in councils for street repaving, which alone amounted to nearly $1,000,000.

It is the custom at the beginning of each year for councilmen to ask for money for street improvements in their respective wards, but this far from signifies that they expect to get what they ask. Although this large sum for street improvements last year was asked, the finance committee appropriated less than $100,000.

Notwithstanding that the fiscal year of 1903-04 is not quite ended, the controller declares that the year will close without a deficit and that his office, aided by the Orphans in common council, have saved the city $1,400,000 in two years. In bestowing this praise upon the Orphan councilmen the controller includes Thomas M. Brown, who is not identified with the Orphan movement, and he omits a number of members who steadily fought for economy at every stage.

Total Estimates Over Ten Millions.

The controller gives a list of the estimates asked by the various departments for 1904, also a list of other expenses, including judgments, assessments against the city, and various claims, which aggregate over $10,000,000. He insists that the appropriations for 1904 should be largely reduced without regard to the expected increase in the valuations, and he estimates that the increase in revenues, by reason of an expected increase of $160,000,000 in valuations, at a tax levy of 12 mills, will be $1,200,000. The controller's statement is as follows:

At a time like this, when values in real estate are being adjusted under the law and $1,500,000 additional city revenue seems possible, it is well to know how the revenue is to be disposed of. The great majority of the people of this city have no other thought than that all that is required for prudently progressive government shall be voted and levied whether the millage is 10 or 14.

Should Disregard Violations.

In other words, the requirement of thoughtful, considerate men selected by the people to represent them in their public matters should be carefully considered and short appropriations added to, while long ones are taken from, as seems necessary. That should be done judiciously without regard to whether the valuation is $800,000,000 or $400,000,000, and no influence should intervene to decrease the legitimate wants of the city, except the consideration stated above. What are the wants?

The best measure of what we should have is what we have had, measuring what we should spend by what we have spent. Fortunately for the people, we have now two measuring sticks, one used by the old ring, the other by a reform administration, and between them a fair idea of what is right or wrong can be approximated.

In 1901, the appropriations by councils for necessary expenses of the city amounted to $6,758,626.72, with a 15-mill tax levy to provide for that expense. The result was that at the end of the year the difference between the cash receipts and the appropriations footed up $1,120,016.

Expenses Steadily Growing.

In 1902, $6,007,307 was appropriated for current wants without increasing the levy, and no provision was made for the deficiency, although through an unremitting war of reform councilmen and an assault by the controller's office on the disbursements and paper balances the end of the fiscal year found a deficiency of less than $300,000.

At the beginning of this year $6,915,000 was appropriated with a 14-mill levy, to which was added $815,000 for downtown and East End water supply, depending upon a reform administration to so legislate and administer as to give the people a clean, up-to-date government and take enough during the year to close up the deficiency.

Thanks to Messrs. Stevenson, Rahr, Brown, Sahner, Wolf, Thomas O'Brien, Shaner, Scott, Shaw, Bolsaed, Boehner, Schad, McNeil and Wrynard, this work was practically accomplished, and for the first time in 17 years the administration will not only have lived within its appropriation, but had in two years with [illegible]

increase of tax levy cleaned up an old deficiency of $1,150,016 and the following items:

Given to extra water	$ 315,000
Increased pay of police	62,000
Increased pay of labor	30,000
Increase in education	145,000
Total	$1,652,016

Claims a Big Saving.

True, valuations had increased $9,000,000 in 1901 and $11,000,000 more in 1902, leaving $300,000 increase in revenues, leaving to the credit of the new government a saving of almost $1,400,000. There has been no such practical economy in 20 years, and while the saving was in progress the street lamps burned as brightly as ever before; the fire department was never more efficient; the police more vigilant; the streets were at least practically cleaned, and the people more satisfied.

"I reason this, and think the people will agree with me, that there should be a season of rest from these exactions and drains on the economies and savings of the homes, and a heroic effort made to decrease the cost of the annual necessities, no matter what the valuation is, and by laying out the cost down to what is right and just, make the millage equal to it and no more."

"Instead of this idea obtaining, the worst influences of a great city seem to have conspired to take from the people by foul or fair means all we have gained by decreased valuations.

The cunning promoters, daredevil plumsivers and slick, oily-tongued fakirs see a carnival ahead, and have their side-shows ready to unload the moment the new tax levy is in sight. Under one cloak or another, visible and invisible, and as vari-colored as Joseph's cloak, good, bad and indifferent, pruned and unpruned—none of them as large as a South African bubble, but all looking forward to a feast under the following items and amounts so far presented to the finance committee, with more to follow:

Total Estimates Up to Date.

Salaries	$ 112,500
Education	1,375,000
Interest on contracts	20,000
Department public safety, general office	30,230
Fire	687,558
Police and detectives	683,599
Electricity	64,130
Health	280,983
Surveys	35,740
Building inspection	12,699
Underground cables	85,000
Department public works, general office	12,170
Highways and sewers	479,432
City property	102,868
Water distribution	442,422
Water assessments	11,865
Light	378,719
Viewers	15,000
Parks	102,353
Snyder park	5,000
Bluff street park	16,000
Second avenue park	2,500
Department of charities	133,827
Department of assessors	37,440
Carnegie Library	158,000
Contingent fund	50,000
Street repaving	250,000
Finance	48,000
Printing	85,000
Elections	2,000
Bureau of construction	72,700
Refunding city taxes	2,000
Assessments against city	438,926
Claims for water extension	14,317
Firemen's relief fund	12,800
Refunding Center ave. assessments	588
Extension service water pipe	3,091
Repairs to Bond street bridge	2,500
Retaining wall, Stanton avenue	2,819
Olympia street improvement	1,000
Grading and paving 45th street	7,500
Diana alley	2,500
Thirty-third street repairs	138,268
G. A. R. Memorial day	1,400
National guard	9,500
Recreation grounds, act of '95	6,000
Bridge repairs, contract	58,676
Water extension, contract	113,576
Due on old contract	195,424
P. R. R. claim, note	200,000
Contested election costs	2,160
Retaining wall, Second avenue	5,000
Schenley memorial (proposed)	100,000
Free bathhouse, Soho	25,000
Judgments entered and costs, including balance on boulevards	1,065,797
Interest and taxes, city loans	876,414
Sinking fund provision	839,432
Total	$10,250,723

Twenty-Seven Mill Tax.

This includes every obligation, real or proposed, of this city, of record, outside of the funded debt, and requires 19.6 mills to discharge on a valuation of $420,000,000, or 27.5 mills on the old one. Of this amount something over $1,000,000, or 2.5 mills, are for old and pending street and boulevard claims, making the new demands, legitimate and illegitimate, necessary and spurious, honest and dishonest, equal to 17 mills on the new valuation. That this budget will be pressed on councils and railroaded through, if possible, there is no more doubt than that the ordinance authorizing the man I asked for to collect the $70,000 old and uncollected revenues due this city was quietly stowed away last year and unheard of since.

POWERS WORK FOR PEACE BETWEEN TWO NATIONS

Continued from First Page.

the far east, estimated that between 100,000 and 200,000 soldiers were in the vicinity of Vladivostock. He surmised that the Russians will occupy northern Korea, but thought that the possible collision was not imminent for a month or more, when taking into consideration distances and the difficulties of marching.

PEKING, Jan. 10.—Reports from Manchuria are to the effect that there is great military activity there. The railroads are bringing troops from Russia and the women and children at Port Arthur and Newchwang are preparing to leave. The Russian general at Newchwang has been called to Port Arthur for service. Every steamer for Japan is carrying the Japanese from north China who belong to the reserves. The Japanese censorship of military news gives opportunity for all kinds of rumors here, one of which is that Japanese troops have been landed at Fusan, Korea. As cable communication with Korea is through Japan, it is impossible to obtain reliable news.

ROME, Jan. 10.—The Italia says that Russian warships, sighted between Genoa and Spezzia yesterday, are believed to be spying on and following the Japanese cruisers Niasin and Kasaga, which left Genoa yesterday. It became known today that some unknown persons attempted to set the Niasin on fire by tampering with the electrical appliances.

NAPLES, Jan. 10—The Japanese cruisers Niasin and Kasaga arrived at Pozzuoi today and embarked heavy artillery and four torpedo boats. The warships then sailed for an unknown destination.

CZAR DRAMATICALLY DECLARES FOR PEACE

LONDON, Jan. 10.—(Copyright Cable.)—The Post's St. Petersburg correspondent says the emperor is throwing his influence into the scale of peace. The proceedings at a recent meeting of the Asiatic council were stormy and were ended dramatically. "Am I emperor of Russia or am I not?" the czar exclaimed, as he left the council chamber. "Am I emperor of peace or am I not?" The emperor afterward telegraphed Admiral Alexieff ordering him not to make any movement of troops or take any action whatever without the czar's direct personal commands.

DARING ESCAPE MADE BY A NOTED SWINDLER

He Unlocked Nine Prison Doors, Sawed Three Chains and Climbed a Wall.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Jan. 10.—William J. Reid, alias L. C. Hoffman, who is charged with swindling 32 hotels, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, of about $10,000 in 1902, and is now under sentences aggregating 10 years, broke jail here today under remarkable circumstances, and is still at large.

To accomplish his escape he unlocked nine doors and sawed through three chains, visited six different rooms of the county jail, passed in front of several guards and finally climbed an 18-foot wall. All this was done about 3 o'clock this morning, yet he was not missed until 7 o'clock. He was supposedly too weak to move without the use of a crutch, had been practically bedridden for three months, and so far as the prison officers know, had nothing but beef broth in all that time.

Sheriff B. P. Clark tonight made a thorough investigation, but he finds that many details of the escape are still unexplained. Reid was arrested in San Francisco under sensational circumstances in June, 1902, and after a legal battle was brought to Springfield. He was sentenced to four years and six months in the county jail for swindling hotels here.

Russian Sharpshooters Embarking For China on the Muskoa.

RUSSIA FAVORS OUR DESIRES

Wants "Open Door" in Manchuria—Not Yet in Position to Withdraw.

MUST HAVE PREDOMINANCE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—By an authority conversant with Russia's position in the far east and her attitude toward American interests there, the Associated Press today was given a statement, which was in part:

"Russia has repeatedly expressed her intention of assisting the development of commercial interests in Manchuria, knowing that the Chinese policy of the United States government is guided merely by an aim to develop trade and not by political ambition. Russia has shown her good faith by refraining from any action which would endanger the conclusion of the American-Chinese commercial treaty signed on October 8. That treaty has been ratified by the throne at Peking and thus through the medium of the United States the important ports of Mukden and Antung in Manchuria are opened to the commerce of the world. This is the 'open door' which has been a part of American and Russian policy since the boxer outrages, which necessitated the intervention of the powers and which materially changed conditions in Manchuria.

"Russia will certainly not submit to dictation at the hands of any power as to the protection of her legitimate interest in Manchuria. Negotiations are in progress between St. Petersburg and Peking in the effort to reach an argument adequately protecting the special or predominant influence exercised by Russia in Manchuria and which has been recognized by all the powers signatory to the peace protocol verbally or in writing. At the time of the signing of that convention it was Russia's hope that she could with safety withdraw her forces from Manchuria last October and leave the protection of her interests to China. In the meantime, however, it was clearly demonstrated that the guarantees offered by China were wholly insufficient and it became necessary for the Russian government to ask for additional guarantees. Until these have been arranged for, the Russian government cannot be expected to withdraw from Manchuria and thus menace the many Russian lives and forfeit the $250,000,000 which have been spent there in the civilization and development of that province.

"Russia is ready and anxious to stimulate the development of foreign commerce in Manchuria. The growth of trade means the success of the Siberian railway. Russia believes, however, that this commercial development is possible without the establishment of spheres of political influence in the open ports. Russia's political influence in this territory, which lies on her borders, is and must be considered predominant."

MRS. SARAH O. CANAN DEAD.

She Was 82 and Belonged to a Pioneer Family of Bedford.

Mrs. Sarah Oster Canan, widow of the late Robert H. Canan, died late last night at her home in Fifth street, near Braddock avenue, Braddock. She was 82 years old and was born in Bedford. Her father, Robert Oster, was a son of a pioneer settler of Bedford. In 1843 she was married to Robert H. Canan, who was revenue collector of Cambria county several years. She lived in Johnstown and removed to Braddock after the Johnstown flood. Her husband died in 1873. Mrs. Canan is survived by two sons, Robert H. and Charles H. of Johnstown, and two daughters, Mrs. Augusta Brubaker of Wilkinsburg and Miss Eva Canan. The body will be taken to Johnstown for burial.

DEMOCRATS WILL SELECT CHICAGO

National Committee Likely to Name Later Date Than Republican Convention.

GUFFEY DUE THIS MORNING

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The advance guard of the Democratic national committee is upon Washington. The Shoreham hotel, where the committee meets on Tuesday, is the rallying point. National Committeemen Williams of Massachusetts, Josephus Daniels of North Carolina and Taggert of Indiana are here. Committeeman Johnson of Kansas arrived tonight, and Committeeman Hughes of Maine, and Guffey of Pennsylvania, will reach here early in the morning. From then on until the time of meeting on Tuesday, there will be a steady stream of arrivals. Chairman Jones of the committee said tonight that the entire membership, with the exception of the members from Alaska and Hawaii, would probably be present. There is a possibility, however, that the South Dakota committeeman will not arrive in time to attend the meeting.

By tomorrow night the "boomers" from Chicago, New York and St. Louis, the three candidates for the Democratic national convention, will be in the city.

Committeeman Taggert, who is accompanied by a large delegation of Indiana Democrats, said tonight that the western Democrats were for Chicago for the convention city. Indiana, he declared, would give her electoral vote to the Democratic nominee and that the Indiana Democrats were for harmony and the man who could get the votes.

Chicago, it is declared, is the most likely of the contesting cities to win the convention. It is also said that the time of the convention will be set about two weeks after the meeting of the Republican convention.

WAS IN THE PRISON PEN.

Survivor of the Andersonville Stockade Dead at His Home in Bellevernon.

BELLEVERNON, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Joseph Edwin Nutt, tax collector in North Bellevernon, died at his home early this morning. His health was broken as the result of eight months spent in Andersonville prison during the civil war.

The deceased was born near Brownsville in 1841. He enlisted in Company H, First Pennsylvania Cavalry, participating in the battles of Fredericksburg, Gettysburg and Appomattox. Six months before his three years were up he was captured. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. A. E. Warrensford of this place.

The late Capt. A. C. Nutt, murdered at Uniontown some years ago, was a brother. Mr. Nutt was prominent in Grand Army circles, was a member of McKean Commandery, Knights Templar, at Charleroi, and the Royal Arcanum. He was also a member of the Presbyterian church here for a number of years.

Building Burned at Canton.

CANTON, O., Jan. 10.—W. A. Kennedy's hardware store in North Market street was gutted by fire this afternoon. The stock, valued at from $20,000 to $25,000, with insurance of $17,500, is a total loss. An electric wire is supposed to have started the blaze. Capt. Albert Kigher of the fire department was seriously burned about the face and head by the bursting of a gas meter.

ENVOY BUCHANAN CHIEF SPEAKER

Banquet at Panama—Colombian Troops Arrive at St. Andrew's Island.

COLOMBIAN GUNBOAT IS BACK

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

PANAMA, Jan. 10.—An imposing banquet was tendered at the Central hotel last night to the diplomatic and consular representatives of the countries that have formally recognized the republic of Panama and to the naval officers now on the isthmus. Gen. Elliott and Col. Biddle, American officers, were present. Mr. William Buchanan, the United States envoy, made the principal speech.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—A dispatch to the navy department from Rear Admiral Coghlan, commanding the American naval forces on the Atlantic side of the isthmus of Panama, says that a sailing vessel which has just arrived at Colon, reports the arrival of 200 Colombian troops at St. Andrew's island. This island is off the coast of Nicaragua, but is a dependency of Colombia. Admiral Coghlan says this information confirms that which he had previously sent, in regard to the report of the landing of these troops. It is believed that the troops are those which left the mouth of the Atrata river some time ago, bound for the north. It is believed they went to St. Andrew's island to put down a secession movement, which it was announced had assumed some shape there."

A cablegram to the navy department today from Rear Admiral Glass, commanding the American naval forces at the isthmus of Panama, reports that the Colombian gunboat, Bogota, has returned to Buena Ventura, the cable port on the Colombian coast. The Bogota was reported leaving Buena Ventura going in a southerly direction some time ago, and it was believed she was on her way to Ecuador, though for what purpose was not known.

GENERAL REYES MADE PROTEST IN HIS NOTE

Secretary Hay's Answer to Second Communication on Same Lines as Contained in First.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Secretary Hay yesterday sent another communication to Gen. Rafael Reyes, the Colombian envoy, in response to his protest against the action of the United States regarding affairs on the isthmus of Panama. While state department officials decline to make any specific statement as to its nature it is understood that in a general way it follows the lines laid down in the reply to Gen. Reyes' first note, which practically declines to reopen the Panama question.

Gen. Reyes in his second note presented an emphatic formal protest against the action of the United States in Panama matters.

The matter of sending the correspondence with Gen. Reyes to the senate has not yet been determined by the president.

Gen. Reyes' last note also contained some reference to the submission of disputed points to arbitration, but state department officials say there is nothing in the present situation for The Hague tribunal, if any reference to that court was intended.

The suggestion was made tonight that possibly Gen. Reyes might remain in this country and make an effort to open diplomatic relations with the republic of Panama through its representative here, for the adjustment of such questions as the assumption by Panama of a portion of the exterior debt of Colombia. Some suggestion also has been made, though not officially, of a reunion of the two governments under the names of the republic of Colombia, Panama to have an autonomous government with absolute authority to deal with all questions relating to the control of canal matters.

CONTRACT CAME HERE.

Nine Gas Engines for Philadelphia Fire Department from Westinghouse Company.

At a cost of several hundred thousand dollars the Westinghouse Machine Company has just installed nine powerful gas engines for the city of Philadelphia which are to be used in supplying water to a series of mains for fire purposes. The pressure is great enough to force water to any part of the city, and by means of plugs and hose fire engines will be done away with. It is stated that a stream can be thrown to the highest buildings at the rate of 10,500 gallons per minute. The system is being watched with interest in all parts of the world.

As the power plant must be "cold" most of the time, steam engines were out of the question unless fire was kept under the boilers at all times. Gas engines were decided upon by the Philadelphia engineers, and after competitive tests the contract came to Pittsburgh. The engines aggregate 24,000 horse-power, pump 16,000,000 gallons of water per day and can be started within 15 seconds.

Wilkinsburg Pastor Resigns.

The Rev. John M. Moore, pastor of the Wilkinsburg Baptist church, yesterday offered his resignation, to take effect January 31. He will take up the pastorate of the Chicago Centennial Baptist church. His resignation was accepted, terminating a seven-years' charge in Wilkinsburg.

Connell May Be Seated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—It is announced that the committee on elections No. 2 will be ready to make a report to the house this week on the contested election case of Connell vs. Howell, from the Tenth (Scranton) Pennsylvania district. It is believed Connell will be seated.

THE SUNDAY GAZETTE WAS FILLED WITH NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

There was exclusive news on every page of The Sunday Gazette yesterday. Briefly summarized the story of the day's events follows:

The Democratic suggestion meeting in the Sixth ward, held in the Forbes street school, ended in a riot. Both the McTighe and Hermes factions claim the victory. Seventy policemen were on hand to preserve order. Suggestion meetings and primaries were held by both parties in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Charles E. Kruger, who confessed to the murder of City Treasurer John Blevins of New Castle, reiterates his statements and claims that he has killed nine men in his time.

Fifty-two lives were lost by the sinking of the steamer Clallam near Port Townsend, in the Pacific ocean.

Gen. Reyes, special envoy from Colombia, admits that his mission to Washington has been a failure. Troops threaten the isthmus and a clash may follow. Situation in far east points to war.

Gen. John B. Gordon, the famous ex-confederate leader, died at Miami, Fla., aged 71 years. Charles Foster, a former governor of Ohio and secretary of the treasury under President Benjamin Harrison, died at his home at Fostoria, O.

All the offices of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company will be removed to Pittsburgh this week.

Twenty-five railroad detectives are pursuing Ft. Wayne railway safe crackers.

The Elite laundry, in Allegheny, was burned, causing $25,000 loss.

W. J. Bryan, returning from Europe, was cheered at the steamship pier as the next Democratic presidential nominee. His political views are unchanged.

Developments in the Iroquois theater investigation show that audience was locked in galleries. Pittsburgh theaters will not be closed.

A little girl in Corry, while playing soldier, accidentally killed a brother and sister and wounded another sister.

President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh Baseball club will secure players calculated to make the local team a four-time pennant winner.

The Chinese emperor ratified the American and Japanese treaties of commerce with China. The Comte and Comtesse Castellane entertained German royalty at their chateau. The fortune of the late Princess Mathilde has been willed to Prince Louis Napoleon. It is valued at $400,000.

Mayor McClellan opposes higher salaries among the city officials and employes of Greater New York. Hot political campaign begins throughout Pennsylvania and Ohio.

New York weekly bank statement was favorable, showing an increase in surplus reserve of $5,145,100. Stock markets closed steadier. Rumors of another effort at peace negotiations in the far east caused a slump in the Chicago wheat pit.

The annual local billiard tourney will be held this week. Rich prizes attract many expert players.

AMERICAN FIRM LOST CONTRACT

United States Steel Corporation Refused Clause Proposed by London County Council.

WAS THE LOWEST BIDDER

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

The United States Steel Corporation, Lorain branch, was the lowest bidder out of 16 concerns, including American, English, Scotch, French and Belgian firms, for the large London county council slot rail contract. The tender was, however, rejected, as the Steel Corporation would not permit the insertion of the clause in the contract which provides for the infliction of a penalty should the rails not be delivered within the time stipulated. For the same reason the Steel Corporation bid for the supply of the track rails was thrown out.

The Steel Corporation's figures for the slot rails were £33,979. The accepted quotations, £36,461, were sent in by the Frothingham Iron and Steel Company of Doncaster, England. The Pennsylvania Steel Company bid £35,938. This concern suggested delivery in quantities insisted upon as far as shipments by steamer would allow. For the track rails the Lorain people bid £43,389, as against £43,748, the accepted tender of the British firm, Bolckow, Vaughan & Co., whose plant has recently been extensively installed with Westinghouse electrical equipment.

Following are the names of the bidders, their figures and the steel—Bessemer, basic or acid—which they suggested furnishing:

Slot rails:

The Lorain Steel Company, £33,979; will not accept penalty for delay in delivery.

P. & W. MacLellan, Glasgow, £34,067, basic Bessemer steel tendered for.

J. G. White & Co., London, £34,645, acid steel tendered for.

Belling & Lowe, London, £34,896, basic Bessemer steel.

Pennsylvania Steel Company bid £35,598, delivery in quantities given as far as shipments by steamer allow.

Frothingham Iron and Steel Company, Doncaster, £36,461, acid steel.

Bolckow, Vaughan & Co. of Middlesboro, £36,871, acid steel.

Steel, Peech & Tozer of Sheffield, £36,923.

A. Tenney & Co., London, £37,036.

Charles Frere, Jr., Brussels, £38,013, basic Bessemer steel.

M. Korten, London, £40,297, basic Bessemer steel.

Walter Scott, Leeds, £44,673, basic Bessemer steel.

Barrow Steel Company of Barrow, £47,748, acid steel.

P. & W. MacLellan, Glasgow, £48,254, acid steel.

Jacob Bros. & Co., London, £48,500, acid steel.

The Earl of Dudley's Round Oak Works, Brierley Hill, £49,755, acid steel.

The combined contracts call for about 12,500 tons of rails, including fastenings, conductors, ties, etc., which are required for the construction of the surface electric traction system now under way in and around the British metropolis.

CHAMBERLAIN AND DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE CLASH

British Leaders Have Acrimonious Correspondence Over the Liberal Unionist Association.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, Jan. 11.—An acrimonious correspondence between the duke of Devonshire and Joseph Chamberlain is published this morning. The duke, who is president of the Liberal Unionist association, formed at the time the Liberal party split on the home rule question, wrote to Mr. Chamberlain suggesting that the association should dissolve owing to the difficulty of locating the funds now that the party has become divided by the fiscal controversy.

Mr. Chamberlain in a long rejoinder said he thought it best to "let sleeping dogs die," but that if the duke of Devonshire wanted to make a fiscal test question he had "best take a vote of members of the association and let the defeated party retire."

The duke replied, objecting to such a violent disruption of the association and asking for a friendly discussion of the arrangements for dissolution.

Mr. Chamberlain closed the correspondence by announcing that as the duke will not accept his views he is determined to call a meeting on his own responsibility and that the course to be pursued will be decided at this meeting.

MOONSHINERS FIGHT.

Two Killed and Two Injured, at a Convention, Discussing Revenue Raids.

LEXINGTON, KY., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—At a convention of moonshiners on Bald Knob in the Cumberland mountains, on the line between Letcher and Pike counties, yesterday, two men were killed and two dangerously wounded. The "shiners" had met at Bill Williams' place and were discussing the revenue raids that have been going on for some weeks in the mountain counties.

The Vanovers and Howells fell out and a pitched battle followed, resulting in the death of John Vanover and James Howell. The factions had been on strained relations for some months.

ADDICKS ADMITS COMING SUIT FOR $4,000,000

WILMINGTON, DEL., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—J. Edward Addicks today confirmed a report that George W. Pepper of Philadelphia, receiver of the Bay State Gas Company, will soon bring suit against him for $4,000,000. Mr. Addicks will be asked to refund all moneys expended by the gas company for any purpose whatever since 1880, on the ground that the acts of the company from that date were illegal and that the company was dominated by Addicks.

KICKED HONOR GUEST OUT.

Slavs Turn on John O'Brien of McKees Rocks and Badly Beat Him.

Although a special guest at a Slavonic christening festivity at McKees Rocks last evening, John O'Brien, a bartender, was assaulted and thrown bodily from the house. There he lay for an hour until Tax Collector John Morgan picked him up. There was a bad wound on the back of his head.

The police raided the house, arresting John and Ella Novecovic, the hosts; John Skonic, who is alleged to have started the fight, and 16 others.

Looking for Frank Espeyeach.

The Pittsburgh detectives have been asked to look up Frank Espeyeach, who assisted Gabriel Hossea, the Sharon banker, to escape from the police on a train at Binghamton, N. Y., last week. Hossea was arrested on a charge of the embezzlement of $15,000 and was handcuffed to Espeyeach when they got away. Espeyeach is believed to be in this city. Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuade looked for Espeyeach last night. It is said he is penniless. He was seen in this city by Banker Hamory of Sharon.

Found Injured Lying in a Pit.

John Duno of Monessen was found yesterday morning in a pit in Painter's mill, West End, with a large gash in his face and a fractured jaw. He was unable to explain how he came to be injured. He was removed to the Homeopathic hospital and Special Officers Williams and Conner are investigating the case, as there is suspicion of foul play.

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Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Enterprise of The Sunday Gazette Brings Far East to Our Doors

The world-wide scope and immense resources of a great metropolitan newspaper were, perhaps, never better illustrated than in yesterday's issue of The Sunday Gazette. So closely interwoven have the interests of all nations of the world become that the impending Russo-Japanese war, remote as is the scene of the trouble, bids fair to set all Europe by the ears and was the dominant factor during the past week in the price of stocks in the United States. This country is vitally interested in the outcome of the trouble and thanks to the enterprise of The Gazette, its readers are kept as well informed regarding actual conditions on the other side of the Pacific as if the momentous events were transpiring in an adjoining county.

In yesterday's Gazette appears a splendid article by Stephen Bonsal, the famous war correspondent, in which the causes leading up to the trouble are clearly traced, the military and naval strength of the principals is compared in detail, as well as the fighting qualities of the two races. A tabulated list is given of the warships of Russia and Japan, together with their tonnage and location of each on January 1. The article is illustrated by nearly a full page of photographs of the officers and various branches of the land and naval forces of both nations. In an editorial the line-up of the nations of Europe is forecasted and the extent to which the United States is likely to be involved is set forth.

Among the editorials of wide general interest are "Strayed Into Queer Street," "War and Good Times," and "Moral Conflagration in the Theater." The fallacies of the critics of the government's Panama policy are exposed in "Moral Aspects of National Policy" by Henry Jones Ford.

Other contributions to the editorial section, which is a particularly strong and interesting number, are "The Mikado and His Subjects," by Stephen Bonsal; "An Indian Chief for the Senate," by George Barton; "Carlyle and His Wife," by Lady Blennerhasset, and "The Keystone Governors of Early Days," by Col. A. K. McClure.

Besides a lot of clever fiction and its usual features of special interest to women the Home Journal section presents a number of exceptionally good things including "Types of Club Women," "An English Woman's Lack of Pretty Manners," by Helen Mathers; "Japanese Art in American Homes," by Kate Greenleaf Locke, and an editorial on "Pittsburgh Lunchrooms for Women." The fashion articles are particularly good.

The news sections are enlivened by John Kendrick Bangs' "Genial Idiot" and Billy Burgundy's irresistible humor. And the comic section is funnier than ever.

PRIEST FEARS PLOTTERS AGAINST M'KINLEY

Continued from First Page.

parish house and telephoned to the South Thirteenth Street police station for assistance. Inspector E. J. Kennelly and Capt. J. N. Fredericks quickly dashed to a street car and rode to the church, and when they arrived the men had departed and the congregation dispersed. For the time being there was nothing for the officers to do.

The priest returned to his residence and remained for a time in seclusion. At the evening service the church was crowded. The three men were not in evidence.

His Life at Stake.

With impassioned voice the priest told the story to his people. He said that the disturbance had not been caused, as it seemed, by the introduction of the sister question, but in furtherance of a plot conceived by the anarchists of Pittsburgh to take his (Father Sutkeitis') life. It, he repeated, had long been declared forfeited.

"Two of those men were anarchists," cried the priest. "Their object in causing the disturbance was to kill me."

The members of his congregation were speechless when they heard this. Clearing his choking throat, Father Sutkeitis began the unfolding of the startling story which was to follow.

"There is a well-organized band of anarchists in this city," he continued. "Two of those men who were in my church today are members—nay, leaders of this band. How I have incurred their enmity I do not know. Still, when they kill a man like President McKinley, why not me, a humble priest?"

Explaining his reference to the Buffalo tragedy, Father Sutkeitis said:

Drew Lot to Kill McKinley.

"Those two men were engaged in the plot to kill the president. They have been anarchists for years. They were the intimates of Lawrence Plus. Plus, when the assassination was decided upon, drew the fatal card, and to him, of course, was delegated the murder which was to shock the whole civilized world. Plus refused to commit the deed. He fled to Michigan. There his death occurred some time later.

"This unfortunate young man was my college classmate in Russia. He was a brilliant man, but became associated with Nihilists and was forced to flee from the country. He came here later. I knew him in this city and learned of his connection with anarchists on this side of the Atlantic."

Father Sutkeitis said that the Forbes street house was a favorite meeting place for local plotters. Later in the night the priest consulted with Magistrate Joseph H. Vitchestain and warrants will be issued for the arrest of the suspects this morning. The third member of the party lives on the South Side and it is thought that he is not to be implicated in the alleged plot.

During the night there was no evidence of suspicious persons in the neighborhood of the parish house, but the police kept a close watch. Secret service officers will be notified and every effort will be used to unravel the plot.

KENNEDY A CANDIDATE.

Will Ask Beaver County Republicans to Return Him to the House.

NEW BRIGHTON, PA., Jan. 10.—Thomas L. Kennedy has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for assemblyman. The Beaver county primaries will be held on March 19.

Mr. Kennedy was a member of the house during the session of 1901, and was a candidate for renomination in the primaries of 1902, but was defeated by a narrow margin in a heated factional fight. He has long been an active Republican in Beaver county and believes that he is entitled to another term in the legislature. Mr. Kennedy has large business interests in the Beaver valley.

Citizens and Marines Fight.

NORFOLK, VA., Jan. 10.—As a result of a fight between citizens and marines at the Portsmouth ferry dock today, Lawson Cuddy and Joseph Flynn are in a hospital fatally cut, and Robert Dadden, Benjamin Marks, Frank Benedict and Joe Donahue, marines, are held by the police pending the result of the wounded men's injuries. The cause of the fight, which was participated in by 50 citizens and marines, is not known.

Mysterious Fire at Parkersburg.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Fire of mysterious origin early this morning damaged the grocery of H. B. Taylor and the Odd Fellows' hall to the extent of $5,000. This is supposed to be one of the many incendiary fires from which Parkersburg has suffered recently and a close watch is being kept.

To Fight Water Company.

Mass meetings are to be held this week by citizens of Crafton, Carnegie, Sheraden, Ingram and other Chartiers valley towns to inaugurate a campaign against the water supply. During the cold weather these boroughs were without water.

Grand Vizer of Persia Coming.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The household of the Persian minister is preparing for the arrival of the grand vizer of Persia, who is coming here as the personal representative of the shah.

Falling Off in License Applications.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Forty-four applications for wholesale and retail liquor licenses and one for brewer's license have been filed at Mercer, and Judge S. H. Miller will hand down his decision in the matter in February. The list is 28 less than that of last year.

East Onloans Appointed.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Adjt. Gen. A. B. Critchfield announced his appointments tonight. George T. Blake, East Liverpool, newspaper correspondent, and Mr. Julius Armstrong, Belmont county, were appointed clerks.

WOMEN MAKE APPEALS TO MAYOR AND COUNCILS

Ask That Measures Be Taken to Stop the Spread of Typhoid Fever.

Copies of resolutions passed by the Civic Club of Allegheny County at its last regular meeting, and also by the Permanent Civic Committee of Women's clubs at its regular monthly meeting, were forwarded to members of select council and to Mayor Hays on Saturday.

It is the opinion of these organizations that the delay in the consideration of this important question is due to the failure of select council to act thereon. The women's organizations ask the mayor that a special meeting of select council be called for the purpose of considering this matter, the communication saying, "so that it may be no longer delayed by the political reasons that attach to some other matters now pending before select council." In closing, the letter to the mayor says: "In all events, in whatever way it may be done, let some plan be devised whereby councils may take immediate action upon the question of a purer water supply."

The resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, Typhoid fever exists in our city to an alarming extent, amounting at present almost to an epidemic; and,

Whereas, It is almost universally conceded that an impure water supply is one of the most prolific sources of this dread malady, the appalling state of affairs prevailing at Butler furnishing the most recent and unanswerable argument in favor of this theory; and,

Whereas, The water supply furnished to the city of Pittsburgh is and has been long notoriously bad; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of select council be urged to take immediate steps toward providing a purer water supply for its people, which is the most important and vital matter now pending before that body, and one which demands consideration at their hands, even to the exclusion of all others; and that if there be no way in which action on this subject can be taken at its next regular meeting, a special meeting be called for the sole consideration of and taking decided action upon this most serious question.

FIRE CAUSED BY A COW BURNED DOWN STABLE

Several Small Blazes in the Two Cities Did Little Damage.

The inquisitiveness of a cow caused a fire which resulted in the total destruction of Charles Noel's barn, near Federal, early yesterday morning. A farm hand left a lantern hanging on a nail in the barn. A cow slipped her halter and while nosing about knocked the light into a pile of hay, setting fire to it. The men about the place succeeded in getting all the live stock out, but the barn was burned to the ground. The loss is about $1,300.

Smoke issuing from the Academy of Music building, Liberty avenue and Strawberry alley, caused an alarm of fire to be sent in last night. It was discovered that a heater in the basement of Carr's restaurant, which is under the auditorium of the theater, had set fire to the flooring. The flames were extinguished with a nominal loss.

The frame house occupied by the families of Robert Smith and Mary O'Brien at No. 4 Cass avenue, Allegheny, was damaged to the extent of $200 by fire last night. A box of coal left standing close to a grate ignited and set fire to the flooring.

An overheated gas stove set fire to a wooden partition in the residence of George Charles, 4621 Forbes street, yesterday afternoon, causing a trifling loss.

An alarm was sent in last night for a chimney fire at the residence of Patrick McNamara, 6389 Penn avenue.

OBJECTED TO PORK.

Dowie Found Fault With His Hosts' Menu and Silver Service.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Jan. 10.—John Alexander Dowie and his six deacons will leave here tomorrow for San Francisco, en route to Australia. He attended the opening of a hotel at a neighboring resort this morning and entered his protest against the lavish silver service and the stuffed pig on the menu.

This afternoon he addressed about 3,000 people in a local auditorium. His only reference to the prospective establishment of a Zion City and plantation on the Texas coast was contained in the statement that he might at some near date become a neighbor of the people of San Antonio.

Foster's Carriage to Be Vacant.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—At the inauguration of the state officers tomorrow the carriage in which the late former Gov. Charles Foster was to have ridden in the parade will appear in its appointed place, vacant and draped in mourning. The sudden demise of Mr. Foster has tinged the preparations for the inaugural with sadness.

Another Victim Dead.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Mike Janosik, another of the victims of the oil can explosion, have died shortly before midnight at the hospital. Frank Martinski, the child who dropped the oil can into the stove and caused the explosion, will likely recover.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease.

It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the vocal organs, disturbs the stomach.

It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

Hood's Pills are the best cathartic.

This Shield on the Box
WELSBACH QUALITY

Don't ask for a mantle—ask for a Genuine Welsbach with the Shield of Quality on the box. Five kinds—15, 20, 25, 30, 35 cents. All Dealers.

The Welsbach Store: 722 Penn Ave.

Positively Painless Extraction
VEG-O-ZON
Soothing and Safe as Sleep Makes This Certain.
Best Teeth $8 a Set
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work $5 The Best
Established Over 10 Years in the Same Place.
THE OLD RELIABLE
New York Dentists
COR. SIXTH AND LIBERTY STS.
Entrance on Liberty.
Open Nights Till 9. Sundays 10 to 3.

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Ask your Grocer

MICA AXLE GREASE lightens the load—shortens the road.
Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.
MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

DOCTOR GARDINER,
OSCILLATION
Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS
411 5th Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
HOURS—Daily, 9 to 1, 2 to 5 and 6 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 2.

RAILWAY WRECKS
Kill or maim thousands annually.
Carry an Accident Policy.
This may mean You.
$10,000 Death. $50.00 a week for injuries.
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Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1863.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron.
Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
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SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

EDUCATIONAL.
Duff's College
Gives a training that qualifies young men and women for entrance upon the actual duties of life. Fine appointments, an extended course of study, conducted by experienced teachers and practical business men. For circulars apply at the college office.
5th STREET AND LIBERTY AVENUE.

BRIGHT FLASHES CAUSED A PANIC

Fuses Blew Out in a Traction Car and 60 Passengers Fought for Quick Exit.

ALARMING CIRCUMSTANCES

The simple "blowing out" of two fuses on a traction car caused two separate panics among 60 passengers, a woman was knocked down and trampled upon and two women were cast into fainting fits. The flash of the fuses was terrifying enough, but the fact that the accident occurred on a steep hillside, where several cars have run away, doubtless did much to throw the passengers into panic.

It was about 11 o'clock Saturday night and on Brownsville avenue, that the accident happened. One of the cars of the Hilltop line was pulling up the grade, loaded with 60 passengers. Brownsville avenue is steep and full of curves rounding close to a cliff, anywhere from 50 to 200 feet high. Cars have run off the curves and the danger of disaster is so imminent that the Pittsburgh Railways Company has in some places planted big iron and wooden posts near the curves, to prevent a runaway car from plunging over the sidewalk and down the precipice, one or two cars having "taken" the deralling switches and plunged into the posts, battering the car and jolting the passengers.

These conditions are known to every regular passenger on the line, consequently when the fuse in front blew out everybody in the car was naturally strung up to the leaping pitch, and there was trouble. Just before the fuse burned somebody had opened the front door, and when the flash came it filled the motorman's cab with a sheet of flame that seemed to enter the cars.

Car Started Backward.

Half of the passengers jumped to their feet, and then the car began to move backward, while the conductor, who had run to the front of the car, yelled for somebody to pull down the trolley from the power wire. This order, coming from one who was safe out in the street, magnified the fears of the passengers, and there was a general stampede, only stopped when the motorman got the backward-moving car under control, and Dr. J. D. Criss, of 26 Washington avenue, who stood immovable in the aisle holding to a strap, called out that there was no danger.

The car waited until another car came along. The two were fastened together and the rear one tried to push the first car up the hill, but failed. Then the motorman of the disabled car passed through, telling the passengers that he would turn on half-power on the rear controller to help the pusher. This he did. The car proceeded upward about 200 yards, until in front of Cusick's grocery store, when the rear fuse blew out. There was no holding the passengers then. They broke for front and rear platforms, the women screaming, the children crying. Three passengers who stood on the rear platform say they felt the electric shock and when they tried to spring from the car their legs would not act, and they stuck there powerless until the rush of passengers tumbled them off into the street.

Woman's Face Was Bloody.

One woman was seen to emerge from the car with her face bloody. She said she had been knocked down and trampled upon, but she refused assistance and hurried away. Somebody happened to look into the car and saw two women sitting on the floor, both were in a swoon. They were carried into the grocery store, and Dr. Criss, who had been standing on the rear platform when the second fuse blew out and was carried off by the onrush of passengers, went to their relief. They were Mrs. Elizabeth Vogel of 703 Brownsville avenue and Mrs. George Kraus of McClain street. Mrs. Vogel recovered after a while and was assisted to her home, a block away, but Mrs. Kraus remained unconscious. Dr. Criss assured himself that her heart was strong and she was in no danger, and he went outside to wait for a car, but a cry that the woman was dying brought him back on a false alarm. Mr. Kraus assured the bystanders that his wife would be all right before long and declined with thanks Mrs. Cusick's offer to make up a bed for her. The woman remained in the swoon for 40 minutes and finally had to be taken home in a carriage.

In the meantime 10 cars had arrived and were blocked behind the disabled car. They were loaded with passengers returning from the theater and downtown, and the rumor gained that a terrible accident had happened. The neighborhood was full of excitement, the passengers flocking from the cars to learn about it. Finally the disabled car, then empty of passengers, was pushed up the hill, followed by the procession of cars.

Boys Had Stolen Goods.

Patrick Connelly, aged 15, of 304 Atwood street, Thomas Nester, aged 15, of Mt. Washington and William Shaffer of Liberty and Water street were arrested yesterday morning by Policemen William Muckel and Patrick Adams. During the night the store of the Pittsburgh Book and Stationery Company at 342 Third avenue was broken into and robbed of about $300 worth of goods. Toilet articles and stationery that had been stolen were found in bundles which the boys were carrying when arrested.

LESLIE WILL MAKE A DECISION

City Chairman to Determine Which Twentieth Ward Committee Is to Be Recognized.

CITIZENS BUSY THIS WEEK

So far but one contest has grown out of the Republican primaries. It comes from the Third ward, where it is claimed that there were many irregularities in the election. The ward committee has thrown out the vote of one district and will today formally present the case to the city committee.

City Chairman M. G. Leslie does not consider the Twentieth ward matter in the light of a contest. The question to be determined is which faction of the ward committee is the regular one. This will be decided by hearing the claims of both sides, and the one that has conformed to the rules will get the decision, and its ticket will be certified to the county commissioners for printing in the regular Republican column of the ballot.

While Chairman Leslie has not indicated in advance what his decision will be, it is the general opinion in organization circles that the ticket named by the Conner faction will be certified to the county commissioners. It is also believed that no matter what the decision may be, the side losing will go into the courts.

Citizens Will Have the Stage.

The Citizens party will have the center of the political stage this week. The party has been waiting for the Democrats to hold their suggestion meetings and appoint conference committees. Much of this work was done Saturday night, and numerous fusion deals will be put through tonight and tomorrow. If most of the remaining wards are disposed of by Wednesday, the city committee will meet on that date to pass upon any contests arising.

The Twentieth ward Citizens committee is to meet tonight to name the ticket selected by the Walters faction of the Republicans. The Democratic conference committee, of which John A. Staley is chairman, will also meet this evening. It is expected to indorse the councilmanic end of the ticket and two of the school directors. The Democrats will be given one school director, the ward assessor and a majority of the election boards.

The Twentieth ward Democrats are being told that they owe it to the Citizens to indorse their ticket. A table has been prepared showing that the Democrats have secured $49,000 worth of patronage in the ward, as against $17,000 for the Citizens. It is pointed out that James W. Clark, director of the department of charities and corrections, is the only Citizen holding one of the high-salaried positions, while the Democrats have Judge J. J. Miller, Register George H. Stengel and City Treasurer E. J. Frauenheim. The Democrats were also told that if they did not fuse they would not be given representation on the election boards.

Fourteenth Ward Citizens Tonight.

The Fourteenth ward Citizens will meet in the Soho school house this evening at 8 o'clock to nominate a ticket. The candidates will be chosen from this list, suggested a week ago: Common councilmen (four to be nominated), Christ Beckert, John Lauler, John Dimling, D. F. Crawford, E. B. McGraw, James Cain, W. J. Brennen, William Hahn, A. H. Patterson, W. P. Getty, M. J. Ehrenfeld, Michael McMorris, Charles Wilson, E. Y. Breck, Albert J. Strickler, B. H. Iuebbe, J. W. Harger. The first four are said to be slated. The suggestions for school director are James Cain, J. W. Harger, B. H. Iuebbe, Peter Leahney, W. H. Woods, C. K. Smith, M. J. Ehrenfeld; for ward assessor, Henry Wagner, N. B. Hofford, Bernard Fox, John Doyle, Daniel Moran.

The Democrats of the ward have nominated D. F. Crawford for common councilman and appointed a committee to fill the rest of the ticket.

The Orphans will open their council campaign in the city tomorrow night with a mass meeting in the Holmes school house, Fourteenth ward. The Citizens have decided to renominate Councilman Beehner in the Twenty-third ward. He will be the only Orphan councilman renamed by the Citizens.

Democratic primaries will be held Saturday in the Ninth, Twenty-seventh, Thirtieth and Thirty-fourth wards. In all of the others where nominations have not been made committees will perform the work unless 15 Democratic voters petition City Chairman James A. Clark for primaries.

No Decision in the Sixth.

In the Sixth ward contest Democratic City Chairman Clark will not make a decision between the Hermes and McTighe forces. The question will be passed up to the courts for determination. In the Thirteenth ward the action of the meeting presided over by James Kane will be sustained.

So far the Democrats have consumated fusion in the Third, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Twenty-second wards. In these wards conference committees have been appointed: First, Fourth, Twelfth, Second, Twenty-first, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-sixth, Eighteenth, Eleventh, Seventh, Eighth, Thirty-second, Twenty-sixth and Thirty-first. In the Thirty-third ward a suggestion meeting will be held Wednesday night.

The Citizens leaders will today try to straighten the tangle in the Eighth ward, where William McKelvey and Samuel Frankel want the nomination for select councilman. Frankel will be called in and urged to accept the common council nomination.

The Young Republicans of the Sixth ward are pleased with the straight ticket named by the Republicans Saturday night. Last evening a committee composed of P. Muldoon, John Kennedy and Jacob Pfiffer issued a statement indorsing the ticket on behalf of the Young Republicans.

Nineteenth Ward Republican Ticket.

The selection of a Republican ticket in the Nineteenth ward was left to a committee composed of John B. Barbour, Jr., D. L. Gillespie, W. W. Robinson, W. L. McCullagh, H. A. Lowrey and John W. Schlegel. The following were the recommendations to the ward committee, which were unanimously adopted:

Believing that the government of this city should be entrusted to men of integrity, morality and business ability, we beg to suggest the names of two gentlemen to represent us in common council, who will command the respect of the citizens of this ward, of every creed, nationality or political affiliation. Their home lives have been pure and clean and their business careers unblemished. In the conduct of all city business they will be, as in the past, mindful of the interests of the city and will follow the dictates of conscience, putting aside all sordid or personal feelings, for the good of the community. Feeling that the Republican party should be represented by good, straight Republicans, we suggest the nomination for common council of William J. Diehl and George D. DuBarry.

Believing that politics should be dissevered from one of the most vital points in our great government, the education of our little ones, we suggest the nomination for school directors of John C. Smith and Robert M. Sterrett.

Believing that an honest man can make honest assessments, we suggest the nomination for ward assessor of John F. McCartney.

Garbage Man Flourished Revolver.

John Spritt is being detained at Central station, Allegheny, charged with carrying concealed weapons. He is a driver for John Hastings, the Allegheny garbage collector, and was arrested on Saturday night for brandishing a revolver.

Threatened to Kill His Family.

Mike Stoher of 1603 East street, Allegheny, got drunk and, after smashing his furniture, threatened to kill the members of his family. He was locked up and yesterday morning paid a $25 fine.

FRANCHISE BILLS ARE TO BE REPORTED

Orphans Plan to Ignore Meeting of Joint Corporations Committee Last Thursday.

MEETINGS TODAY IN DOUBT

The fear that an attempt may be made to secure the passage of franchise bills will probably prevent a quorum of either branch of councils today, although it is the first regular meeting of the new year. John A. Murphy is ready to renew his motion for the withdrawal of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad ordinances from the rump corporations committee if there should be a meeting of the select branch, and the Wabash and other franchise ordinances will be taken from the joint corporations committee if there is a session of common council tonight.

The Orphans have planned to report the Wabash and other bills to common council tonight with an affirmative recommendation, regardless of the reconsideration of these measures at the meeting of the committee on Thursday. The Orphans contend that the meeting of the joint corporations committee on Thursday was illegal because the customary three days' notice was not given, and they will hold that the previous action of the committee at the meeting on the preceding Saturday is binding.

Upon this assumption the chairman of the committee, George W. McNeil, will undertake to report the ordinances to common council, just as if the committee had not met on Thursday. President C. S. Crawford will sustain Chairman McNeil and permit him to report the ordinances in the regular order, and action on the bills cannot be prevented unless an appeal is taken from the decision of the chair and the chair is not sustained. To avoid going on record, many of the Citizens prefer staying away from the meeting, and are thus likely to prevent a quorum.

President J. Smiley Wightman said yesterday that he did not know whether there would be a quorum of the select branch today or not.

"I see no good reason for not having a quorum," said President Wightman. "There is a great deal of important business to attend to. I am in favor of the passage of the Baltimore & Ohio ordinances, which have been long delayed, and I wish to aid their passage in every way within my power. There is also the filtration resolution lying on the desk of select council, which should be passed promptly because every move toward getting a supply of pure water is stopped until this resolution becomes a law."

SIX HOURS WITHOUT AID.

Slav Suffered from Broken Jaws and Severe Scalp Wounds Until Police Came.

After lying six hours in the house with both jaws broken and with several bad scalp wounds, without having received any medical attention all that time, John Szourlino, a Slav, was at last taken to the Charity hospital immediately on the police being notified. The man had fallen downstairs at a boarding house in Saxton alley, East End.

Half a dozen boarders in the house were arrested on suspicion that the man had been thrown downstairs. An investigation disproved this theory and the men were released.

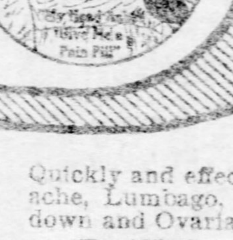
Changed the Meeting Place.

The Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania, which for a number of years has met in Carnegie library, has decided to change its location for its monthly meeting tomorrow night. This meeting will be held in the lecture room of the Second Presbyterian church, Penn avenue and Seventh street. The attendance has not been all that could be desired in Carnegie library and an improvement is looked for down town. The public is welcome at these meetings.

Kratz to Reach Home Tuesday.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 10.—Unless delayed by accident, Charles Kratz, the former councilman under indictment for alleged bribery, will arrive from Mexico tomorrow morning. Chief of Detectives Desmond and Sheriff Dickman are bringing him back on a requisition. Kratz will be immediately driven to the Four Courts building and kept there until the circuit court convenes, when he will be afforded opportunity to arrange for bond.

DR. MILES' Anti-Pain Pills



Pain Relieve Pain

Quickly and effectively in all cases of Nervous and Sick Headache, Lumbago, Sea and Car-Sickness, Irritability, Bearing-down and Ovarian Pains.

"Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills have given me such prompt relief from headache and other pains that I am never without them."—HARRY H. WEAVER, Carlisle, Pa.

"I have used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for some time in cases of severe headache, and they give almost instant relief. I am very grateful for the benefit derived, and heartily recommend them."—MRS. H. C. CRUM, Waynesboro, Penn.

"I had sickheadache frequently for three years, suffering intensely, without obtaining any relief from the treatment of several doctors. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills two years ago, and they removed the pain at once. When I feel symptoms of headache, I take one pill before retiring, and I am all right in the morning. I have suffered with headache but once during that time, and then I did not have the Pills with me."—JACOB SANDUSKEY, Erie, Pa.

Pills Cure Headache

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Backache, LaGrippe, Pain in Stomach, Ague Pains, Indigestion, Dizziness, Nervousness and Sleeplessness.

"I was urged to try Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for neuralgia, which I did, and received immediate relief."—M. HADY, Meyersdale, Pa.

"Severe pain in the head, nausea, aches and pains all through the body, followed by nervous prostration, was a condition quite frequent until my husband began using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. In fifteen minutes after taking the first dose he felt better, and was soon entirely cured. We would not be without them. I use them myself, and give them to my children, and they have saved many doctor bills."—MRS. P. W. DEPPEN, Shamokin, Pa.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by all druggists, 25 cents a box, under a positive guarantee that the first box will benefit or money refunded

The Genuine Dr. Miles' Remedies are never sold at cut prices.

WARNING—Do not accept Dr. Miles' Remedies in wrappers damaged by cutting or otherwise mutilated.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings

SMITHFIELD ST. & FOURTH AVE.

Pays on Savings Deposits of $1.00 Up

4% Interest Compounded Every Six Months.

BANKING BY MAIL. Booklet No. 26 explaining this safe, simple and satisfactory method of banking mailed to any address.

FOUNDED 1862.

Assets $14,000,000.00

ENGINEER HAS INVENTED A NEW TROLLEY TICKET

System Is Designed to Do Away With the Noisy and Troublesome Cash Register and to Give Company Better Returns.

Frederick W. Gillard, one of the engineers of the Wabash extension, stationed at Steubenville, O., has invented and patented in the United States and Canada a system of street railway fare and transfer tickets which is designed to do away entirely with the present clock-like cash register system of keeping tab on the conductors. The plan has been brought to the attention of the executive officials of the Pittsburgh Railways Company and is being given consideration for local adoption. It is claimed for the new system that it gives protection to passengers and to the company alike from mistake or intentional fraud on the part of the conductors. It is a complaint often made that street car conductors absorb a very large proportion of the company's income. It was the discovery of enormous peculations of this kind on the Brooklyn Traction system that led Mr. Gillard to give his attention to a better system of protection and resulted in the invention of the new system.

The system is in brief two pads, one for a cash fare without transfer and the other for cash fare when a transfer is asked. Each pad, which is slightly longer than the present transfer pads, contains 50 tickets and for convenience the two kinds are fastened together at their backs, thus requiring the conductor to carry but the one package.

The cash fare pad consists of two perforated sections, the accounting stub and the fare receipt. As the nickel is paid, the passenger is given the receipt, thus protecting him from being called upon for a further second fare. The stub is so printed as to show at all times the total number of receipts that have been given out, the amount of money that the conductor should therefore have, and the value of the tickets yet remaining. The stub acts as a fare register without the noise and trouble of the mechanical fare register, a device that, as everyone knows, is constantly getting out of order and at the best is a noisy nuisance. Incidentally it has proved a very easy matter, in crowded cars especially, to "work" the cash register very successfully when the conductor needed a little extra income.

In case a transfer is desired, the conductor upon receipt of fare detaches two of the three sections that make up this ticket. The stub still shows the amount collected, as in the case where no transfer is wanted. One detached section is the usual transfer, punched in accordance with the time and the line to be used. The other section is a receipt for the transfer which is left to the passenger by the conductor on the car to which the transfer is given. This settles once for all the question of passengers asking for transfers as soon as fare is paid and ends the delays that come with waiting for transfers at the junction point. It cuts out also all trafficking in transfers between conductors and outsiders, as the transfers have a cash value and must be accounted for.

Tonight at 8, Germaine the Magician, Allegheny Carnegie hall. 25 cents.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Snow. Monday, January 11, 1904.

The Second Week of Our Great January Clearance

This clearance is now prominently before the public, and a flattering portion of that public is taking advantage of it. It is a time when all classes like to revel among the big bargains, and we are free to say that the bargains in this clearance are the most pronounced we ever asked the buying public to investigate. Along through this Monday bulletin are scattered evidences of our remarkable underprices for wanted goods, and there is also some news regarding entirely new goods which have a first showing today.

D. & J. Anderson's Madras, 25c a Yard.

There's a bit of news for women to study well. This Anderson madras is the kind that always sells for 40c and 50c a yard, and nobody ever heard, at this time of the year, of its being sold for less than regular prices.

And that's not all. There are other excellent makes of Scotch madras from which to choose at the price of 25c a yard.

All in fetching narrow stripes and in various other pretty mixtures of colors.

Altogether some 1,400 yards of this madras to sell at 25c a yard instead of 40c and 50c.

Opening of 1904 Embroideries.

No pleasanter task do we undertake than in the gathering of beautiful embroideries. This year our importations from St. Gall, ready for a first showing today, contain all the newest conceits in embroidery, including Teneriffe and Mexican drawn work, wheels for Motifs, new ideas in embroidered Motifs for the new strap effects, daintiest of dainty Nainsooks, sheerest of sheer Swisses and finest of fine Cambric.

The line is replete with everything from the narrow baby inserting and edging to the widest and boldest patterns for dresses.

Bringing this class of goods over in large quantities we are enabled to sell them for less prices than are ever quoted in the Greater City. Herewith a condensed list of prices:

Swiss Embroidery.

Or rather embroideries on Swiss, something that is an indispensable favorite.

Narrow Edges, 5c a yard, and up to 60c.
Wide Edges, 5c a yard and up to $2.00.
Insertings, 5c a yard and up to $1.50.
Galloons, 10c a yard and up to $3.50.
Motifs, 15c each and up to $1.00.
Allovers, 75c a yard and up to $6.00.
Flouncings, 27 inches, 75c a yard and up to $3.50.
Flouncings, 45 inches, $1.00 a yard and up to $5.00.

Nainsook Embroidery.

All widths of matched sets, from baby edges to 27-inch flouncings. All-Overs to match as well.

Edges, 2 to 4 inches, 5c to 75c a yard.
Edges, 4 to 7 inches, 10c to $2.00 a yard.
Insertings, 2 to 4 inches, 5c to $1.50 a yard.
Galloons, 10c to $2.50 a yard.
Motifs, 10c to $1.00 each.
Allovers, $1.00 to $5.00 a yard.

Cambric Embroideries.

Their popularity never wanes. They are one of the staples belonging to femininity.

Edgings, 2 to 4 inches, 5c to 25c a yard.
Edgings, 4 to 27 inches, 10c to $2.00 a yard.
Insertings, 2 to 5 inches, 5c to 75c a yard.
Galloons, 10c to $1.50 a yard.
Allovers, 50c to $2.50 a yard.

Valdenia Embroidery.

Known as embroidery with a lace edge. These Valdenia Embroideries are shown in styles that are most pleasing.

Edgings, 25c a yard and up to $2.50.
Double-edge Insertion, 25c to $2.00 a yard.

Lace Striped Allovers.

As the lace waist is again at the zenith of popularity these lace striped all-overs will help women to replenish their wardrobe.

$2.00 a yard and up to $6.00.

Flouncings.

An indispensable article of universal use.

9 inches wide, 50c to $1.00 a yard.
27 inches wide, $1.00 to $2.50 a yard.
45 inches wide, $2.00 to $6.00 a yard.

Blind Embroideries.

A name given to a class of embroidery in which there is absolutely no open work.

5c a yard and up to $1.50.

Unmade Embroidered Waist Patterns.

These will be more sought after the coming season than ever before. We have made every preparation to meet the demand, and as we never do anything by halves, you may count upon splendid assortments.

The prices are $2.50 and by easy range up to $18.00.

Our Clearance of Lace Curtains and Portieres.

What do you say to paying 25c a pair for Nottingham Curtains? Isn't that low enough? Isn't it a famous little price for curtains to put up to your window to which you don't care to attach anything very costly? That will show you how we are going about this clearance business. It is only one of many hundred other specimens.

Nottingham Curtains—at 25c a pair from 50c; at 75c a pair from $1.00; at $1.00 a pair from $1.50; at $1.25 a pair from $2.00; at $1.75 a pair from $2.50; at $2.00 a pair from $4.00 and so on up to the best.

Irish Point Lace Curtains, Point D'Arabe Lace Curtains, Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains, Brussels Point Lace Curtains and real Arabian Lace Curtains have their prices given as sharp a reduction as the foregoing.

Bonne Femme Curtains.

These are always sold by the single strip, and the reduced prices herewith given are for each curtain?

At $2.00 each, reduced from $3.00; at $2.50 each, reduced from $3.75; at $2.75 each, reduced from $4.00; at $3.00 each, reduced from $4.50, and on up to Bonne Femme Curtains at $8.00, reduced from $12.00.

Clearance of Portieres.

This collection of Portieres thrown out today for reduced prices comprises different materials and different styles.

Portieres at $4.50 a pair, reduced from $7.00; at $5.00, reduced from $7.50; at $5.50, reduced from $8.00; at $6.00, reduced from $9.00, and up to $35.00 Portieres, reduced to $22.00 a pair.

Infants' Wear—Remarkable Reductions.

For today there has been thrown out a number of Infants' Coats of cream Bedford Cord, Cashmere, Silk and Novelty Materials, all at greatly reduced prices. The price-cutting will also affect the following:

Short Coats in cream and colors—all the new shades, materials and styles. Sizes 1, 2 and 3 years. Coats that were $3.75 have been reduced to $2.00, and the reduction holds good all along the line to coats for $25.00 that were formerly $35.00.

Poke Bonnets—of silk and velvet, trimmed with ribbon and fur. All colors—tan, navy and cardinal, cadet and brown. All reduced, some one-third and others one-half off regular prices.

Infants' Slips—special things in long and short slips of nainsook, with round and square yoke of tucks and insertion—with or without ruffle around yoke. 50c each. Others at 75c, 85c and $1.00 each.

Gingham Dresses for the tots of 1, 2 and 3 years—plain and striped gingham. 50c, 75c and 85c.

Special Line of Damask Tablecloths and Napkins

direct to us from Dunfermline, Scotland, and for which we are going to charge you the smallest prices ever named for these finest of Scotch linens.

This January Linen Sale of ours surpasses any former occasion in the giving of magnificent linen bargains.

Tablecloths.

$2.00 each, $2.50 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2x2 yards.
$3.50 each, $5.00 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2x2 yards.
$4.45 each, $6.25 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2x2½ yards.
$6.00 each, $9.00 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x3 yards.
$8.00 each, $12.00 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x4 yards.
$10.50 each, $12.50 grade, for bleached Damask Tablecloths, 3x3 yards.

Damask Napkins.

60c a dozen—usually 85c—neat German dice Napkins, 15x18 inches.
85c a dozen—usually $1.00—bleached Damask Napkins, 17x17 inches.
$1.25 a dozen — usually $1.50 — bleached Damask Napkins, 20x20 inches.
$1.75 a dozen — usually $2.25 — bleached Damask Napkins, 22x22 inches.
$2.85 a dozen — usually $3.50 — bleached Damask Napkins, 24x24 inches.
$4.50 a dozen — usually $6.00 — bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.
$6.50 a dozen—usually $7.50 and $8.50 two grades of fine bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.
$9.50 a dozen—usually $11.50 and $12.50—very fine bleached Damask Napkins, in a large size.

Table Damasks.

35c a yard—usually 45c—heavy pure linen cream Table Damask, 68 inches wide.
50c a yard—usually 65c—heavy cream Table Damask, 64 inches wide.
45c a yard—usualy 60c—bleached Table Damask, 64 inches wide.
60c a yard—usually 75c—bleached Table Damask, 66 inches wide.
85c a yard—usually $1.00—bleached Table Damask, two widths, 68 and 72 inches.
$1.00 a yard — usually $1.25 — bleached Table Damask, two widths, 72 and 81 inches.
$1.25 a yard — usually $1.50 — bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide.
$1.50 a yard—usually $1.75 and $1.85—two grades of bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide.

Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Linen is the aristocratic bed covering, and as a rule costs quite a sum. But in this January Clearance we bring bed linens within the reach of everybody. Notice these quotations:

At $1.00 a pair, $1.25 and $1.50 grades, hemstitched linen Pillow Cases, in sizes 20x36 to 22½x36 inches.
At $1.00 each, $1.35 grade, hemstitched Linen Bolster Cases, 20x72 inches and 21x72 inches.
At $4.50 a pair, $5.50 grade, hemstitched linen Sheets, 72x96 inches.
At $9.00 a pair, $12.50 grade, hemstitched Linen Sheets, 90x96 inches.

Great Reductions in Oriental Rugs.

Without boasting we can say that our collection of Oriental Rugs is unsurpassed in this section of the country. We buy in original bale lots and thus the choicest specimens reach us. The other way of buying rugs is through the New York middlemen and importers. By this method the handsomest examples of the Oriental art are retained in the East and the balance finds its way westward. Another feature about buying direct is the saving of middlemen's profits. This saving is in your favor always. By way of quotation—

No. 2678. A beautiful parlor rug, made in Cassaba. This rug is all wool, is a genuine Turkish rug with green medallion center and pink and ivory artistically blended in the border and corners. Size, 11 ft. 4 inches by 7 ft. 11 inches. Original price $148.00, now reduced to $100.00.

No. 2686. This is a fine example of the Cassaba Rug—an all-over design, with green ground and pink and border—a beautiful parlor rug—10 ft. by 7 ft. 9 inches. Original price $136.00, now reduced to $85.00.

No. 4353. This rug shows a medallion center of green with ivory and pink tints, enlivening the corners and border—a beautiful rug—10 ft. by 7 ft. 9 inches. Original price $136.00, now reduced to $85.00.

No. 3080. Green, yellow and pink have been harmoniously commingled in this rug, designed after Moorish ideas. The best grade of Cassaba all-wool and vegetable dyes employed. Size, 11 ft. 5 inches by 9 ft. 2 inches. Original price $198.00, now reduced to $125.00.

No. 3082. Another handsome specimen of the genuine Cassaba—pink and green are the predominating tints. Size 12 ft. by 9 ft. 9 inches. Original price $265.00, now reduced to $165.00.

No. 3081. Pink, green and old gold have been interwoven as only the Oriental can weave yarn into art. This is a rug par excellence for the Music Room, in size 13 ft. 4 inches by 9 ft. 11 inches. Original price $265.00, now reduced to $165.00.

Our Clearance of Furniture.

In a clearance like this it will be readily understood that there are only, in many cases, one piece of a kind, and quotations are given only on single pieces.

At $7.00, reduced from $9.00, golden oak Writing Desk.
At $18.00, reduced from $23.00, mahogany Writing Desk.
At $20.00, reduced from $26.00, mahogany Writing Desk.
At $25.00, reduced from $35.00, Moorish Pedestal with box top.
At $20.00, reduced from $30.00, trimmed oak China Closet.
At $18.50, reduced from $35.00, Chair with parchment seat and back.
At $100.00, reduced from $175.00, four panel Gold Screen, glass top.
At $20.00, reduced from $30.00, inlaid mahogany Table.
At $40.00, reduced from $55.00, English Tea Table of fumed oak.
At $36.00, reduced from $72.00, mahogany Empire Chair, heavy brass mounting.
At $15.00, from $20.00, mahogany Corner Chair, upholstered seat.
At $12.00, from $17.00, decorated Folding Table.
At $30.00, from $40.00, Folding Mantel Bedstead of golden oak.
At $15.00, from $22.50, Boston Tea Table.
At $8.00, from $11.00, Antwerp Arm Rocker, wood seat and back.
At $20.00, from $32.00, Mission Morris Chair with cushion.
At $37.00 from $46.00, Settee of Antwerp oak, rush seat.
At $125.00, from $175.00, Secretary of English oak.
At $325.00, from $395.00, five-piece Bedroom Suite of plain mahogany.
At $13.75, from $27.50, Washstand of birdseye maple.
At $25.00, from $35.00, Table of solid mahogany, inlaid.
At $35.00, from $45.00, Work Table of solid mahogany, three drawers, drop leaves.
At $27.00, from $32.00, Work Table of solid mahogany, Chippendale style.
At $40.00, from $55.00, hand-carved Bookcase of solid mahogany.
At $60.00, from $110.00, Jackson style of mahogany Sofa, covered with fine wool tapestry.
At $110.00, from $175.00, George Washington Library Table of solid mahogany, size of top 35x72 inches, 8 drawers.
$95.00, from $120.00, Library Table, of solid mahogany, hand-carved legs, carved rope edge on top; 3 drawers; size of top, 35x54 inches.
At $72.00, from $95.00, Chiffonier of solid mahogany.
At $800.00, from $1,000.00, four-piece Bedroom Suite, each piece of solid mahogany, beautifuly inlaid, all hand-made.

PENN, FIFTH AND CECIL WAY.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING
AT 347 AND 349 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, INC'D., Owner and Publisher.
GEORGE T. OLIVER, President.
GEORGE S. OLIVER, Treasurer.
WILLIAM R. ROWE, Secretary and Manager.
WILLIAM S. SCOTT, Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post-office at Pittsburgh, Pa.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
BELL—Grant 108.
P. & A.—Main 1014-1015-1016.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, January 11, 1904.

Today Myron T. Herrick will be inaugurated governor of Ohio, succeeding Gov. Nash. During the week the Ohio legislature will re-elect Marcus A. Hanna senator in the congress of the United States. These are important events that have been ordered by a tremendous majority of the voters of Ohio in maintenance of Republican principles.

Senator Morgan's explanation of his reasons for holding up the Buchanan appointment is an ingenuous revelation of the magnitude of senatorial prerogative. The appointment was confirmed by the senate on December 17, but this action was reconsidered on motion of Senator Morgan. In Saturday's debate he said that he did this because the senate had acted on the appointment without his knowledge. This states the great doctrine of senatorial hold-up with exquisite candor. Nothing may be done except by unanimous consent, the constitution of the United States to the contrary notwithstanding.

Talleyrand's cynical remark that a man [illegible] who is faithful to his party must always be ready to change his principles is beautifully illustrated in the present attitude of the senate. When Cleveland sent Paramount Commissioner Blount to Hawaii, the Democrats defended his act and the Republicans condemned it. Now that Roosevelt does the same thing in the case of Panama, the Republicans defend the act and the Democrats condemn it. It is, however, a clear constitutional right of the president, whoever he may be. Cleveland was right and Roosevelt is right so far as the exercise of authority is concerned. There is, however, a vast difference in their objects. Cleveland sought to surrender American interests and Roosevelt seeks to maintain them.

Lieut. Gen. Samuel B. M. Young of Pittsburgh has been placed upon the retired list after years of faithful service to his country, and he is succeeded in command of the armies of the United States by Lieut. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, another veteran with a splendid record of unassuming service. Gen. Young retires in the fullness of years, with all the honors of military rank attainable in this republic, with the respect and esteem of his fellow officers and with the kind wishes of the secretary of war and the commander-in-chief. Pittsburgh, which claims him as a native son, adds its congratulations upon this happy rounding out of his career.

Postmaster General Payne's report is late on account of the pressure of work attendant upon the investigation of his department, but none the less interesting. Mr. Payne makes many recommendations for legislation. Among those that will attract instant attention are the post check currency; the prohibition of use of the mails to further guessing contests; prohibition of telegraph and express companies forwarding lottery business; admission of other than second-class mail in bulk without stamps affixed to each parcel; increase of salary for rural carriers and prohibiting them from doing an express package business, inquiry into the feasibility of using the telephone in connection with rural service. In the main these recommendations are good and congress should give them prompt and careful attention.

There was more of life in the Democratic suggestion meetings Saturday night than anyone had counted on. Obviously they had little party motive and no conception of the real purpose of such meetings. Several were riotous in the extreme. They had evidently been "packed" in opposite interests, with small attention to the Democracy of the participants. The result is to throw their proceedings into court with a fair chance that all the factions may be thrown out. A few years ago the Dauphin county court excluded a number of alleged nominations for state office on the ground that the proceedings were so disorderly that no one could possibly tell what the will of the majority of delegates had been. These Democratic gatherings may meet the same fate, and so far as we can see it will be no loss to the public if they do. There is no excuse for such monstrous perversion of nominating bodies.

Though the opposition to the Panama canal treaty has all the appearance of having degenerated into the effort of a faction of a minority to obstruct action by the United States senate, it continues with the hope, perhaps, that something may turn up to justify or let it down easy. It appears more singular every day that, while the opposition is composed of Democratic senators (except Senator Hoar), it is unsupported by any authoritative Democratic utterances, except those of the orators at the McClellan banquet, and is handicapped by the disapproval of two southern Democratic legislatures and one southern Democratic governor, who, it appears from the expressions of southern newspapers, voice the sentiment of the people of that section as certainly as they voice the sentiment of the people of the United States regardless of party. The handful of Democratic senators who are arrayed against the Panama treaty are in an embarrassing position, due to the fact that they shot first and asked questions afterward. They probably assumed, because their attack was directed against a Republican administration, that they could command the support of their party in the line of policy marked out by them, and that the party would unfalteringly follow where they led. Instead, however, the course of the administration has been generally approved as a national policy, bigger and broader than party lines, and those senators who committed themselves too soon and burned their bridges behind them are compelled to continue a hopeless struggle or plunge into the water and swim for the shore, unless some kind friend will open a safe line of retreat for them.

Hot Blast from Larkin.

City Controller John B. Larkin has issued another statement regarding the fiscal estimates for 1904. It is couched in burning words, an arraignment extraordinary of the city administrations past and present, ending with an appeal for a town meeting or an uprising of the people to prevent the looting of the municipal treasury. Mr. Larkin says the estimates would require a levy of more than 27 mills on the valuation basis of 1903 and nearly 20 mills on the new basis of the triennial assessment. He says this is grossly extravagant and advises radical action.

Undoubtedly there have been extravagances in the conduct of the municipal government. One of the most glaring was caused by the failure last spring to appropriate enough money for the proper conduct of the bureau of health, resulting in an expensive bond issue and for some time in inefficient sanitary measures. There are less extravagances caused by the maintenance of sinecures, or favoritism in purchases, or contracts, or what not. But Controller Larkin conspicuously omits specific designation of these. He yells extravagance in a very loud tone without [illegible]

[illegible] estimates mean nothing and comparisons with the totals of expenditure during other years are of no value. Appropriations have not always borne intimate relations with expenditures. Even last year closed with certain salaries not provided for, and the close of the fiscal year may find them still deficient. If there is extravagance in the lump sums of total estimates or appropriations it is to be found in specific items. If there is to be any intelligent cutting of the estimates the extravagance must be specifically located. When it is so located the people will respond to the protest against allowing it.

In making up the budgets last year the pruning was done on general principles for partisan purposes. The result was far from ideal. In addition to the necessity of a bond issue for the health bureau there were many transfers from one fund to another, indicating too close pruning in some spots and failure to prune as closely as might have been beneficial in others. Genuine reform on the line of economy can be effected upon exact knowledge only.

The proper measure of public expenditure is good service honestly rendered. It is not a mere question of mills on the dollar, assessed valuations or total appropriations. Horizontal cutting of estimates may compel rigid economy in spots, skimping of work and neglect of the public interest in others. In the language of the street, "this is no good way." If the controller desires decreased expenditures he should point out the particular items where money is likely to be wasted, and demand reform. He might begin with the water bureau, which is pumping millions of gallons monthly to make good reservoir leakage and which, by reason of the failure to meter the service, is run on an extremely extravagant plan in general. Holding back the cost of the meters is the antithesis of sound economy, though it may hold down the total of appropriations.

Not a Practical Question.

It is difficult to see what Colombia hopes to gain by appealing to a French court to prevent a transfer of the property of the Panama Canal Company to the United States. Even if the decree of the court should favor Colombia the fact would hardly delay the transfer. While such a decree might be of force in France against the officers and stockholders of the French corporation, it would cease to be of effect at the seacoast of Panama, and an agreement between Panama and the United States would quickly result in transfer of the canal strip and all rights to this country. In this way, the rights of the citizens of France would assume the status of an international claim, over which the French courts would have no jurisdiction. It would be wholly a matter between governments, and as France is favorable to the transfer of the canal to this country the diplomatic proceedings to arrange for the indemnification of the French shareholders would be merely a matter of form. The amount of the indemnity would be, naturally, the sum named in the agreement of sale, and after its payment there would be an end of the matter. As the sovereignty of Panama has been recognized by France, the whole thing is very simple. France looks now to the government of Panama and not to the government of Colombia for the safeguarding of the rights of French citizens on the isthmus. Recognition of sovereignty over the canal strip necessarily goes with recognition of the sovereignty of the whole country. The greater includes the less. The sovereignty of Colombia cannot be extinguished in the territory of Panama and continue on the strip. The sovereign power in possession is accountable and all else goes with its accountability. When Panama's accountability was accepted by France all the powers that had been exercised by Colombia on the isthmus were imputed by France to the new state. Though Colombia may be nominated on the bond with the canal company as the power that limits its right of sale, what is really meant is that no sale should take place without the consent of the sovereign. As the sovereign is not now Colombia, but Panama, it is proper to read Panama wherever the word Colombia occurs in the contract. The question raised by Colombia in the Paris court is, therefore, only of academic interest. It has no practical application to the ultimate settlement of all the questions involved. It is a mere quibble over words. The most it can do to embarrass either Panama or the United States is to furnish a little more ammunition for the minority in the United States senate that is opposing the will of the people.

A Period of Suspense.

Diplomatic negotiations between Russia and Japan have been renewed, and this was at the instance of Japan, whose ultimatum was reported to have been previously delivered. This fact does not, however, increase the hope of peace, as it is easily susceptible of interpretation as meaning that Japan is sparring for time. She has recently purchased two cruisers, which have sailed from Genoa watched by Russian warships ready to pounce upon them should war take place. To begin war before these cruisers got through the Suez canal and are met by Japanese naval support would make their purchase a useless waste of money. Under the circumstances delay now wears a sinister look. A better augury of peace would be the beginning of Japanese occupation of Korea without Russian opposition. That would imply a practical adjustment of differences.

It is now or never with Japan. Unless she can get a foothold upon the continent now she is not likely to do so when Russian power is consolidated and Korea has passed under Russian jurisdiction as Manchuria now is. Russian concessions to Japanese pretensions are understood to be coupled with conditions making them valueless. Russia reserves freedom of action in northern Korea and insists upon freedom to lease Masampho, the great harbor of southern Korea. This would give Russia another Port Arthur, threatening Japan itself, and commanding commerce between Japan and Korea. Japan cannot possibly accede to such conditions, and if Russia insists upon them it means war. Until recently Russia had kept in a position to avoid war without discredit, even if Japan began a forward movement in Korea, for it was officially announced that that in itself would not be regarded as an act of hostility. But matters have now assumed such a shape that acquiescence would mean a loss of prestige to which Russia would not submit. It must be admitted that the probabilities are now strongly on the side of war.

If war does take place those who expect it to begin by formal declaration will probably be disappointed. That is neither Russia's way nor Japan's way. With them war begins simply by beginning, and the first definite information that force has succeeded diplomacy in the settlement of the question may be the news of actual conflict. It has been thought that the war would begin on the sea, but while this is likely, there is nothing certain about it, save that when Japan does begin she will strike hard and quick. Her only chance of success lies in celerity of action.

With German imperial bonds in the lower nineties, it looks as if the German government would have to make some concessions to someone with regard to that $55,000,000 it wants to borrow.

It is the same principle that underlies the advice to prepare for war in time of peace which suggests the wisdom of preparing in mid-winter to make the summer playgrounds things of joy.

Secretary Root did not forget to eulogize Gen. Young on his retirement. This is another provocation for the sense of injury on the part of the friends of Gen. Miles.

Democratic senators who have separated themselves from Democratic sentiment on the Panama situation, want some one to throw them a plank.

With an increase of $118,000,000 in the money supply of the United States since a year ago, it is apparent that this country is in a strong position.

In Russia it is understood that Gen. Sleutchwosky, who has started for the far east, is not so much of a slouch as his name might indicate.

The bad condition of the city streets can't be altogether blamed on the street cleaning bureau. Providence had something to do with it.

From France comes an objection to the German text-book on history. In other words the French cannot see things with German eyes.

Kruger's claim to the infamy of killing old John Blevins is furiously resisted by persons who are committed to other theories.

Gen. Reyes admits failure of his mission to the United States. But Colombia does not yet admit that honor is lost.

It would be much easier for Mr. Gorman to fight the administration's Panama policy if he had his party with him.

Mr. Bryan is now due to catch up with the Marconi system. It will be interesting to hear what he thinks of it.

Mayor Wyman of Allegheny is not backward about asking for what he sees or about attempting to take it.

Democratic meetings of Saturday indicate a return of the good old days of that organization.

There is something to look forward to while the predicted boom in the stock market hangs fire.

While Russia and Japan continue to negotiate they are busier getting ready for the fight.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

You have heard it thunder, of course.

But do you know what thunder is, or what produces it?

We all know that it accompanies, or follows a flash of lightning, which is nothing more nor less than an electric spark from a heavily charged body, or cloud, to one less heavily charged.

But what makes the noise? That is one of the questions that has greatly bothered scientists for many, many years. However, it is not improbable that this stumper will be satisfactorily disposed of before long.

Prof. Trowbridge of Harvard has discovered that passing an electric spark of high electromotive force through a body of vapor causes a deafening noise. This he thinks is probably due to the explosion of the hydrogen and oxygen gases produced by the decomposition of water. He does not seem to be quite clear on this point, however; and yet the results of his experiments seem quite conclusive.

* * * * *

Several years ago, as some of our readers may remember, a similar explanation of thunder was given in this department, based on the fact that when hydrogen and oxygen gases are combined by means of combustion to form water, a sharp, deafening sort of crackling sound is heard.

It was argued that as the electric spark, or flash, which we call lightning, passed through the vapor and moisture which constitute clouds, it converted the hydrogen and oxygen gases into water by combustion in the same manner as shown by the teacher of chemistry in experimenting before his classes.

While the detonation, or sound, produced by the combustion of any two atoms of hydrogen and one of oxygen to form a molecule of water is not loud enough to attract attention, yet when billions of these occur in a single moment the noise becomes thunderous.

This theory was, to say the least, not favorably received at that time. In fact when given any attention by our scientists it was booted out of court, so to speak. And when repeated at a later period there were gentle hints to the effect that it is safer for a cobbler to stick to his last.

* * * * *

Now that a real scientist, or at least one who occupies a chair of science in Harvard college and is permitted to speak in the name of science, brings the subject before the public through the columns of a publication devoted to science, it may be safe to again speak of it in this column.

When previously mentioned it was not given as a conclusive scientific fact, but merely as a common sense explanation of a most common natural phenomenon.

Our own Brashear, who is a common sense scientist of a very high order, defines science as common sense. Therefore, we need have no quarrel with science nor scientists over it.

Following are excerpts from the paper by Prof. Trowbridge, which appeared in full in the Scientific American December 19 last:

* * * * *

"The experiments grew out of my long study of the spectrum of water vapor; and abandoning for the nonce the baffling study of the spectra of water vapor in glass and also quartz tubes, I resolved to study the spectrum produced by electrical discharges of great quantity in air saturated by moisture. In order to obtain such discharges I used a storage battery of 20,000 cells to charge large glass condensers. I also had a transformer constructed which was excited by an alternating current of 110 volts.

"At first sight it seems possible to study the spectrum of water vapor by causing electric sparks to pass from one surface of water to another—in other words, by employing water electrodes. It is, however, practically impossible to cause an electric spark of high electromotive force to leap from one surface of a liquid to another. For this reason it is rare that lightning strikes the surface of level water.

"I, therefore, having saturated two pieces of wood with distilled water, wrapped them with cotton-wool, which was also heavily saturated with distilled water. When such terminals were separated a distance of four inches, a torrent of extremely bright sparks leaped across the interval. The noise of the discharge was deafening, and the operator was compelled to stuff his ears [illegible] and, furthermore, to wrap a [illegible] around the [illegible]. The [illegible] sparks was increased by the [illegible] terminals from two inches to four. The deafening noise was probably caused by the explosion of the hydrogen and oxygen gases produced by the dissociation of the water vapor. The noise of lightning discharges is doubtless enhanced in the same manner by the presence of great moisture in the clouds."

* * * * *

When you stop and consider that this thunderous, deafening noise was caused by a four-inch spark and then compare that tiny, insignificant flash with a lightning spark from one to four miles long, with many sparks radiating from it, can you wonder at the loudness and massiveness of thunder?

We have no means of accurately, or even approximately, determining the amount of electric energy represented by a streak of lightning, or electric spark. However, it has been stated that it is many times greater than the combined energy developed by all the immense dynamos at Niagara. And it was said by one electrical engineer a year or two ago that all the dynamos in the two cities could hardly develop electric energy enough to produce a spark 40 feet long.

The greater wonder is that thunder is not more thunderous and deafening than it is.

However, this is merely a common sense view of the problem and not a scientific solution of it.

* * * * *

Since this experiment is easy to make, it might be well for our professors of chemistry, physics and applied science to make it for the entertainment of their classes, if nothing else. Anyway, there would be nothing lost by it, and it might, possibly, lead to the solution of this particular problem.

Although the solution might not add to the material welfare of mankind it would give very general satisfaction, for there is hardly a rational creature on earth, nor never has been one, that has not wondered what makes thunder; and probably none that has not asked many times what it is.

So, you see, it would be a source of very great satisfaction to all who live, as well as to all who may live, yourself and your posterity included.

The process of producing water is one of the most interesting of the many demonstrations given in the classroom or chemical laboratory. By adding the experiment described by Prof. Trowbridge it will be rendered all the more interesting. In fact it will lift it above the level of a mere experiment and give it a practical value, and possibly lead to making it a practicable process.

* * * * *

Speaking of lightning: haven't you noticed that following a sharp flash there is usually, if not invariably, an increased downpour of rain?

This has been accounted for by the great concussion in the air caused by the electric explosion—squeezing the water out of the clouds, as it were.

This was one of the arguments used by the rainmakers in support of their concussion theory. As you remember, their plan was to explode high explosives in the air, thereby disturbing the atmospheric equilibrium, and at the same time supplying a volume of vapor surcharged with nitrogen, to form a nucleus for a rain cloud.

May we not yet be able to make rain to order by the use of powerful storage batteries located on high hills and mountain peaks, from which sparks could be flashed through the air having sufficient energy to decompose the gases and convert the hydrogen and oxygen into water?

Anyway, it will be interesting, likewise instructive, to watch the progress of Prof. Trowbridge, and to speculate on the outcome.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Lives of all great men remind us
We can stir things here below,
If we'll only use the shovel
E'er the footprints pack the snow.
—Milwaukee Journal.

"On what day does Christmas come this year, pa?"

"Well, from the present outlook it will be along about the time I get the bills paid for last Christmas."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Wayward Henline—If I had my choice instead ov dis panhandlin' game, I'd like ter own a whisky distillery, six saloons an' a red auto-ermobile, an' nothin' ter do but smoke cigars, mix up in politics an' live 80 years.

Lowered Socks—Say, Hen, yer a wonder! Wid dat imaginashun uv yours you [illegible]—Judge.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Cornelius Vanderbilt is generally regarded as a representative young American. There has never been any question as to his public spirit. He is credited with having often expressed the opinion that it is the duty of young men of wealth to go into public life, not only as contributors to political funds, but as legislators and servants of the people. Now he is talked of as the Republican candidate for congress from the Thirteenth district of New York. His home is in that district. He might have represented his party in congress ere this had he chosen to accept a nomination in a district other than his own, but he has a clean-minded man's dislike of being referred to as a "carpet-bagger," and hence waited until there was an opening among his own neighbors. The only objection in sight is that his college chum and warm friend, Francis Burton Harrison, is now the Democratic representative from the Thirteenth. That means that if Cornelius should be nominated he would have to fight his old friend. While it may not make much difference to the people of that district whether they are represented at Washington by a Vanderbilt or a Harrison, it is an encouraging sign of present-day sentiment among wealthy young men that both are willing to take the responsibilities attached to a member of the house of representatives at Washington. It is significant that the Thirteenth congressional district, while now represented by a Democrat, is nominally Republican. If Cornelius should be nominated, there would be in all probability an exceedingly lively battle among the "silk stockings" of Fifth avenue and contiguous aristocratic thoroughfares.

Princely Salaries in New York Banks.

Young men who think that a position in a New York bank is a long step toward wealth should note the salaries paid to tellers and bookkeepers in some of those institutions. A teller in a Harlem bank ran away lately, $4,000 behind in his accounts. It has just been revealed that his salary was $18 weekly. A teller in another uptown bank who disappeared last summer was getting $18 a week.

Filling in the Meadows.

It will be news to many persons that the Hackensack meadows, the big expanse of swamp familiar to every Pittsburgher who goes into Jersey City, is being filled in at the rate of about three and a half acres a day. The whole expanse of the sunken meadows is some 10,000 acres. It is expected that within three years 3,000 acres of this surface will be filled in above high-water mark with an unyielding covering of sand and earth, so that factories and other buildings can be erected on it without the slightest chance of their being injured by floods. The value of the whole tract, when reclaimed, will be $18,000,000. At present it is worth nothing, except where railroads have built their lines across it here and there. If the meadows can be converted into dry land the mosquito problem will be reduced in magnitude, while the value of real estate in New Jersey will go up with a bound.

Methodists Discuss Decorum.

From Ocean Grove comes a wave of protest from Methodists against the old method of raising money for church purposes through sociables, cantatas and Santa Claus shows. It appears that even at Ocean Grove there is not a unanimous feeling of disapproval of this kind of thing. The fact that criticism has been aroused at all, however, proves that there is some dissatisfaction, and the matter was a subject of conversation in every Methodist church in this city today.

College Autos for Brooklyn.

Traveling conditions in Brooklyn are so bad that a college in that borough has taken into its own hands an attempt at improvement. It has ordered 12 large electrical automobiles in which pupils will be carried between the college and their homes daily. Twenty young men and co-eds can be accommodated in each machine. [illegible] and there will be no unnecessary [illegible] in the matter of education as far as this particular college is concerned. Meanwhile, other Brooklynites are freezing, grumbling and losing time in the cars in the same miserable old way.

Courts After "Shylocks."

The fining of two young women connected with a loan institution which demands usurious rates of interest has caused something of a commotion among New York "Shylocks." The judge, in fining the defendants, said he would imprison the next person convicted of the offense in his court. The loan firm was one of those that offer to lend money to salaried persons, charging some times as much as 100 per cent interest and using rough means to collect the money. New York has many of such money lenders who are exposed at intervals. But the necessities of clerks, working people and others of limited income assure a good business, and there are always plenty of these usurers operating, no matter how often a hue and cry is raised against them.

Prison for Swearing.

Five days in jail is the penalty for publicly using the word "d—n" in Far Rockaway. A man slipped on the ice there on Saturday, giving himself a jolt hard enough to warrant profanity anywhere else, even in decorous Pittsburgh. He relieved himself of the usual monosyllable, and was arrested. He says he will come to New York and give himself a cacophonous holiday when he has served his term in the lock-up.

Bishop Potter Is Hobbled.

Perhaps the most impatient man in New York this evening is Bishop H. C. Potter. He has been confined to his home with a disabled leg for a week and more, and his physicians will keep him in limbo for a long time to come. The patient is anxious to get well before the 26th, because on that day the Rev. David H. Greer will be consecrated as bishop-coadjutor. Bishop Potter has been looking forward to taking part in the ceremony. It is by no means certain that he will be well enough to do so, and as he sits fanning in his library one can imagine that he is expressing himself at intervals in as strong terms as his ecclesiastical character will permit.

Alexander Will Pass on Pictures.

These few months after Christmas belong to the artists. That is to say, there will be exhibitions and sales of pictures galore before the spring opens. The Society of American Artists will open their exhibition on March 26 and close May 1. This is always a show of world-wide interest. In the committee of selection this year is John W. Alexander. The exhibition will be at the Fine Arts galleries, in West Fifty-seventh street, and intending exhibitors must have their canvases there not later than March 11.

Bryan Is Popular.

Although William Jennings Bryan is not a presidential candidate this year—as yet, there is no doubt about his personal popularity. The hotel where he is sojourning has been fairly besieged by people who know him in his private capacity or admire him as a public man. His manner is charming, his fund of anecdote practically inexhaustible. Moreover, the spontaneity with which he will tell a good story suggests that he has no ulterior motive of a selfish nature. He is just a breezy, good-natured, out-of-doors American; that is all.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels during the past 48 hours:

Waldorf-Astoria.—D. Beech.

Holland.—Mrs. L. C. Phipps, Miss Phipps.

Herald Square.—P. B. Hyles, D. McCann, H. A. Hampton, Mrs. Hampton.

Navarre.—H. Feuchtwanger, J. M. Morrison.

Netherland.—Sylvanus M. Taylor, L. A. Behr.

Manhattan.—T. H. Given, T. E. Craig, Hay Walker, Miss Sallie McEwan, Robert Christy.

St. Denis.—J. N. Munson, Mrs. Munson, J. F. Albright, Mrs. Albright.

Fifth Avenue.—J. H. Milliken.

Victoria.—Miss Lidye Morrison, William Morrison, Mrs. Morrison.

Continental.—J. H. Mainwaring, C. E. Mackenzie.

Marlborough.—M. Bauer.

Plaza.—G. B. Boswell.

Bartholdi.—F. T. Schantz, Mrs. Schantz.

Continued Cruelty.

A young woman's club at Lincoln, Neb., visited the penitentiary and sang "Hiawatha" to the prisoners. The warden out there used to have Mr. Bryan make speeches to the convicts.—Washington Post.

Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The very deuce of a row has been stirred up here by the action of the cabinet in ruling that the hours of work in the departments must hereafter be seven instead of six and a half. Heretofore the clerks reported at 9 a. m., had half an hour for lunch and were off duty at 4 p. m. Now they must remain until 4:30, and that is what has stirred up the rumpus. In making this ruling the cabinet has done nothing more than enforce the law, which provides that a day's work in the government service must be at least seven hours long. The fact that this law has been violated for years and that the clerks and laborers have been getting half an hour a day the best of Uncle Sam, does not prevent these employes from raising a protest, which they are doing with a vim that is beginning to frighten some of the weaker-kneed members of congress.

Asked for More Clerks.

It was all brought about by the request of the heads of departments for additional clerks, these requests going to the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, which is now engaged upon the framing of the bill for appropriations for the legislative, judicial and executive departments. In reply to the requisition for more men, Representative Gillett of Massachusetts, a member of the subcommittee that is at work on the bill, sent to each member of the cabinet a letter calling attention to the fact that the present force of clerks is employed but six and a half hours a day instead of the minimum of seven hours prescribed by law, and are also given the afternoons before holidays and on Saturdays throughout the summer. When the cabinet met on Friday it was found that every member of it had received one of these letters, except the attorney general. Why Mr. Knox was excepted has not yet been explained, unless it is that he did not ask for more clerks. However, it was a condition and not a theory that confronted the cabinet and they proceeded to meet it in the only way that it could be met, and that was by deciding that the law must be observed. Hence the following day notices were posted in all the departments notifying the employes of the change in the working hours, which are to go into effect tomorrow.

Raised an Important Point.

A glance at the result of the this order shows that it is no trivial point, which Mr. Gillett raised. It is estimated that 100,000 employes of the government are affected by the order, and by lengthening their working hours by 30 minutes each day, 50,000 hours a day are gained by the government. This amounts to 2,000,000 days' labor annually and $7,000,000 in wages. Quite an item in the aggregate. The order applies to clerks and employes of every grade in all of the executive departments. It does not hit those located in the District of Columbia exclusively, but it applies to thousands of persons in other parts of the country. It is estimated that in the treasury department alone 30,000 people are affected.

Here in Washington the matter is taken seriously, and to listen to the discussion heard on the streets and in public places one would imagine that the rights of the people had been seriously invaded. But whatever sympathy the government employes get, they must secure here in the District of Columbia, for outside of this place it will be difficult to convince the public that a wrong has been done them by requiring them to work seven hours a day. The average bank clerk cannot hope to escape eight hours work a day, and if the books are obstinate and refuse to balance he may be forced to remain at his desk for 12 hours or longer.

Will Get Little Sympathy.

Eight and nine hours are the usual rule for workdays in offices all over the country, and in retail mercantile establishments 10 hours is often the rule. As for artisans who work at trades, the most they have ever hoped for was an eight-hour workday. Business men who find that the demands of their affairs require their personal attention for 12 or 15 hours a day will not be inclined to waste much sympathy upon the downtrodden government clerk who has to work seven hours. So it is that it will be difficult for the men and women who work for Uncle Sam to enlist the sympathy of the general public on this issue.

Some of the effects that are named as sure to follow the new ruling are: Railroads will be obliged to revise their afternoon train schedules; afternoon classes of colleges and law schools will be obliged to change their hours; hours of afternoon concerts and entertainments must be changed; business houses will be obliged to remain open longer. None of these effects will strike the average citizen as very terrible. The most important one is the disarranging of the hours for afternoon classes in the colleges and law schools of Washington. There are several hundred government clerks registered at these schools, attending lectures and recitations after the departments close, but it is hard to see how their work will be seriously interfered with.

Schools Can Change Hours.

No doubt the schools will be ready to fix the class hours half an hour later to accommodate those who are detained until 4:30 o'clock and at any rate the clerk who is drawing his salary from the government could scarcely object to the government considering its interests before his own. As for the train schedules, the concerts and the entertainments it may seem a pity to disarrange them, but by doing it the government saves $7,000,000, which may be regarded as some excuse. As a matter of fact the most important ground for objection has not yet been stated, for it would not look very well in print, but it is the point that is being debated more than any other. It is the fact that the new order will interfere very seriously with the attendance of the clerks at the baseball games. Heretofore the clerks were through work at 4 o'clock and the games were called at 4:45, which gave three quarters of an hour to get out to the grounds. This hour for calling the games is later than that observed in most cities, but it was fixed purposely to accommodate the government employes.

How much later it can be put back is a matter of opinion, but probably not later than 5 o'clock, and if this hour is fixed the fans among the clerks will be obliged to hustle out to the grounds, and even then may miss the first half of the first inning. In this case sympathy of the public may be aroused, for it is agreed pretty generally that work that interferes with attendance at baseball games occasionally is oppression. However, the government clerks will still have Saturday afternoons at their disposal and can utilize them to advantage for this purpose.

May Make Morning Hour Earlier.

It has been suggested that it would be more to the liking of a majority of the people affected to have the extra half hour tacked on the morning, beginning work at 8:30 instead of 9, and quitting at 4 o'clock, as usual. This would please the students better and would make a less radical change in the habits of the employes, merely requiring them to more closely emulate the lark in the matter of rising. It is probable that this change will be suggested to the cabinet members, and if it is found to be approved by a majority of the government employes it will likely be adopted. It would make little difference to the heads of departments whether they came to work half an hour earlier or worked half an hour later.

But the whole question has stirred up Washington more than some great question of politics would arouse the country, and the man who is in the habit of devoting from 10 to 15 hours a day to his business cannot absorb the enthusiasm of the people, who feel that they are imposed upon. Some of the chiefs of divisions have said that the new order would not result in any more work being done and would not relieve the necessity for additional clerks, but if this is the truth, it speaks ill for the capability of the government employes.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived January 10.

New York—Hekla from Christiana; La Savoie from Havre; New York from Southampton; Patricia from Hamburg; Umbria from Liverpool.
Boston—Romanic from Genoa.
Southampton—Philadelphia from New York.
Liverpool—Merion from Philadelphia.
Queenstown—Etruria from New York.

Sailed January 10.

Queenstown—Lucania for New York.
Boulogne—Amsterdam for New York.
Liverpool—Carthagenian for Philadelphia.
Antwerp—Kroonland for New York.
Moville—Ethopia for New York.
Lizard—Minnehaha (from New York) for London.

The Death Roll

Harry W. Holmes.

An illness of three years' duration terminated Saturday night in the death of Harry Winthrop Holmes, at his residence in Mildred street, Crafton. Mr. Holmes was born in Allegheny in 1853, and with the exception of a few years in Chicago and in Boston, where he was employed as bookkeeper, his entire life was spent in Pittsburgh and vicinity. For 15 years he was manager of the Pittsburgh branch of the Welsbach company, in which position he gained a reputation as an expert in all matters pertaining to lighting. About three years ago Mr. Holmes suffered an injury to the spine which brought about a peculiar form of paralysis. No remedy could be found for the affliction, the case being a puzzle to all the physicians who were consulted from time to time. Notwithstanding the many discouragements of prolonged illness the patient maintained a surprising hopefulness and cheerfulness. Mr. Holmes was a member of the First Presbyterian church of Crafton, also of the Royal Arcanum and the Englewood lodge, F. and A. M., of Chicago. He is survived by his widow (who before her marriage was Miss Amanda Hill), two daughters and one son, the children being: Mrs. Harry C. Graham, Miss Myrtle, soprano of the choir of Calvary M. E. church, Allegheny, and Chester Holmes.

Clara Helen Aeberli.

Clara Helen Aeberli, aged 28, a member of a well-known Allegheny family, is dead. Miss Aeberli was a daughter of the late Ferdinand and Christina Aeberli and was born in Allegheny. Four years ago she entered the training school for nurses at St. Timothy's hospital, Philadelphia, remaining there until two months ago, when she responded to the call for nurses to care for the fever patients at Butler. She was in charge of the Wagner emergency hospital until a week ago when stomach trouble of long standing made an operation necessary. She went to the Presbyterian hospital, Allegheny, where the operation was performed. She did not recover, and on Saturday evening passed away. The remains will be buried from the chapel of her brother, William A. Aeberli, 29 North Diamond street, Allegheny.

William Ward Reed.

William Ward Reed, son of the first white person born in Erie, died yesterday at the age of 79 years. He took an active part in the development of Western Pennsylvania before the civil war. He was born in Ashtabula, O., April 1, 1824, and was the grandson of Col. Seth Reed, who commanded a regiment at the battle of Bunker Hill. In his younger days he was a civil engineer and was the builder of the canal that connected Erie with Pittsburgh. He became secretary and treasurer of the company. In 1859 he was elected general superintendent of the canal, and in 1867 was chosen president of the first board of water commissioners, retaining the position for 12 years. He tried three successive times to secure the Republican nomination for congress, but was defeated by the other counties in the district.

Mrs. Sarah Gallinger.

Mrs. Sarah Gallinger, widow of Nathan Gallinger and a local resident for more than half a century, died yesterday afternoon at her home, 1206 Palo Alto street, Allegheny. She was born in Aschenhausen, Saxe-Weimar, Germany, on October 18, 1822, and came to America when 21 years of age. Since 1847 she has resided in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, being a member of the first Hebrew congregation organized in this city, and has always taken great interest in charitable work among the Israelites. She is survived by seven sons and four daughters.

Nancy Boyd.

Miss Nancy Boyd died last evening at the Home for the Aged in Wilkinsburg. She was 90 years old and belonged to an old family of Allegheny county, her father having been one of the earliest settlers of Ross township. The funeral services will be held at the Home for the Aged at 8 p. m. today. Miss Boyd will be buried in the family plot in Highland cemetery, at Perrysville.

Obituary Notes.

The death is announced in London of Mme. Antoinette Sterling, "Mrs. J. MacKinlay," the contralto ballad singer. She was born at Sterlingville, N. Y.

PERSONALS

Capt. L. B. Musgrove, general manager of the Alabama mines of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company, with headquarters at Jasper, Ala., is registered at the Hotel Henry. He is here to attend the meeting of the stockholders of that company tomorrow and to confer with the officers of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, which now controls the former concern. "The mines of our company in Alabama," said Capt. Musgrove yesterday, "are running full. The obstructions to navigation have resulted in cutting off much coal from Pittsburgh. This has drawn on the Alabama mines, and we are now working full capacity."

Col. Henry H. Prettyman of London, O., is in the city on business, being registered at the Lincoln. He was formerly on Gov. Bushnell's staff. Col. Prettyman said: "The inauguration of Myron T. Herrick as governor of Ohio recalls to my mind past events of that character. I was a member of Troop A of Cleveland, which will lead the procession. This troop took part in the inauguration of the late President McKinley as governor of Ohio. The bill introduced into the Ohio legislature that the governor's staff must be selected from the national guard is a commendable one. The governor will then have a staff of experienced soldiers instead of ornamental ones composed of business men or those with influence."

William T. Lechlider, formerly chief clerk to General Superintendent William C. Loree of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Lechlider has been made assistant to General Superintendent of Transportation Arthur Hale, and is here to arrange to take his family to Baltimore.

O. E. Hallam, a member of the Saeger Coal and Coke Company, returned last night from Chicago, where he had been on a business trip. He was in the Iroquois theater when the fire broke out. Speaking of the disaster, he said: "My brother and I were sitting in the fifth row from the rear. We saw the sparks flying onto the stage. The people became excited, but I expected them to calm down in a few seconds. Almost immediately a gush of flame came from the stage over the audience. Then the lights went out and the people made a mad rush for the different exits. We started for an opening, and, fortunately, it was not locked. We arrived in an alley, and not knowing the extent of what happened in the theater, made no attempt to rescue the unfortunate victims. My brother left his hat in the theater, and we went into a store to secure another one. When we came out the street was crowded and it was several minutes after that before we knew any persons lost their lives in the fire. I discovered shortly after that a hole was burned in the pocket of my overcoat. I saw women come out of the exits and jump to the ground. One woman dropped a small girl from the fire escape. A crowd of men caught her, and she was able to walk away. Several were injured by jumping."

Prof. J. P. Aschman of the state pure food department left for Altoona last night to give testimony in a number of suits against violators of the pure food laws.

L. O. Dukes of Buffalo, a manager of the American Bridge Company, is in the city on business and is registered at the Lincoln.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The residents of nearby towns registered at the local hotels last night were as follows:

Henry—T. Seiger, East Liverpool; F. R. Layry, Greenville; G. W. Morrens, Kane.
Griswold—G. M. Bradford, Mt. Morris.
Monongahela House—W. E. Offenbacher, Zanesville; H. J. H. McKean, Wilcox; C. J. James, Steubenville.
Anderson—J. Gunning, New Castle.
Seventh Avenue—W. T. Wooley, Kingwood; J. E. Yeager, Sharon; George McCook, Steubenville; H. B. Barth, East Liverpool.
Newell—T. Smith, Franklin.
Lincoln—J. C. Michaels, [illegible]
Colonial—H. E. Smith, [illegible]

FIERCE BATTLE WITH BIG WAVES

Two Ocean Greyhounds Limp into New York After Rough Passages.

ONE SEAMAN WAS DROWNED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The American line steamer New York, which arrived today from Southampton, was closely followed by the French line steamer La Savoie, 10 minutes being the difference in the time of arrival at the lightship. Both steamers encountered terrific gales and seas.

The New York had a severe gale from the north northwest, with violent squalls and high head seas on Wednesday. The ship had slowed down in the gale to secure some gear, when an enormous sea curled over the bow and swept overboard B. Comulisch, a seaman. A life buoy was sent after him and almost instantly Second Officer Keys, taking a turn about his body with a line, jumped into the sea after the seaman, who had in the meantime secured a hold on the buoy.

Before the second officer could get to the unfortunate man Comulisch lost his grasp on the buoy and disappeared. The second officer was then hauled on board. The New York brought $1,045,000 in specie.

La Savoie also caught the gale of Wednesday. At 11 o'clock that night a rolling wave of great height swept over the bow, dashed aft with tremendous force, smashed in the forward bulkhead of the smoking room under the bridge and flooded that compartment. The ship was slowed immediately. The passengers became alarmed at the staggering effect of the shock. The wave caused a hole about 12 feet across, rails and stanchions were also bent and broken, but no one was hurt.

Among the passengers of La Savoie was Santos Dumont, the aeronaut. He says he came here to complete arrangements for his forthcoming experiment with a dirigible balloon at the St. Louis exposition. Among the passengers who arrived on board the New York were Countess Pappenheim and Countess Pauline Pappenheim.

ODD TERMS OF A WILL THAT WERE TROUBLESOME

Eccentric Naturalist Had Heart Cut Out and Furnace Built to Burn Him.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Jan. 10.—The remarkable provisions of a will made 25 years ago have been brought to light through a letter to County Clerk James from Mrs. Robert Irving of 510 West One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, New York, asking for information regarding the disposition made of the estate of her grandfather, Dr. Charles Frederick Winslow, an eccentric naturalist, who died in this city in 1877, leaving a valuable estate.

This consisted mainly of personal property, including a large and valuable collection of shells, fossils, minerals, antiquities and rare books, three volumes of the latter alone valued at $10,000. An examination of the public records fails to disclose what became of this property. The will is dated May 3, 1876, and names Samuel Woodward (now deceased) as temporary administrator and Joseph Shippen and Charles W. Winslow of St. Louis and William C. Pease of San Francisco as executors.

After making bequests to his children, Dr. Winslow, in his will, requests that after his death his heart be cut out, embalmed, enclosed in a glass vial and placed on the coffin of his mother on the island of Nantucket. In a similar vessel he requests that the ashes of his cremated body be buried with the body of his wife in a cemetery near Cambridge, Mass.

As there had been but two previous cremations in the United States and none in Utah, much difficulty was found in carrying out this request, it being necessary to construct a temporary furnace in the heart of the city at a cost of $1,500. Nearly every person in the city gathered to witness the cremation.

MANY SEEK PASTORATE.

About 1,000 Applications for Place Held by Rev. Dr. Gregg of Allegheny.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Not less than 1,000 applications have been received by the committee having in charge the filling of the vacant pastorate of Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian church, in Brooklyn. The vacancy was caused by the acceptance of the presidency of the Western Theological seminary by the Rev. Dr. David Gregg. The salary is $10,000 a year.

Many of the applicants say they would be willing to accept the position of assistant pastor, that being also vacant. The letters are coming not only from all parts of this country, but from Canada, Mexico, Hawaii, England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

TANNER MAY BE NAMED TO SUCCEED LONGSTREET

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The lawyers and business men of Washington who have been opposing the appointment of Corporal James Tanner to the position of register of wills, hope to have him appointed commissioner of railroads, the place vacated by the death of Gen. Longstreet. They want Louis [illegible]ent retained as register of wills. The [illegible]tion of the secretary of the interior [illegible] to secure the abolishment of the [illegible]ce after the expiration of the appropriation of the present year, but the president is said to be perfectly willing to appoint Corporal Tanner railroad commissioner if the position is continued by congress.

REFUSED BY PAINTERS.

Would Not Accept Proposition of Former Employers.

For several hours yesterday the members of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers discussed the scale presented by the Master Painters on November 3. It was decided not to accept it, and the men will remain idle until the employers offer better working conditions.

The Master Painters declare no changes will be made. To get back to work the men must call off all sympathy strikes, withdraw from the Building Trades council and sign the new wage agreement. The men are willing to leave the council, but assert their right to assist any other trade.

GRAND JURY TAKES ACTION AGAINST COLD TROLLEY CARS

WILKESBARRE, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The first grand jury in this state to endeavor to compel street car companies to heat their cars made its recommendation at Scranton yesterday afternoon. It stated that the passengers suffered and asked the court if this condition could not be remedied. The people will ask the district attorney to press the case.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove
on every box. 25c

LADY YARMOUTH.

Formerly Miss Thaw of Pittsburgh, from Her Latest Photograph Taken in London.

NOTED SCULPTOR HAS PASSED AWAY

Jean Leon Gerome Who Designed "Labor" for Chas. M. Schwab Dead in Paris.

ONE WORK UNCOMPLETED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Jean Léon Gerome, the painter and sculptor, who designed the allegorical figures representing "Labor" for Charles M. Schwab, died here today. The deceased was born at Vesoul in 1824.

M. Gerome was present last night at the dinner of the members of the institute. He conversed gaily, but his friends noticed that his features were drawn and advised him to retire early.

At 9 o'clock this morning his valet entered his bedroom and, finding him apparently asleep, withdrew. The valet returned an hour later, and, observing that M. Gerome's position was unchanged, he shook him gently. As there was no sign of life the valet informed Mme. Gerome and summoned a doctor, who declared death was due to cerebral congestion.

M. Gerome was a conspicuous figure in Paris society. He was tall and slim, and retained his youthful gaiety and activity, his snowy hair and mustache alone indicating his great age. He was noted for his sparkling wit and always kept up relations with the younger painters.

The day before his death several friends lunched with M. Gerome at his home, and after the luncheon he took them to his studio to show them the statue of Corinth, of which he was the sculptor. The statue had just been finished, and he was about to color it.

DAUGHTERS OF OHIO.

Guests from Home State to Attend Society's Reception in New York Today.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The Daughters of Ohio will give a reception tomorrow afternoon, from 3 until 6 o'clock, at the Waldorf-Astoria, for their new president, Mrs. Christopher C. Shayne.

Mrs. Treacy Taylor has arranged an elaborate musical program and the younger women of the society will serve a lunch during the reception. Other entertainments will follow, making this the most prominent year in the history of the society. A number of guests are expected from Ohio and from kindred societies. The guests will be received by Mrs. Francis M. Applegate, Mrs. F. T. Taylor, Mrs. A. M. MacConnell and Mrs. Francis Jackson.

EULOGY ON M'KINLEY.

One Will Be Delivered at a Republican Dinner, by James J. Grant, of Canton.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The West Side Republican club will have its annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on January 29. Those who are arranging the dinner are seeking to make it a political demonstration that will put the recent dinner to Mayor McClellan into the shade. Two members of President Roosevelt's cabinet are expected, as are several United States senators and members of the house.

One of the features of the dinner will be a eulogy of the late President McKinley, by James J. Grant of Canton, O.

HOT PRIMARIES PROMISED.

Monessen Fight Now on Is the Biggest in the Municipality's History.

MONESSEN, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—At the Republican primaries next Saturday will close one of the bitterest municipal campaigns in the history of the borough. As the borough is Republican by nearly eight to one the result of the primaries will practically settle the election. Already there are close onto 40 candidates, with the fight centering on council.

Until the big plant of the Pittsburgh Steel Company located in Monessen there was but one faction. When the plant was ready for operation it was evident that there were two factions in the field. Superintendent George Nash was defeated for mayor by the present official, A. N. Shuster. Other candidates supported by the big mill were also caught in the landslide. Now they are coming back with another attempt to gain what they lost.

BACHELORS EVADE WOMAN'S SNARES BY ORGANIZING

YORK, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Thirteen bachelors in the village of Noble, Adams county, have formed an anti-leap year club. It is presided over by its promoter, John Cover. No member will be permitted to accept invitations to leap year parties or receive leap year courtesies from young women and the members are also bound to decline all leap year proposals of marriage. If any member of the club marries during the present leap year he will be obliged to banquet the other members.

PERFECT COMPLEXIONS
MARK THE USERS OF
Beecham's Pills
Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c and 25c.

BUSTER BROWN AND TIGE WON IN ELKS' CONTEST

Received 8,000 Votes, While Foxy Grandpa Had 1,000 and Clarence the Cop 800.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Buster Brown and his dog Tige, who have entertained the readers of The Sunday Gazette for a long time, have won another triumph. They entered a contest with Foxy Grandpa and Clarence the Cop for the benefit of the Hackensack Order of Elks and defeated their competitors by a handsome majority.

Buster received 8,000 votes, Foxy Grandpa 1,000 and Clarence the Cop 800. The artists who created the characters drew small cards bearing the familiar faces of their funny little heroes, leaving spaces on each card to be punched at five cents a vote. Each five cents is to be invested in a brick to be put in a home for the Elks. Society young women of Hackensack conducted the campaign, which has been active for several months.

Buster, being interviewed, admitted with becoming modesty that he was very proud of his victory.

"Most of the credit should be given to Tige," he added, "whose charming smile and pleasing poses have made us hosts of friends. Mr. Outcault, the artist who made us, should also come in for his share of the honor."

FRANK A. PARKER.

Lay Drunk by Her Dying Husband.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—While Mrs. Mary Heck lay in the police station charged with drunkenness her husband was dying in a destitute home. The police went to the home, where they found the woman on the floor intoxicated beside her dying husband. She was taken to the police station and a doctor sent to the house, but he arrived too late. The man died of Bright's disease and had been unattended for weeks.

DEATHS.

AEBERLI—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, at 12:30 a. m., CLARA HELEN AEBERLI.

Funeral services at her brother's chapel, 20 North Diamond street, West, Allegheny, this evening at 8 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private Tuesday.

BAINBRIDGE—On January 10, 1904, at 1 a. m., KATE, wife of H. Bainbridge.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 104 Twenty-fourth street, Pittsburgh, South Side, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services at Union Baptist church, South Nineteenth street, at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family respectfully invited to attend.

BOYD—On Sabbath, January 10, 1904, at 6:30 p. m., at the Home for Aged Women at Wilkinsburg, NANCY BOYD, in her 90th year.

Funeral services will be held at the Home, corner Rebecca and Swissvale avenue, this evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock at Highland cemetery, Perrysville, Pa.

CASKEY—At Phoenix, Ariz., on Monday, January 4, 1904, FRANK B. CASKEY, son of W. J. and Elizabeth C. Caskey.

Funeral services at the family residence, No. 3441 Forbes street, on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

EYLER—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, at 2 a. m., WILLIAM K., beloved son of Edward E. and Louisa Eyler (nee Hasslinger), aged 9 months and 15 days.

Funeral from the parents' residence, 237 Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GALLINGER—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, Mrs. SARAH GALLINGER, relict of Nathan Gallinger, in her 82nd year.

Funeral service at her late residence, 1206 Palo Alto street, Allegheny, on Tuesday, January 12, at 2 p. m.

(New York papers please copy.)

HACK—On Friday, January 8, 1904, at 12 p. m., MARGARET HACK, in her 88th year.

Funeral will take place at the residence of her son, John C. Hack, Robinson township, this afternoon at 1:20 o'clock. Carriages will leave Steel's undertaking office, Main street, Carnegie, Pa., at 12:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HEPPING—On Saturday, January 9, 1904, at 5:15 p. m., at his home, Beaver road, Ben Avon, FRANKLIN LANGLY HEPPING, aged 2 years, only child of John F. and Cora Hepping (nee Kren).

Interment today at Beaver, Pa.

HOLMES—On Saturday, January 9, 1904, at 11:30 p. m., HARRY W., husband of Amanda Holmes (nee Hill), aged 50 years.

Services at his late residence, Mildred street, Crafton, Pa., Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Interment private.

NUTT—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, JOSEPH E. NUTT, aged 68 years.

Funeral at Bellevernon, Pa., Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

PORTER—On Wednesday, January 6, 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m., CHARLES E., son of Jane and the late Charles F. Porter, member of Pittsburgh Aerie 73, F. O. E.

Funeral services at his late residence, 715 College avenue, East End, on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

TATE—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, at 8:40 a. m., ELIZABETH TATE, wife of R. H. Tate, in her 51st year.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 342 Taylor street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

[San Francisco (Cal.) papers please copy.]

VAUX—On Sunday, January 10, 1904, at 10 a. m., LETITIA ADELAIDE, only child of Dr. George and Mary E. Vaux (nee Early), aged 3 years and 21 days.

Funeral from the family residence, 2163 Center avenue, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WALLACE—On Saturday, January 9, 1904, at 11:45 a. m., JENNIE ENSCOE, wife of W. J. Wallace, in her 34th year.

Funeral services at her late residence, Ætna [illegible] township, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectful[ly] invited to attend. Interment in Allegheny cemetery.

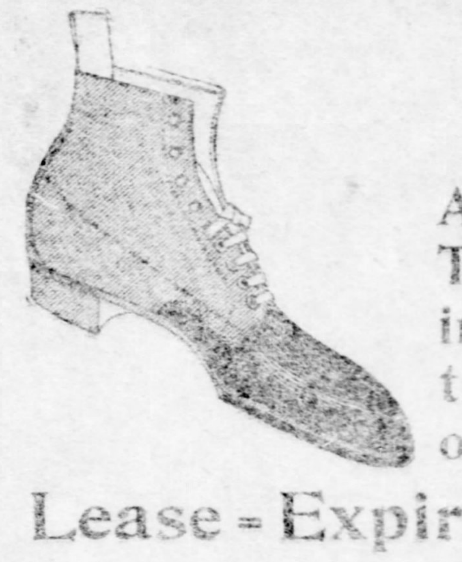
WILLISON—On Friday, January 8, 1904, at 10:30 p. m., BESSIE GERTRUDE, youngest daughter of Elizabeth A. and the late Isaac Willison.

Funeral from family residence, 854 Church avenue, Allegheny, Monday morning at 9:15 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at St. Peter's Roman Catholic church at 10 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private later.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

99 4/10 Per Cent Pure
Banner Baking Powder

W. M. Laird, Co.



At 9 O'Clock This Morning, Continuation of the Great
Lease-Expiring Sale
—OF—
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers
Halves, Thirds, Quarters Off the Prices.
Same Goods—Same Prices at Both Stores.
Market St. and Smithfield St.
W. M. LAIRD CO.

THE OLDEST TRUST COMPANY IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.
OF PITTSBURGH
This company receives and guarantees the safe keeping of valuable papers, plate, jewelry, etc.
Boxes in Safe Deposit Vaults
$5 a Year and Up.
Trusts of all kinds faithfully executed.
Capital $3,000,000. Surplus $7,500,000.
WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE
CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS.
CURES LAGRIPPE IN 3 DAYS.
NO BETTER REMEDY KNOWN FOR HEADACHE
35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS.
BE SURE TO GET HILL'S. IT IS THE ONLY GENUINE.

Tongue Advertising
Is the best kind. When people have dealt with me once they tell others, and that's why my trade is always good.
VOL-TA-IC DIAMONDS
are still the leading Brilliant Stones of America. They puzzle experts. The only imitation Diamond that stood the test for 20 years.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue Free
B. E. ARONS, Sole Owner
205 and 207 Smithfield St.

WE HAVE FLINCH TO SELL
Wholesale and Retail,
and every other popular, up-to-date GAME, whether
CARD, BOX OR BOARD GAME.
J. G. LAUER'S TOY HOUSE,
620 Liberty Street.
Popular Goods at Popular Prices.
Pit and Panic.

HAND SAPOLIO
Is especially valuable during the summer season, when outdoor occupations and sports are most in order.
GRASS STAINS, MUD STAINS and CALLOUS SPOTS
yield to it, and it is particularly agreeable when used in the bath after violent exercise.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

BINDLEY HARDWARE Co
SEVENTH AVE & GRANT ST.
PITTSBURGH.
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE.

Office Outfitters
BAKER OFFICE FURNITURE CO.,
815-817 LIBERTY AVENUE,

STIEFF PIANOS
Direct branch of factory
613 Penn Ave.
EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.

AMUSEMENTS.

Harry W. Williams' ACADEMY.
Matinee 2. Evening 8.
ALL THIS WEEK
FRED IRWIN'S BIG SHOW

A TABLE DELICACY.

is the purest butter made. Its high quality is always maintained, its delicate flavor never varies. It is a real table delicacy.
To preserve the goodness of Meadow-Gold Butter every pound is sealed in an airtight, odor-proof package—no charge for the package.
Ask your grocer for it
THE CONTINENTAL CREAMERY COMPANY, 627 LIBERTY AVE.

B. & B.

1904 Foulard Silks

Over 500 new styles in—mostly small and medium effects—polka dots—detached, grouped, in clusters, and highly pleasing figure effects formed with pin dots—also miniature floral patterns and other choice neat designs.

Black, Navy, Brown, Porcelain, Reseda and Tan grounds, **50c to $1.00 a yard.**

Many of them specially designed for Shirt Waist Suits.

All are our exclusive patterns except the regulation polka dots.

Exquisite new Broche Foulards, **$1.25.**

1904 fine Wash Goods, White Goods and Novelty Linens opened.

Extraordinary assortments thereof.

Prettiness and values worth investigation—Whether it's 10c a yard or a Dollar fifty.

Manufacturers and designers improve each successive season in textile art and style in cottons.

D. and J. Anderson's and other finest makes of Shirtings and Shirt Waist materials.

Imported and American Dimities, Batistes, French Organdies, Crepes, etc.

See the new fine white ground Taffetas—with dainty printings thereon, **20c.**

New satin finish Cotton—very neat designs in gun metal grey and blues—maker calls them Jasper Silks, **35c.**

New Champagne colored cotton with neat color printings—maker calls them Japan Silks, **35c**

—both the above were lines brought out expressly to make entire dresses.

Dressy Paris Novelties in Cotton, 50c to $1.50—champagne colors.

100 styles double width fine Percales—soft French finish—neat and pretty—padded or well covered grounds—expressly for Shirt Waist Suits.

muslin wear sales

Two distinct propositions side by side:

Sale of new 1904 Undermuslins—largest and choicest collection we ever invited attention to.

Enough daintier than you usually get at like prices to make it an object to attend.

Petticoats, 50c to $60.00.	Chemise, 25c to $25.00.
Gowns, 50c to $35.00.	Corset Covers, 8c to $18.00.
Drawers, 25c to $18.00.	

Emptying boxes of 1903 Muslinwear—

Five Dollar Corset Covers, **$2.50.**

$4.00 ones, $2.00—$3.00 ones, $1.50—$1.25 ones, 75c.

Chemise that were $3.00 for $1.50—$1.50 ones, 75c—and other 1903 Chemise on a half price basis.

1903 Gowns and Petticoats with such Shelf Emptying prices on as show a loss out of all proportion to the deterioration of the goods that soap and water will remedy.

sale—val. laces

Semi-annual distribution and clearance of the Val. Lace Edges and Insertions Half Price and less.

Four lots—four prices, **10, 15, 18 and 20c.**

The 10 and 15c lots are Normandy Valenciennes, 2½ to 4 inches wide.

The 18 and 20c ones are 2 to 3½ inches wide, diamond and round mesh Vals., reproductions of the real hand-made Laces.

Opportunity to get fine trimmings for your Wash Gowns and Under Garments at the price of ordinary.

Lot of 25 to 35 cent Ecru Batiste Galloons and Bands, 2 and 2½ inches wide, **15c.**

Sale of broken match setts and odd widths of Fine Embroideries at interesting prices.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN— Tonight at 8. Sat. Mat. at 2.
HENRY IRVING
And His Company.
"Waterloo" and "The Bells"—Tonight and Thursday Evenings.
"Louis XI."—Tues. and Sat. Evenings.
"The Merchant of Venice"—Wed. and Fri. Evenings and Sat. Mat.
Prices—$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.00 and 50c.
Next Week—WINSOME WINNIE.

NIXON Wed. & Sat. Mat. at 2:15. TONIGHT AT 8:15.
Henry W. Savage Offers Geo. Ade's Latest Musical Comedy Hit,
PEGGY FROM PARIS
3 mos. N. Y., 4 mos. Chicago, 5 mos. Boston.
Next Week—ANNIE RUSSELL.

DUQUESNE GARDEN
SKATING AFT. AND EVE.
HOCKEY TUES FRI EVES.
Skating After the Games.

AMUSEMENTS.

Bijou BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
McFADDEN'S ROW OF FLATS.
Next Week—Louise Beaton, in "Rachel Goldstein," or "The Struggles of a Poor Working Girl in New York."

EMPIRE UPTOWN COLLINS AVE. Reached by all street car lines
THIS WEEK,
WHEN WOMEN LOVE.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Week—Charley Grapewin—"Mr. Pipp."

This Week DUQUESNE Mats. Thurs. and Sat.
First Production in America
The European Comedy THE SECRET OF POLICHINELLE.
With W. H. Thompson.
Night Prices—$1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c.

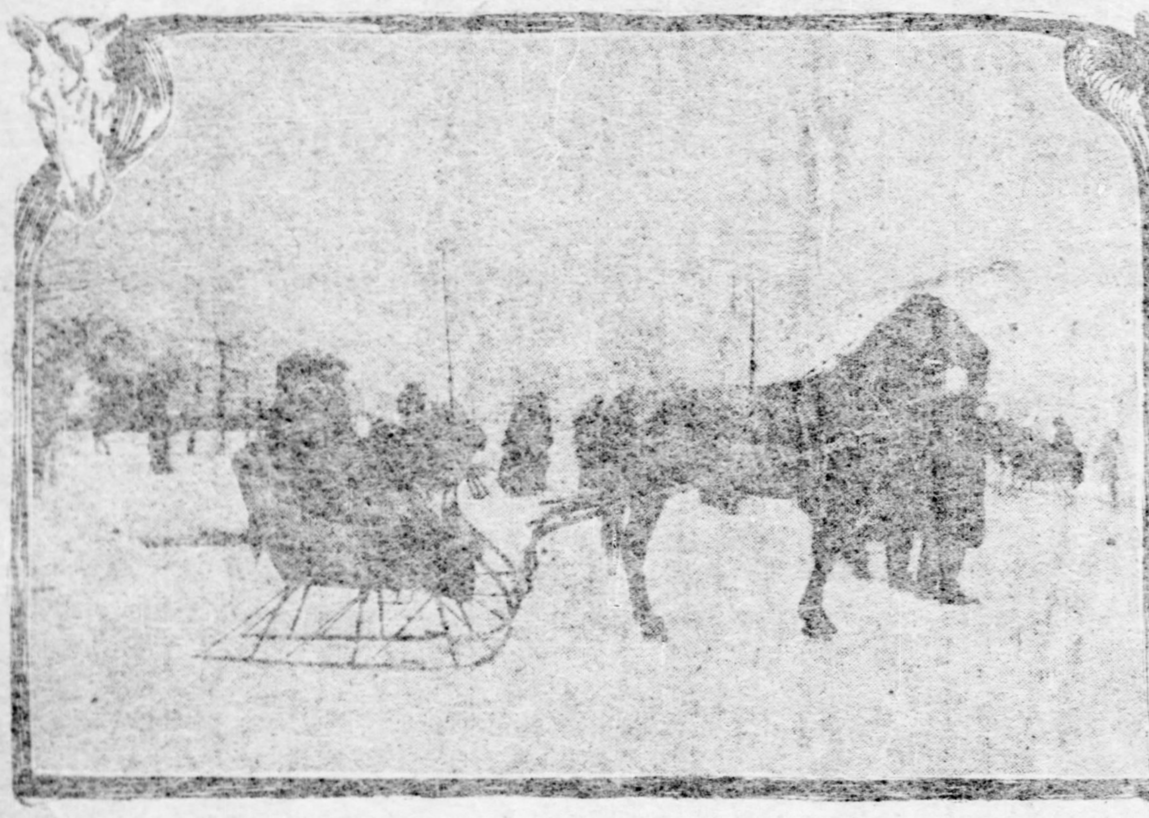
AMUSEMENTS.

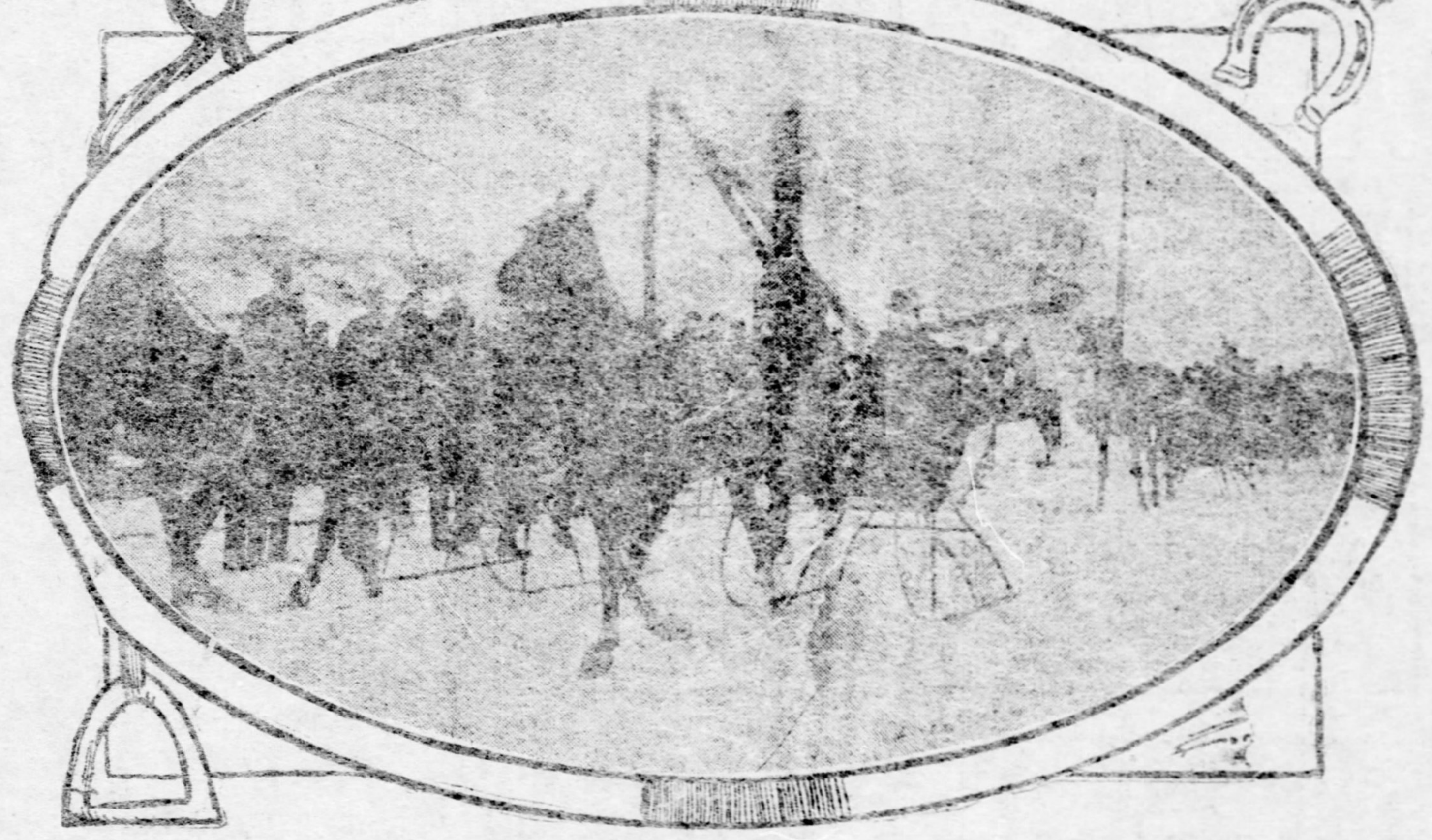
BAUER This Evening at 8:15.
Greatest Piano Artist of the Day, Assisted by
Luigi von Kunits AT
Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music
DITHRIDGE STREET.
Tickets $1.25 and $1, at Door and Mellor's.

GRAND EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
THE NEW STOCK CO.
Last Week. Com. Mon. Mat., January 11th
"BABES IN THE WOODS."
300 People on the Stage.
Next Week—"Trelawney of the Wells."

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER
ALL THIS WEEK HELEN GIRARD. CHARLES R. SWEET 18 BIG ACTS
1:30 TO 10:30—POPULAR PRICES.

Drivers of Fast Horses Speed Them Over the Snow on the Boulevards





DRANK POISON IN THE DARK

Pleasant Valley Dairyman Swallows Aconite in Mistake for Whisky.

THIRD VICTIM OF GAS FUMES

Drinking a glass of aconite in mistake for whisky, resulted in the death of Charles Mertens, 31 years old, a dairyman of Pleasant Valley, O'Hara township, yesterday morning. Although medical aid was rendered, Mertens died struggling to throw off the poison. He was married and well known in O'Hara township.

A horse owned by Mertens was sick and he sent for his father-in-law, Frederick Haberland to treat the animal. Haberland took a pint bottle of aconite with him and after treating the horse placed the bottle on the sideboard where Mertens had a pint of whisky. Mertens walked into the dining room later to get a drink of whisky. In the darkness he got the bottle of aconite. When Mertens swallowed the medicine he realized his mistake. He called his wife, who sent a farm hand, Ferdinand Waltman, on horseback for Dr. C. A. Hart, but Mertens died an hour after the physician arrived.

W. E. Weaver, who was overcome by gas in a house at Glassport last Monday, died last night at McKeesport hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cummins, with whom Weaver boarded, succumbed to the effects of the fumes the same day the bodies of the three were found in the house. A remarkable fight was made by the hospital physicians to save Weaver's life, and for a week he was kept alive by the use of heart stimulants and oxygen.

Albert Faloney, aged 12, died under an anaesthetic at the home of his parents in Fifth street, Sheraden, yesterday morning. He was about to undergo an operation for tonsilitis. When the anaesthetic was administered his heart, weak from a recent attack of typhoid fever, failed.

John Carr, aged 28, of Third street, Rankin, a car washer on the Pennsylvania railroad, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday from injuries received last Tuesday, when he was struck by a train.

While Mary Daugherty, the 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Catherine Mooney of 38 Blaine street, was playing near the grate in her home Saturday morning her clothing took fire and she was terribly burned, dying at the Children's hospital a few hours later.

The frozen body of an unknown man was found on the Pittsburgh & Western tracks at Gibsonia yesterday morning. The skull, legs and arms were broken and the body was badly mutilated. The man was about 40 years old, medium build, with dark brown hair and a sandy mustache. In the pocket of his coat was found a package of coffee.

F. A. Miller, aged 34, married, of Turtle Creek, a brakeman on the Union railroad, was killed at Duquesne by being caught between two cars.

Henry H. Frenprup, aged 23, of 1302 Esplanade avenue, Allegheny, died last night at his home of hemorrhage of the brain.

LARGE TEMPERANCE RALLY.

Men of St. Mary of Mercy's Church Celebrate Society's 30th Anniversary.

The Father Lambing Total Abstinence society celebrated its thirtieth anniversary yesterday by a large meeting of the men connected with St. Mary of Mercy's church at Duquesne hall, 216 Penn avenue. The annual election resulted as follows: President, John J. Maloney; vice president, Charles D. McShane; secretary, John M. Tighe; treasurer, Charles J. Smith; stewards, James J. O'Brien, P. J. Foley and Mary King; diocesean delegates, John M. Tighe, John J. McCarthy and Charles J. Smith; delegates to the federation, Charles J. Smith and John Connolly.

Addresses were made by P. N. Joyce of Mt. Washington, Stephen Madden, secretary of the Diocesean union; George S. Walker and James J. Gallagher. After a number of new members had been admitted the old members renewed their pledges, as is the custom in this society each year.

EDDIE ZANG IN JAIL.

Former Pugilist, Who Ran Employment Agency, Is Charged With False Pretense.

Edward Zang, a former featherweight pugilist, was arrested late Saturday night on a charge of false pretense, preferred before Police Magistrate Abernathy, by Mike Knolka. Zang, it is alleged ran an employment bureau in River avenue, Allegheny, where Knolka applied for work. He paid Zang $1.50 and the latter gave him a note to a man supposed to be in West View.

Knolka spent part of Saturday trying to locate the man but was unable to do so, and on his return to Zang, who refused to return the money, Knolka decided to make information against him, which he did. Zang will be given a hearing this morning.

DEAD WOMAN SUPPOSED TO BE ROCKEFELLER'S SISTER

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Patrons of the San Rafael apartment hotel, 63 West Forty-fifth street, are interested in a mystery that surrounds the identity of an aged woman who died in the hotel Saturday. The official death notice sent to the newspapers stated that she was "Isabel A. Black, widow of Grover H. Johnson," and that she would be buried at Erie, Pa., on Monday. After brief services at the hotel the body was shipped to Erie. Somewhere the rumor started that the woman was John D. Rockefeller's sister. The undertaker was not informed as to the woman's identity. No information could be obtained at the Rockefeller home today. Mrs. Rockefeller visited her during her illness.

Man Became Ill in a Cell.

Joseph Speifel applied for loding at No. 5 police station Saturday night and during the night became sick. He was removed to the West Penn hospital, where he is believed to be suffering from alcoholism. His condition is serious. He lives on Wyckliffe street, Eighteenth ward.

NON-CATHOLICS ARE TOLD WHY

Pittsburgh Apostolate Is Conducting a Mission at St. Mary's of the Mount.

CATHOLIC BELIEF IS EXPLAINED

A mission to non-Catholics was begun yesterday at St. Mary of the Mount church on Mt. Washington by the fathers of the Pittsburgh apostolate. The first lecture of the series, which is non-controversial, was delivered last night by the Rev. William J. McMullin, and the subject was "Christian Marriage; Is Divorce Ever Allowed?" The lecture was preceded by the answers to several questions that had been dropped into the box provided for that purpose. Father E. P. Griffin answered the questions. Fully 400 Protestants were present, and it is expected that the attendance of non-Catholics will increase and that the question box will be filled to overflowing. No collection is taken up. All non-Catholics are invited to attend.

The question was asked again last night, "What is the sin against the Holy Ghost?" and the answer was "Final impenitence." "Did not the pope divorce Napoleon from Josephine?" was another question; the answer, "No; Cardinal Fesch, Napoleon's maternal uncle, pronounced the divorce, but the pope never sanctioned, recognized or approved it." "Is the marriage of a Catholic to a non-Catholic by a Protestant clergyman valid?" was asked. The answer was: "If the non-Catholic was baptized, the marriage is valid, but the Catholic is excommunicated from the church."

In his lecture Father McMullen said that to the Catholic church marriage was especially sacred. The Creator had made it a union of one man and one woman, to last through life. It was a sacrament that involved the integrity of the family, was the foundation of earthly happiness and of religion. Christ had reproved divorce as he found it among the Jews, and revoked the concessions of the Mosaic law. The opposition to the doctrine that marriage is a sacrament regarded it merely as a civil contract; dragged it from the church to the magistrate's office and turned over to the lobbies and debates of legislatures what God had ordained and Christ sanctified.

Concerning only one cause for divorce, infidelity, could there be any scriptural question. The advocates of divorce based their theory on Matthew v:32 and xix:9. The Catholics recognized the words as genuine, but did not admit the interpretation made by the divorce advocates. To grant the right of divorce for infidelity would only open the way for divorce for other causes. Divorce now was often obtained by perjury, collusion and default, some states going so far as to permit severance of the marriage tie for "such other causes as the court may in its discretion deem sufficient."

Father McMullen drew an eloquent picture of the Catholic wife, wedded to a vicious husband. She might separate from him; in fact, her duty to her own soul might compel her to a separation, but she considered her husband her husband for life and prayed for him, while the idea of seeking a divorce from him never entered her mind, or at least found no lodgment there.

The lectures will continue every evening except Saturday, at 7:45 o'clock, until Sunday, January 17. The subject of tonight's lecture is "The Catholic Church and the Bible," delivered by Father Griffin. Tomorrow Father J. L. Quinn will lecture on "The Lord's Supper—Is It the Body and Blood of Christ?"

Men's Club to Have a Debate.

The Men's club of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church will have a debate on Tuesday evening, January 12, on the question, "Resolved, That the Trust is un-American and Self-Destructive." The debaters on the affirmative are Edwin L. Mattern and Dr. W. J. Riggs, and on the negative William E. Lincoln and Dr. Harvey C. King. Members of the club will participate in the debate. The male quartet will sing several selections.

Arrested Two Men on Suspicion.

Policeman Frank Sanders at 1 o'clock yesterday morning arrested Andy and Frank Seabo as suspicious persons. Two men were seen in the tobacco store of Harry Goldstein, 6804 Preble avenue, Allegheny, by a couple of youths. They notified the police, and Sanders, hurrying to the scene, arrested the two Seabos, who were close by.

There is no specific for consumption. The nearest approach to a cure is right living and Scott's Emulsion. No matter what the treatment may be Scott's Emulsion will prove a valuable addition. It has often turned the scale of health the right way. Because Scott's Emulsion contains the pure cod liver oil it furnishes heat and fat. The hypophosphites provide tissue-food, blood-food and marrow-food. The combination of the two represents a wonderful form of nourishment and one that can be readily taken and retained at any stage of the disease. Scott's Emulsion gives best results when used most regularly. Made a part of the consumptive's regular diet it will invariably afford relief. Occasional use of Scott's Emulsion is a test unfair to the Emulsion and the patient.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

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FEWER MEETINGS WILL BE NEEDED

Expiration of Charters Has Reduced the Volume of Local Street Railway Annuals.

THIS WILL BE A BUSY DAY

Today is the day of annual meetings of street railway companies having Pennsylvania charters. The second Monday of January has been a great day for the Philadelphia company in the couple of years that have elapsed since that organization took over practically all of the street railway interests of this city and its vicinity. This year, however, the matter is less cumbersome, because of the expiration of more than half of the street railway charters owned by the company.

Last year there were 110 companies, possessing separate and distinct charters, for each of which two meetings had to be held. One was the stockholders' meeting to choose directors, and the other the meeting of the directors to organize by the election of a president, secretary and treasurer. In all there were, therefore, 220 meetings to be held on the one day, and to hasten these meetings as rapidly as possible it was nevertheless impracticable to hold each in an average of less than five minutes. It took close to 20 hours of steady work to complete the task last year, the meetings continuing far into the night.

Seventy-Four Charters Expired.

Last summer 17 charters for elevated railroads and 57 for surface lines expired. They were the Mellon-Oliver charters granted at the close of the legislative session of 1901 and by their terms allowing two years for the start of work, expiring after that time unless a start had been made. As is well known, these charters passed to the Philadelphia company, and, of course, were not used. This removes 74 companies from the Philadelphia company list, leaving about 40 for which meetings must be held. Giving five minutes to each company it will still require upward of three hours of hard, steady work to complete the legal requirements for the maintenance of the standing of these corporations.

The great bulk of this work falls upon Secretary W. B. Carson of the Philadelphia company. He must prepare the papers of each, must have a clear record of just how many directors are required for each company and know many other details in order to guide the meetings.

The routine of the meetings is not complicated. All the stock of the companies is owned by the Philadelphia company. The roads are under lease to the Pittsburgh Railways Company. There is, however, one share each held by four or five other persons which fills the requirements as to the board consisting of five or six. When the stockholders meet, Secretary Carson represents the Philadelphia company's holdings. The president of the companies appoints three judges of election, who are employes of the company and who under the law must certify to the correctness of the balloting.

Directors Only Stockholders.

J. H. Reed, president; S. L. Tone, vice president; W. B. Carson, secretary; C. S. Mitchell, auditor, and C. J. Braun, Jr., treasurer of the Philadelphia company, and J. D. Callery, president of the Pittsburgh Railways Company, all elect themselves directors of each company, as in its turn its meeting is held. The three judges of election certify by signature that these directors have been legally elected and in signing their names they consume more time than any other feature of the meeting takes. The re-elected board then meets and elects its officers. This routine must be carried through for each company.

On the whole the plan of having a fixed day on which this great mass of legal work can be completed is considered a good one. The Philadelphia company includes about 100 corporations after deducting the 74 street railway corporations whose charters expired the last year. Many of the meetings for gas, electric and other concerns are held at various dates, requiring constant watchfulness on the part of the secretary lest an annual meeting be overlooked. With the street railways, however, there is not this need of care, the one day's work being all that is required to forget about the old concerns for another year.

BRICKLAYERS TO VOTE ON ALLIANCE

Affirmative Action Expected in Relation to New Building Trades Union.

TWO MEETINGS TO OPEN

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 10.—Two important international labor unions will open their annual conventions here tomorrow. One is the Bricklayers' and Masons' International union and the other is the International Hod Carriers and Building Laborers' union. About 400 delegates will attend the first-named convention and about 100 delegates will be in attendance at the hod carriers' convention. The masons' convention is expected to be in session for at least two weeks and the hod carriers will be here for several days.

The most important matter that will come before both conventions will be the proposition to affiliate with the Structural Trades alliance, an organization which is now in a formative state, but which is intended to bring about a federation of the basic trades engaged in building. This alliance will include 10 trades in all, the masons, hod carriers, carpenters, painters, plumbers, structural iron workers, steam fitters, tinsmiths and others.

President George B. Gubbins of the bricklayers said its purpose was to provide means of doing away with the strikes that often result from conflicts between men of different unions engaged in work on the same building. With such an alliance there would be a central head and there would be a harmony of action on the part of the different unions represented in the building trades.

The matter of affiliation is now being voted upon by subordinate organizations of the bricklayers and it is generally believed the proposition will receive an affirmative vote. The hod carriers' convention is expected to adopt the alliance proposition.

Glass Men to Talk Over Scale.

Several delegates appointed to attend the conference this afternoon of the Denny organization of window glass workers and the independent window glass manufacturers arrived at the Griswold last evening. The object is to arrange a uniform wage scale. Several factories have been working on a scale made by the employer and employes. It is likely the men will be asked to accept a reduction from last year's price. Simon Burns, president of local assembly No. 300, desired that both organizations consolidate, but the Denny faction refused.

HANNA NOW AT COLUMBUS AWAITING RE-ELECTION

Will Have the Largest Majority Ever Given to an Ohio Senator.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 10.—Senator M. A. Hanna arrived here from Cleveland this evening and will remain until after his election to the United States senate. He received but few callers at the Chittenden house tonight.

The assembly will ballot separately on United States senator on Tuesday. There will be a joint session Wednesday when the result will be announced. Mr. Hanna will be returned to the senate by the largest majority ever given to a candidate for the office, the Republicans having 25 majority in the senate and 66 in the house, or 91 on joint ballot, the total number of members being 148.

The Democratic members will vote for John H. Clarke of Cleveland.

YALE COOKS' THREAT.

May Strike Over Proposed Wage Reduction, at the Commons Dining Hall.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Capt. Samuel A. Smoke, U. S. A., who has prohibited giving of tips to waiters in Yale's commons, may have a strike on his hands if the cooks and helpers carry out the threats they made when he announced yesterday to them that they will have to accept a reduction in wages. Last year the big dining halls ran behind about $20,000 and the university corporation determined that it must be self-sustaining. Capt. Smoke graded the cut in wages from $5 to $10 a month. They are receiving $40 to $70 a month, above the average paid in the city.

Rather than have the institution without cooks and help at short notice Capt. Smoke has agreed not to put into effect the new schedule until February 1. In the meantime the cooks will consider the situation.

Two Good Lectures Scheduled.

The Academy of Science and Art will meet next Thursday night in the lecture hall of the Carnegie institute. Dr. E. P. Lyon of the Rush Medical college, Chicago, will lecture on the "Physiology of the Heart." Dr. Lyon is recognized as an authority on this subject in both America and Europe. Tomorrow evening the photographic section will meet to hear Dr. G. W. Allyn lecture on "Bad Negatives, and How to Improve Them."

One to Hospital; Other to Workhouse.

Robert Massey and William Conlin began a controversy in an Anderson street (Allegheny) restaurant Saturday night, which was resumed on the pavement outside, where Massey shaped Conlin up for a trip to the Allegheny hospital. The latter was able to leave some hours later. Massey was sent to the workhouse for 90 days.

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MANY SPEEDERS OUT ATTACHED TO SLEIGHS

Boulevards and Park Driveways Presented a Fine Appearance.

Sleighing yesterday was at its height on the boulevards and in the parks. During the afternoon there was a constant flow of teams through the sweeping driveways of Highland park. A number of speeders were to be noticed in the quickly moving procession, and it did not take a written challenge for a sprint. Actual racing, however, was barred. From the Larimer avenue bridge along the Boulevard to Brilliant dozens of sleighs were attracted by the descent of the road and the excellent conditions for fast running. It was here, too, that most of the crack thoroughbreds of the East End were brought for an airing.

The sight was almost a pageant. Handsomely gowned women with fur-clad escorts braved the weather with as little temerity as a gum-shoe urchin with a coaster. The spell of thawing resulted in forming a more solid and compact mass on the driveways, but despite this the conditions yesterday were not so favorable as those of the previous Sunday.

Banquet of Woodmen of the World.

The members of Braddock Camp, No. 22, Woodmen of the World, of Braddock, will hold their annual banquet this evening and their guests will be the women relatives and friends of the members for the first time in nine years. Several well-known vocalists and readers from Pittsburgh will give selections. Luke Barnett, a monologue artist of Braddock, will give a reading, and the Lone Star quartet will also assist. The affair will be held in the Brazuell building in Burton street. The banquet will be served in another hall. Covers will be laid for 250.

Tonight at 8, Germaine the Magician, Allegheny Carnegie hall. 50 cents.

Worth coming for—These skirts and top coats—each has a liberal sum clipped off its former price.

Black broadcloth top coats—(sizes 32 to 44)—were $30 and $35—now

$22.50

Some that were $40 reduced to

$30.00

A few tan top coats that have been $35, $40 and some even $50—at

$15.00

Even though they are slightly soiled they will vanish in a wink at such prices—A cleaner charges little, you know.

Separate Skirts—

A small assortment of long skirts—voiles and cheviots—Some silk lined—all so pretty with delicate evening blouses—

½ Price

Walking skirts—variety of colors and styles—

½ Price

Furs—We haven't forgotten to put after-holiday-stock-clearing prices on furs—each fine collar, muff and coat is reduced accordingly—Seal and Persian Jackets and Etons—plain and trimmed—Hudson Bay and Russian Sable—Squirrel, Chinchilla, etc., in fashionable sets—The stock is added to daily with newly made pieces—

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Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use

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on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

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TYPEWRITERS.
Special Sale.

For the next 60 days we will sell No. A. and B Manhattan Typewriters at $42.50, and No. 9 Manhattan Typewriters at $50.00. A rare opportunity. All other makes of machines sold and repaired. F. S. Webster Co's Carbons and Ribbons.

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Black Imported Kersey and Oxford Overcoats, reduced from 45.00 to 31.50

Our Fifty Dollar west of England Coating Overcoat reduced to 36.50

Every Overcoat in the house, including Paddocks, Chesterfields, Three-Quarter, 50 Inch and English Box Overcoats, reduced to the last notch.

12.50 to 15.00 Suits Cut to 9.00. 20.00 to 22.50 Suits Cut to 15.00.
16.50 to 18.00 Suits Cut to 13.50. 25.00 to 28.00 Suits Cut to 18.50.
And 32.00, 33.00 and 35.00 Suits Cut to 25.00.

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Manhattan Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	3:35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Philadelphia and New York Express, daily	12:01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:05 p. m.

For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.

For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.

For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.

For Du Bois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.

For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7:15 a. m. week-days.

For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:00, 8:25 a. m., 12:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days, and 4:12 p. m. Sundays.

For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, 6:05, 8:20 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days; 7:00, 9:35 a. m. and 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6:05, 8:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:30 (5:25 Monongahela City), 6:40 and 11:35 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, 6:30, 9:00, 10:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:10 and 8:50 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:03 a. m., 9:23 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

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See the Coon Hollow Folk
On Their Tour of the World.
in Next Sunday's Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.
PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

Buster Brown and Tige
Best Comic Page Printed. See it
in Next Sunday's Gazette

ED. HICKEY TO COACH THE PREP. SCHOOL PLAYERS

BROWN TO RACE AT HOT SPRINGS

Pittsburgh Turfman to Rest at Famous Resort and Take His String Along.

LATEST AT NEW ORLEANS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

MEMPHIS, Jan. 10.—The latest owner to announce intention of racing at the new Hot Springs plant is S. S. Brown of Pittsburgh, who has part of his racing establishment here in winter quarters. Capt. Brown has asked Robert Tucker, his trainer, to prepare a few animals for the Hot Springs meeting.

"I expect to go to Hot Springs and spend several weeks in rest," wrote Capt. Brown to Tucker, "and want to help the meeting along as well as see my colors in competition during my vacation from business."

Tucker said he had not decided what horses he would take in hand for the Arkansas races.

"It will not be Proceeds, Auditor, Audience or Conjuror, but we will have several horses ready," said Tucker, and then added that Auditor would probably be prepared for the Crescent City derby, Proceeds for the Tennessee and Kentucky derbies, and Audience for the Tennessee, Kentucky and Latonia Oaks. Tucker left tonight for the east to meet Capt. Brown. He will look over Broomstick and 25 other horses belonging to the Pittsburgh millionaire, all of which are wintering at Sheepshead Bay.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 10.—George C. Bennett's stable, after a run of hard luck which lasted throughout the season just gone by, apparently has struck a winning gait again. Henry McDaniels, who trains for the Memphis turfman, and is anything if not a conservative handler of thoroughbreds, has been fortunate enough to capture three stakes thus far during the present meeting. With the Audubon and the Jackson handicaps both taken by Little Scout, and the Gentilly handicap won by Dan McKenna, Bennett's colors are again assuming the prominence which rightfully is theirs.

From now on horsemen will be interested in the baby racers which from time to time will face the flag. It was generally commented upon that a better looking lot of youngsters never opened the 2-year-old racing in New Orleans than those which went to the post yesterday afternoon.

History repeated itself in the victory of Stella Allen, who captured the event. She was bred in the Lone Star State and belongs to O. G. Parke, a breeder who has frequently ere this turned loose a flock of early birds that could run rings around better bred youngsters during the beginning of the season.

The reappearance of the "All Scarlet" of the Morrises, who two years ago announced their permanent retirement from the turf, lent additional interest to the racing, and, strange to relate, they supplied the favorite, Inviperine.

New Orleans has always been the hunting ground for owners and their agents on the lookout for capable riding material, and this year forms no exception to the rule. Sam Parmer, acting as the agent for an Austrian nobleman, yesterday offered $10,000 for the contract held by R. E. Watkins on Jockey W. Hennessey. The offer was refused, and Watkins was than asked to name a price. He agreed to consider the matter and let Parmer know within a day or two.

Parmer succeeded, however, in purchasing the papers on Jockey Spurling from the boy's employer, J. Baker. He secured Spurling for George Hendrie, the Detroit millionaire turfman. Spurling is an apprentice able to make 85 pounds, and though he has not yet ridden a winner here, he shows promising form.

SEVENTH LEAGUE GAME.

Allegheny Lyceum to Play Manchester at the Raleigh Tonight.

The Manchester basketball team will play its seventh league game of the season tonight at the Raleigh, in lower Allegheny, the opposition being the Allegheny Lyceum team. This will be the second meeting of these teams, Manchester having won the first game, played at Lyceum's hall, 18 to 10. The Allegheny Lyceum Juniors will tackle the Manchester Juniors in a preliminary to the big game. The first game will be called at 7:45.

Following is the line-up for both games:

Manchester.		Allegheny Lyceum.
Graham	Right Forward	Skillinger
Koch	Left Forward	Thompson
Elliott, Metzkes	Center	Loudon
Hay, Wallizer	Right Guard	Geisler
Burry	Left Guard	Cashdollar

PRELIMINARY.

Manchester Jrs.		Allegheny Lyceum Jrs.
Tannehill, Bauer	Right Forward	Daly
O'Neil	Left Forward	Apple
King	Center	Ford
Graham	Right Guard	Rimmel
Alton	Left Guard	Hess

Sharon Will Play Big Leagues.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Sharon will have a strong baseball team the coming season, as most of the players thus far secured formerly played with the eastern Pennsylvania teams. The manager has arranged exhibition games with National and American league clubs, including New York, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Cleveland.

McCord to Play Fry.

Charles McCord, the amateur champion pool player of Western Pennsylvania, will play William Fry of Beaver Falls a 200 ball game of continuous pool for a side bet of $100 this evening at Beaver Falls.

Notice to Ed. Lyndecker.

Ed Lyndecker, the wrestler of Bloomfield, is requested to call at the Foster club, 148 Fortieth street, tonight or Wednesday night.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

The Trenton Reserves would like to hear from all 13-year-old teams. Address S. Gilson, 2900 Rose street.

The Schillers Juniors would like to hear from all 8 and 9-year-old teams. Address George Schaefer, 2230 Jane street, South Side.

All members of the Allegheny Lyceum major team are requested to report at the Lyceum tonight without fail to play the Manchesters in major league game.

The Shiller Glocke five would like to arrange games with 10 and 11-year-old teams having halls. Address Albert Jordan, 60 Twenty-seventh street, South Side.

The Mt. Oliver Independents are desirous of arranging games with all 11 to 12-year-old teams having halls. Address William F. Ammon, Locust street, Mt. Oliver.

The Trentons would like to hear from any 16-year-old team for this week. Bellevue, Newman, Railroad and Ingram preferred. Address A. Meyers, 28 Trent street, city.

The Fosters of Lawrenceville will meet the Watson A. C. of Allegheny at Foster hall, 148 Fortieth street, tonight. A hot game is looked for as both teams are closely matched.

The Acorns will play the South Side Eagles Tuesday night. They would like to hear from all 18-year-old teams having halls. Address John H. Roberts, care of W. G. Johnston, Ninth and Penn avenues, Pittsburgh.

In a preliminary to the Allegheny Lyceum game Tuesday night, the Nationals of Allegheny will bump against the National five to decide which team shall continue the rest of the season under the name of National.

The Superior A. A. team claim the 15-year-old championship of Allegheny. Arlington, Friendship, Rambler and Tenth U. P. five will take notice. A game can be secured for any night by addressing John R. Neckly, 2706 Shady avenue, Allegheny.

The Demmel team would like to hear from any 18-year-old teams. Address D. Carlin, 70 South Twenty-seventh street, South Side, city. The line up is as follows: Forwards, Jordan and Carlin; center, Tagmeir; guards, Lewis and Corb.

The coming week will bring a good attraction to the Lyceum in the champion South Side team. This will be South side's first appearance on Lyceum's floor and a good fast game is assured. Lyceum lost its previous game to South Side on the latter's floor, but expect to reverse the result.

The Moxie A. C., which made such a good record on the diamond last season, not being defeated, has organized a basketball team. The team will be composed of the following players: H. Yoest and Draher of the Fairbanks, Meyer and P. Bertges of the Glenshaw team, and [illegible]

AN "OLD HEAD" TO HANDLE EMBYRO DIAMOND ARTISTS

EAST LIBERTY'S NEW COACH

Burgess Ed. Hickey Will Instruct Young Prep. Players in Art of Baseball.

Capt. Alex. McCracken Has Few Old Players Left, but There Are Good New Tossers.

D. Edward Hickey, chief executive officer and baseball magnate extraordinary of Millvale, will coach the East Liberty baseball candidates this spring. Burgess Hickey is regarded as the Hector of local independent baseball, and as a coach of young players he has not a peer in this part of the country.

While he has never coached a school or college team, he nevertheless has turned out many players who have entered the minor leagues and then into the National and American leagues.

Alex. McCracken, captain of the East Liberty nine, is very eager to have a winning team, and the first person he thought of for coach was Hickey. McCracken yesterday visited Hickey and got his consent to lend his assistance with the candidates. Dr. Emil Lewey, principal of the academy, is also anxious to have his school team well up in the front, and he is encouraging baseball among the students.

McCracken will have a few of last year's winning team this season. The old men back are Lew Edwards and Reiber, outfielders, but there nevertheless are some good players in the school who under the tutelage of Hickey will make a strong nine.

McCracken played third at East Liberty and after the school season he joined the Millvale team. Hickey's friendship for McCracken had much to do in his consenting to give up his time to coaching.

SCHEDULE IS ARRANGED FOR HIGH SCHOOL FIVE

Three Days' Trip to Cleveland, Erie and Greenville Carded. From the Colleges.

Captain and Manager Will Orr of the Pittsburgh High school basketball team has about completed his schedule for this season. There are some hard games carded, but he expects to win the championship again.

The schedule follows: January 16, Beaver college at Beaver; January 20, West High school of Cleveland at Pittsburgh; February 5, Shadyside academy at High school; February 15, Kiskiminetas at High school; February 19, Geneva College Reserves at High school; February 24, West High school at Cleveland; February 25, Erie High school at Erie; February 26, Greenville High school at Greenville; March 8, Kiskiminetas at Kiskiminetas.

Another game is being arranged with Shadyside.

Chicago university will not compete in the A. A. U. meets for some time to come because of the attitude taken by President Liginger of the Amateur Athletic union in regard to the policy of the university in the Eckersall case last fall.

Baseball and track interests have collided at the Northwestern university, and it is probable that baseball will be abandoned this spring and all energies devoted to the track team. In neither department is the outlook good.

Illinois and Northwestern have signed an agreement for two years in football. Next season's game will be played on November 12 at Evanston.

Orris Stanley Eldredge, the 15-year-old skater of the Polytechnic Preparatory school of Brooklyn, clinched his title to the interscholastic junior championship at Clermont Rink, New York, Saturday, when he established a new record for half a mile, in 1:32. Four weeks ago he lowered the junior record of 1:35, held by E. T. Bedford, one-fifth of a second, and his feat Saturday lowered his own record two and four-fifth seconds.

Boy Charged With Stealing Papers.

William Burch, 14 years old, living in Thirty-third street, was held over for a further hearing today. He was arrested early yesterday morning by Lieutenant R. H. Robinson as a suspicious person on a charge of stealing newspaper bundles at Penn avenue and Thirty-fourth street. Thomas Strattman and W. J. Winters, carriers, identified the boy as one they had under suspicion.

Two Deaths from Smallpox.

Two deaths from smallpox occurred yesterday at the Pittsburgh municipal hospital. Michael Rubanic, 19 months old, of 5152 Berlin alley, died after 10 days' illness, and Thomas J. Bingham, 54 years old, of 4820 Blackberry alley, died after nine days' illness. Two new cases were reported, Mary and Rosie Lafinelli of 1003 Bedford avenue.

Fountain Pens Were Too Cheap.

Peter O'Brien and George McManus were arrested at the Hone hotel, Liberty avenue, last night. They are believed to have stolen some notions from a store at 340 Third avenue, the door of which was found open in the morning. One of the men sold some fountain pens for a nickel each, and it is thought he got them at the store.

Mrs. Soffel at Rehearsal.

Mrs. Kate Soffel arrived here from New York last night with the 10 members of the company that will support her play, "A Daring Woman." She will begin her rehearsals at 10 o'clock this morning in Braun's dancing academy. Vic Culver, the young newspaper man who wrote "A Daring Woman," "A Great Poison Mystery" and other sketches, will conduct the rehearsals.

Quicker Mail Service to London.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The American line steamer Philadelphia arrived at Plymouth at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, after an extremely rough passage, and successfully inaugurated the new mail service between New York and Plymouth. It is claimed from three to five hours will be saved in the delivery of the mail in London.

Didn't Kill a Woman.

[illegible]

HAMMERLY WANTS CRAMER AS HIS REGULAR CATCHER

Wilmerding Team Will Have Old Players—Lang to Join Baltimore Eastern League.

Manager Hammerly of the Wilmerding team will have a bunch of veterans on his roster this season. He is trying to get Eddie Cramer of Greensburg, who caught at Manor for two years, to reconsider his determination to quit the diamond and come to him. He is confident Cramer will play with Wilmerding.

In the event of Cramer not joining him Hammerly will have Edie Murphy, the old Johnstown catcher. Bill Coleman and Stewart will be his pitchers, and Frank West, the old National leaguer, will be his firstbaseman. Stevenson, whom he regards as a wonder, will be at second and probably Boulden of the Westinghouse team at short. He has no thirdbaseman as yet. Brisbine of Manor, Bessan of Ellwood City and Carnahan are the outfielders thus far signed.

Hammerly will open with Homestead at either place and he has begun to book other games. The Grove City College team will probably play at Wilmerding May 23, and the All-Interscholastics a Saturday late in June.

Jack Lang, the popular Altoona firstbaseman, will in all probability be with the Baltimore Eastern league team the coming season. Under the coaching of Hugh Jennings Lang should be one of the best in the league. It was understood that he would be with Eddie Lee at Sharon.

The Wilmington (Del.) club is after Pat Dowling, the Johnstown firstbaseman, who was with Altoona last year after the season closed at Georgetown university.

Altoona will turn over Middlefielder Jimmy Cooper to the Wilmington team.

Kid Williams, the old Millvale pitcher, is reported to have signed with both Johnstown and Williamsport. Williams is reserved by Altoona, and if it objects he will not be permitted to play with Williamsport. Johnstown is not a member of the association.

CARNIVAL OF SPORTS.

Philadelphia May Have Many Big College Athletic Events This Spring.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Philadelphia is almost certain to be the scene of a great carnival of sports, which will be held the latter part of next May.

At present it looks certain that the intercollegiate track and field games will be held upon Franklin Field of the University of Pennsylvania on May 27 and 28, the American Henley over the national course of the Schuylkill on May 28, and the junior varsity boat race between Pennsylvania, Cornell, Columbia and probably Harvard, over the same course the following Monday, which is Memorial day, May 30.

OFFERED $20,000 FOR ENGLISH LAD; REFUSED

LEXINGTON, KY., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—John Madden has offered Fred E. Cook, the St. Louis bookmaker-owner, $20,000 for English Lad. Trainer W. E. Phillips, who came here last night with Madden from Louisville, says that English Lad is not for sale, and that Madden's offer, like that of John A. Drake, made a few weeks since, will not be considered. The offer was made by Madden while in Louisville yesterday.

M'CORMICK IS BEST HITTER IN EASTERN

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—McCormick, who will be in the outfield for the Giants the coming season, led the Eastern league in batting, with a percentage of .362 in 122 games, according to the official averages, issued today. He scored 150 runs. McCormick is a graduate of Bucknell. He was one of the varsity football eleven. Devlin and Milligan are two more players of last season's Eastern league that have been secured by McGraw.

New Orleans Selections.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The American and Journal's New Orleans selections:

Best bets—Ocklawaha, Bonmot, Tribes Hill, all straight.

First race—Edward Hale, Arthur.

Second race—Oclawaha, Star and Garter.

Third race—Erbe, Hymettus.

Fourth race—Bonmot, Dr. Stephens.

Fifth race—[illegible]

Sixth race—[illegible]

Schedule at [illegible]

Koercher's
439 WOOD ST.
"Our 'Ads' Are Truthful."
IN THE LITTLE WINDOW.
EXTENSION STEEL BEAM TRAMMELS.
PRICE $1.60.
IN OUTSIDE SHOWCASE
DO YOU WALK 6 MILES EACH DAY?
OUR PEDOMETER
$1.00
On Friday Only We Will Sell
OUR TROUSER HANGER,
WESTERN PENNA. HEADQUARTERS
BOYS' HOCKEY STICKS, 5c, 10c, 15c.
Amateur League Puck, 15c.
313th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE.
GEM CORUNDUM OIL STONES,
Koercher's PITTSBURG.
COLOSSEUM RINK.
FINE ICE—MUSIC
10 A. M.—11 P. M.—10c and 25c
Western Ave. or Union Line Car.

TIE IS STILL ON IN SCHOOL LEAGUE

Ahl and Askin Remain as Leaders in Shooting Goals With Williams Next.

"MIDGET" SPUHLER IS ANGRY

The three goals that Arch Williams shot against High school Saturday and which beat "Midget" Spuhler's seven, came near putting him on even terms with Charlie Ahl, also of Shadyside, and Askin of East Liberty, who are tied for the leadership in goal shooting for the Interscholastic league. Ahl has shot four goals, two in each regular half, while Askin has three times put the rubber into the net in the first half and once in an etra session.

Brown of High school is the only other player in the league to have shot more than one goal. He made his second of the year, which came against East Liberty, Saturday, and Spuhler broke into the column by also getting one in Saturday's game.

The result of Saturday's game was a disappointment to Capt. Spuhler, who anticipated a victory, and when his team failed to bring it about he, after the game, threatened a big shake-up, which he is likely to execute ere the next game. The records of the players in both leagues follow:

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE.

	First Half.	Second Half.	Extra Time.
Ahl, Shadyside	2	2	0
Askin, East Liberty	3	0	1
Williams, Shadyside	2	0	1
Brown, High School	1	1	0
Bryan, East Liberty	0	1	0
Hall, Shadyside	1	0	0
Kohne, Shadyside	0	1	0
McCutcheon, Shadyside	0	1	0
Schenck, High School	0	1	0
Bunton, East Liberty	1	0	0
Spuhler, High School	0	1	0

Shots past goal tenders—Carnahan, Shadyside, 2; Buiger, East Liberty, 7; Harper, High school, 3; Kohne, Shadyside, 1; Yohe, Shadyside, 2.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA LEAGUE.

	First Half.	Second Half.
Campbell, Bankers	6	4
G. Sixsmith, Victorias	4	4
Robinson, P. A. C.	4	4
A. Sixsmith, Victorias	2	6
Wilson, P. A. C.	6	1
Roberts, Victorias	3	4
Taylor, Keystones	3	2
Henry, Victorias	4	0
Bright, Keystones	0	4
J. Roberts, Bankers	0	2
Willett, Keystones	0	1
N. Young, Keystones	1	0
Fields, Keystones	0	1
Duvall, Victorias	0	1
Phymister, Bankers	1	0
Fenwick, P. A. C.	1	0
*Melville, Keystones		

*Shot in extra period.

ANOTHER MATCH PROBABLE.

Slosson Wants Cure, French Expert, to Come Over to Play Him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special).—A billiard match between George Slosson and Louis Cure, the noted French expert, will probably be made soon. Slosson says:

"I will play him balk line, 18-2 or 18-1, or cushion carom, one, two or three nights, and I am willing to play winner to take all the net receipts, if he prefers those terms. I hope Cure does come over, as he is a fine player and a fine fellow. He is a left-hander, a rattling wide player, and great at all sorts of shots." Slosson says he is playing better billiards than he ever did before and has been averaging from 20 to 50 at 18-inch balk line, two shots in, in games of 300 and 400 points.

"And," added Slosson, "I'll play better still before I get through. I am all over the indisposition that bothered me when I was in Paris."

GOT SPARRING PARTNER.

Kid Carter of South Side to Help Jimmy Hanlon for McClelland.

Jimmy Hanlon, the fighting marine, stopped over in Pittsburgh yesterday on his way to Beaver Falls, where he is to meet Jack McClelland next Thursday night. He spent the day in a Turkish bath and he looks to be in the pink of condition.

He engaged Kid Carter of the South Side as his sparring partner. Hanlon is fully two inches taller than McClelland and looks heavier, but he says he will have no trouble to make the weight, 130 pounds at 3 p. m.

One week from today Jimmy Welsh and George Pheulcle meet at Windber for the 105-pound championship. The contest will be the first that has ever taken place there at the weight, and the winner will be open to defend the title. The show will take place in the Windber Opera house.

Superiors Win a Game.

The Superiors journeyed to Glenshaw on Saturday evening and defeated the team of that place 17 to 12. Lineup:

Superior—17.		Glenshaw—12.
Austin	L. F.	Reitor
Neely	R. F.	Wright
Dudder	C.	Strauss
Meals	L. G.	Leight
Dodds	R. G.	R. Strauss

Field goals—Neely, Meals 5, Dodds 2, Reitor, Wright, Strauss 2. Foul goals—Meals, Wright 4.

ATLANTIC CITY. ATLANTIC CITY. ATLANTIC CITY.

ATLANTIC CITY
NEW JERSEY

The Queen of All the Year Health and Pleasure Resorts.

The Features and Attractions Are Innumerable.

THE BOARDWALK. That magnificent ocean boulevard, five miles in length, skirting the ocean front, unobstructed view—the only structure of its kind in the world.

FISHING, SAILING, ETC. The winter season offers an endless array of aquatic sports in both still and rough waters. A fleet of public yachts are always on call.

BATHING. Hot and cold sea water baths in hotels adjoining rooms and in up-to-date public bathing establishments.

GUNNING. The adjacent meadows, as well as the nearby mainland, are the most prolific in varied game, and in the winter this sport is unexcelled.

DRIVING, AUTOMOBILING, ETC. Miles upon miles of magnificent avenues, a speedway of over 7 miles in length; beautiful roads through adjacent country, all go to make driving, riding, cycling and automobiling a most enjoyable pastime.

GOLF. The famous links of the Atlantic City Country Club are open throughout the year and are well patronized at all times. Tournaments are held at frequent intervals. This course has had the indorsement of the finest players, and ranks with the best in the United States.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS. Atlantic City's Hostelries are the equal of the finest hotels in the country and the majority of them remain open throughout the year, offering every possible comfort, convenience and luxury.

RAILROAD FACILITIES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—Through trains leaving Pittsburgh 7:15 A. M., week days; 7:30 A. M., 8:00 A. M., 9:00 P. M. and 10:00 P. M., daily, make direct conections in Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, with trains to Atlantic City via DELAWARE RIVER BRIDGE ROUTE, THE ALL-RAIL LINE.

ATLANTIC CITY'S LEADING HOTELS.

Write to any of them for further information, or call at Pittsburgh Bureau.

MARLBOROUGH HOUSE. Open all the Year. Josiah White & Sons. Write, wire or phone direct to hotel.

THE DUNLOP. Open all the Year. Robert T. Dunlop.

SEASIDE HOUSE. Open all the Year. F. P. Cook & Son.

HOTEL RUDOLF. AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS. Open all the Year. Rep. 3 Park Place. Chas. R. Meyers.

THE CHALFONTE. Undergoing extensive improvements. Reopens in 1904. The Leeds Company.

THE WILTSHIRE. Open all the Year. S. S. Phoebus.

HOTEL DENNIS. Open all the Year. Walter J. Buzby.

HOTEL BRIGHTON. Open all the Year. F. W. Hemsley & Son.

HADDON HALL. Open all the Year. Leeds & Lippincott.

HOTEL ST. CHARLES. Open all the Year. Newlin Haines.

YOUNG'S HOTEL. Opens Feb. 1st. Jas. R. Keenan.

HOTEL RALEIGH. Open all the Year. C. C. Shinn.

HOTEL TRAYMORE. Open all the Year. Traymore Hotel Co.

HOTEL STRAND. Open all the Year. Fairbairn & Williams.

GALEN HALL. Open all the Year. F. L. Young, Mgr.

THE ISLESWORTH. OSBORNE & PAINTER.

THE GARDEN HOTEL. White service throughout. W. I. Finch.

For the convenience of Pittsburghers, a personal representative of Atlantic City, N. J., will be at HOTEL LINCOLN, January 11th to 17th, 1904, to distribute booklets and give all information concerning Atlantic City and the hotels.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's Ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

HOTEL MORTON. VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH. Open all the year. Special rates for Winter. Refurnished and decorated. Rooms en suite, with private baths. Sun parlor. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. MRS. N. R. HAINES, Owner and Prop'r.

HOTEL DENNIS. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. Directly facing the ocean; hot and cold sea water in private baths; golf link privileges. WALTER J. BUZBY.

HOTEL BELMONT. Virginia ave., near the Beach. Open all year. Absolutely fireproof. Has all Home Comforts. Elevator, Steam Heat, Sun Parlor. Special winter rates, $8, $10, $12 weekly. No better accommodations given by any hotel on the coast. Booklet. E. S. Watson, Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN. Open all year. Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat; special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert E. Gionnie, manager, formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago and Hotel Pierrepont, New York. Booklets at The Gazette counting room.

HOTEL ARLINGTON. Michigan ave. and Beach. Offering Special Rates $10 up weekly. Excellent and modern. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor, private baths, etc. Superior table. Booklet mailed. A. K. KUNZ.

HOTEL WARREN. Managed by CLIFFORD C. HERR of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and bar. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey aves., 2 blocks to boardwalk.

THE NEW HOLLAND. New York ave., close to Beach. Open all year. Every comfort. Winter rates. M. J. Lee.

THE BOSCOBEL. Kentucky Ave., near Beach. Elegant brick hotel. Steam heat, elevator, sun-parlors. Open all year. Booklet mailed. A. E. Marion.

THE PENNHURST. Michigan ave. and Beach. Perfectly equipped for winter guests. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Winter rates. W. R. HOOD.

THE NEW CLARION. [illegible]

COLWYN. [illegible]

FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH.

Season 1904
Florida East Coast Hotel Co.

Ponce de Leon. ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Robert Murray. Opens Tuesday, January 12th, 1904. Closes Tuesday, April 12th, 1904.

Alcazar. ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Jos. P. Greaves. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 30, 1904.

Ormond. ORMOND-ON-THE-HALIFAX. Under the management of Messrs. Anderson & Price. Opens Monday, January 11th, 1904. Closes Monday, April 11th, 1904.

Royal Poinciana. PALM BEACH-ON-LAKE-WORTH. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 9th, 1904.

The Breakers. PALM BEACH-BY-THE-SEA. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry. Opens Monday, February 1st, 1904. Closes Saturday, April 2, 1904.

The Royal Palm. MIAMA. Under the management of Mr. H. W. Merrill. Opens Monday, January 11th, 1904. Closes Monday, April 4th, 1904.

The Colonial. NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of Mr. H. E. Bemis. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 2nd, 1904.

The Royal Victoria. NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of Mr. H. E. Bemis. Announcement will appear later.

Reservations, rates, handsomely illustrated souvenir booklets and other information may be procured of the managers.

ATLANTIC CITY.

THE WILTSHIRE. Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City. OPEN ALL YEAR. Booklet mailed. Booklet at The Gazette counting room. S. S. PHOEBUS.

HOTEL MAJESTIC. Virginia ave. and Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, elevator, sun-parlor. Superior table. $10 weekly and up. Booklet. Samuel Ellis. Booklet at The Gazette counting room.

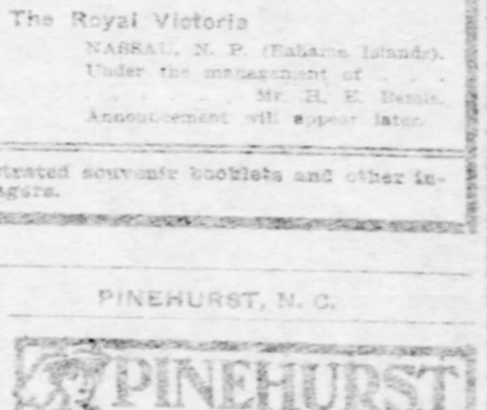
BEAUMONT—Tennessee Ave. near Beach. Steam heat. Open all year. $1.50 up daily. Special weekly. J. B. COBB.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

HOTEL ST. GEORGE. St. Augustine, Fla. Open. Enlarged and improved. Booklet. M. B. Montgomery, also Heustis House, Saratoga.

THE BARCELONA. [illegible]

PINEHURST, N. C.



A Charming Winter Resort in the Long Leaf Pine Region.
FOUR HOTELS
FIFTY COTTAGES
FINEST GOLF COURSES in the South
SHOOTING PRESERVE OF 25,000 ACRES
Pinehurst General Office, PINEHURST, N. C.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.

Hotel Chamberlin, OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.

The situation, as well as the appointments, of this famous hostelry are peculiarly conducive to recreation and enjoyment at this season. Cuisine and service of unsurpassed excellence.

Hampton Roads: Rendezvous of the White Squadron.
Fortress Monroe: Largest military post in the country.

3 Shooting preserves of 10,000 acres for exclusive use of guests. Fine shooting; dogs and guides furnished. Golf the year around. Booklets at offices of Merchants & Miners' Tr. Co. and Boston Home Journal. GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va. Booklets at Gazette Counting Room.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

North Carolina.

KENILWORTH INN. Biltmore, Near Asheville, N. C. Switzerland of America; Dry, Invigorating Climate; adjoining Biltmore estate; magnificently furnished.

HOT SPRINGS, N. C.

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL. Hot Mineral Water and Baths; quarter mile Sun Parlors; mild winters; grand scenery. Bath houses modern in every detail; cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery, bowling, tennis, hunting, fishing. Open all the year. EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

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Our Delightful Winter Cruises

Offer an unequalled opportunity for the tourist and pleasure-seeker; they vary in cost and duration to suit the plans and means of all who can arrange to escape the rigors of our severest Winter months.

To the Orient. By the popular S. S. AUGUSTE VICTORIA, a palatial floating hotel. Leaves New York, Feb. 2, 1904, number limited to 325 persons.

74 Days—$450 and Up

A most perfect annual undertaking. The itinerary includes FUNCHAL (Maderia), GIBRALTAR, side trips to Granada, and the Alhambra, MALAGA, ALGIERS, GENOA (Riviera), Nice, Monte Carlo, San Remo, etc.), VILLEFRANCHE, SYRACUSE, MALTA, ALEXANDRIA (Cairo, the Pyramids of Gizeh and Sakkarah, Luxor, etc.), BEIRUT (Damascus and Baalbek), JAFFA (Jerusalem, Bethlehem, Jericho, The Jordan, The Dead Sea, etc.), CONSTANTINOPLE, PIRAEUS (Athens), KALAMAKI (Greece, overland trip via Corinth, Mycenae, Argos, and Tiryns) NAUPLIA, MESSINA, PALERMO, NAPLES, GENOA, NEW YORK.

To the West Indies. By the PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE. Most perfect cruising craft afloat. From NEW YORK, FEBRUARY 6, 1904.

Itinerary: ST. THOMAS, SAN JUAN, Porto Rico; FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique; ST. PIERRE, Martinique; BRIDGETOWN, Barbados; PORT OF SPAIN, LA BREA POINT, Trinidad; LA GUAYRA, Venezuela; PUERTO CABELLO, CURACOA, KINGSTON, Jamaica; SANTIAGO, HAVANA, Cuba; NASSAU, N. P.; NEW YORK. Total distance 5,002 miles.

28 Days—$200 and Up

including stateroom and meals. To be followed by another cruise from NEW YORK, MARCH 8, 1904. This trip will include about the same ports of call as shown above, but steamer will call at Nassau and Havana first, where passengers who are South can join, visiting all the interesting islands in the West Indies, including a stay of 30 hours in

Bermuda

and be back in New York day before Easter.

Duration 25 days, and cost $175 upwards.

Around the World

I. cruise. Sept. 15, 1904, from New York.
II. cruise. Jan. 24, 1905, from San Francisco.
By the PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE.
Each trip about 4½ months, $1,125 upward, including R. R. across U. S.

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For local agents see other advertisement.

Hamburg-American.

Weekly Twin Screw Service
FOR PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG
Pennsylvania....Jan. 9 | Pretoria....Jan. 23
Patricia....Jan. 16 | Waldersee....Jan. 30

Mediterranean Service
New York—Naples—Genoa.
By superb new Twin Screw Steamers.
†Deutschland....Jan 19 | Palatia....Feb. 13
*A. Victoria....Feb. 2 | Pr. Oscar....Feb. 25
P. Adalbert....Feb. 4 | Phoenicia....Mar. 27
First Cabin, $50, $75, $90 Upward.
According to Steamer.

S. S. Deutschland to Italy
LESS THAN 8 DAYS TO NAPLES.

Around the World.

JAMAICA

ANCHOR LINE
United States Mail Steamships
New York Every Saturday for
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

FRENCH LINE.
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.

THE KEELEY CURE
The Keeley Institute,

ON EARTH ARE 1,600,000,000

Population of the World and Total Revenue of Countries Are Given.

THE DEBTS ARE $35,000,000,000

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.

"Area, population, commerce, revenue, expenditures, indebtedness, currency and stocks of money of the principal countries of the world" is the title of a statement just issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. The statement includes all countries and colonies for which statistics of commerce and the other conditions above mentioned are available, and thus presents an approximately complete picture of commercial and financial conditions throughout the entire civilized world.

The total exports of the countries and colonies included are stated at $10,278,-616,000 and the total imports at $11,525,-775,000, making the aggregate commerce $21,804,391,000. For most of the countries the figures stated relate to the year 1902, in a few cases they are for 1901, and in some for 1903. The aggregate of the world's commerce at the present time may therefore be set down, in round figures, as $22,000,000,000. While, presumably, all exports become, in turn, imports, the stated value of these imports exceeds by more than $1,000,000,000 the stated value of the merchandise in question when stated as exports.

Increase in Values.

This increased value in the statement of merchandise imported when compared with the statement of value of the same merchandise when exported is accounted for in part by the value added through transportation, insurance, etc., and in part also by the fact that statements of value are more carefully and rigidly made when the goods are imported than in the statements supplied on exportation. Under the term "exports" is included simply the domestic merchandise of the countries in question, and under the term "imports" the importation for home consumption, the imported merchandise re-exported not being included in the export statement, the purpose being to include in the statement the actual value of a single transaction in the merchandise originally entering into international commerce.

The population of the countries and colonies included in this statement is given at 1,487,150,000 and their area at 40,701,986 square miles. This figure of population in the countries included in the table seems to justify an estimate of 1,600,000,000 as the approximate total of the world's population at the present time.

The total revenue, for the latest available date, of the countries and colonies included in the list is set down at $7,854,301,000 and the total expenditures at $7,939,540,000.

Debts Are $35,000,000,000.

The total indebtedness of the countries named in the list is given at $34,389,604,-970; but as the statement does not include the indebtedness of certain minor colonies and divisions, the total national indebtedness of the world at the present time may safely be put, in round terms, at $35,000,000,000. The interest charge on the public debt of the countries named is given at $1,416,397,448.

The stocks of money in the countries named are stated at $11,999,300,000, or, in round terms, twelve billions of dollars, but in this statement the value of the monetary stock of silver-standard countries has not been changed to conform to the decline in silver values. The monetary stock of Mexico and other countries where the Mexican dollar circulates is given in terms of Mexican dollars. Of this total of twelve billions of dollars, representing the total stocks of money in the countries in question, $5,355,000,000 is stated as gold, $3,680,700,000 as silver, and $2,963,600,000 as uncovered paper.

The Largest Imports.

The largest imports of any single nation are those of the United Kingdom, $2,571,-416,000; Germany second $1,340,178,000; the United States third, $1,025,719,000; Netherlands fourth, $867,308,000, and France fifth $848,046,000. The per capita imports are, stated in the order of magnitude per capita: Netherlands, $162.20; New Zealand, $72.98; Belgium, $65.62; Switzerland, $64.89; United Kingdom, $61.28; Commonwealth of Australia, $54.74; the imports of the United States are given at $12.76 per capita. The per capita exports are: Netherlands, $137.08; New Zealand, $79.58; Commonwealth of Australia, $54.74; Belgium, $53.55; Switzerland, $50.28; those of the United States are given at $17.32 per capita. These figures, like the others of commerce quoted, relate to domestic exports only.

Gold is stated as the standard of currency in all of the countries named, except Bolivia, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, San Salvador, China, French East Indies, Mexico, Paraguay, and certain German colonies. These ten countries whose standard of currency is given as silver show a total commerce of $631,194,000, out of a total commerce of $22,000,000,000, or slightly less than 3 per cent of the grand total.

In the statement of indebtedness of the various countries the totals by countries, in the order of their magnitude, are: France, $5,856,312,892; United Kingdom, $3,885,146,323; Russia, $3,333,938,388; Italy, $2,590,605,000; Spain, $2,061,389,972; Austria Hungary, $1,112,790,247; British India, $1,-102,905,159; Commonwealth of Australia, $1,047,819,629.

Five Nations Owe Half.

The debt of the United States is stated at $925,011,637. The indebtedness of the German empire is given at $698,849,400, and of the German states $2,678,621,000. Five European countries—France, the United Kingdom, Germany, Italy and Spain—show an aggregate indebtedness of over $17,000,000,000, thus forming one-half of the total indebtedness of the world. The per capita debt, as stated in the order of magnitude, is: New Zealand, $327 11; commonwealth of Australia, $277 79; Portugal, $151 02; France, $150 31; Uruguay, $132 81; Honduras, $124 19; Spain, $110 72; Argentina, $100 08; the United Kingdom, $92 50; Netherlands, $88 62; Belgium, $81 28; Italy, $78 85. The debt of the United States is given at $11 51 per capita.

CAUGHT TRYING TO ROB AN ALLEGHENY STORE

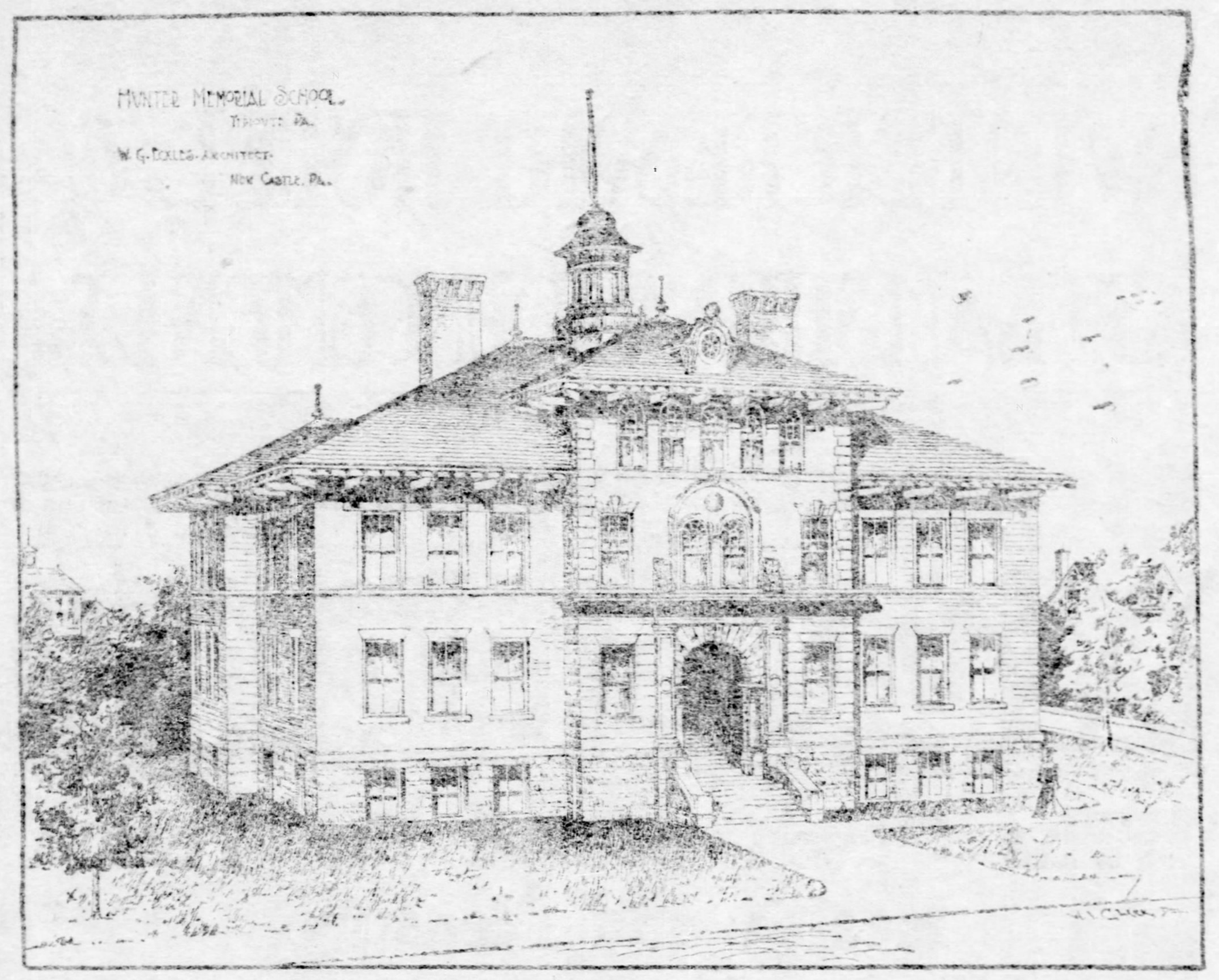
A small boy saw two men climbing through a window in the store of Harry Goldstein, 684 Preble avenue, Allegheny, shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday morning. He notified Police Sergeant Frank Saunders, who placed the men under arrest. They gave their names as John and Andy Robo. When the policeman entered the store a quantity of clothing and several pairs of shoes had been tied up in a bundle, ready to be carried away. The prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Harkins, in the Woods Run police court, yesterday morning and remanded for further examination.

Florida & Carolina Winter Resorts.
Excursion Rates via Seaboard Air Line—Shortest route to Pinehurst, Camden and Florida. J. J. Puller, 503 Park Building.

Tonight at 8, Germaine the Magician Allegheny Carnegie hall. 50 cents

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

News of the Nearby Towns and Country



Plans for Hunter Memorial School.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The $50,000 Hunter Memorial school, which is to be erected at Tidioute, Pa., by Mrs. Lillian Hunter in memory of her husband, the late L. L. Hunter of that place, will be one of the finest examples of school architecture in the country. It will be erected after plans drawn by Architect W. G. Eckles of this city, which were chosen after exhaustive competitions, in which many architects participated. Mrs. Hunter selected a committee of four Tidioute business men to decide upon the plans. This committee, which was composed of W. J. Elder, W. R. Dawson, F. A. Shaw and Senator H. H. Cummings, visited many cities and examined school buildings erected recently. A competetive test was then inaugurated, when the drawings of Architect Eckles were chosen. The building will contain eight school rooms, with basement playgrounds for the children during stormy and inclement weather, rooms for the principal and teachers and many other conveniences not usually found in public school buildings. The donor, Mrs. Lillian Hunter, desires this structure to be a memorial to her husband, a wealthy lumberman of this state, who lost his life in a steamboat disaster on the Ohio river during the summer of 1902.

ANOTHER VICTIM DIES OF FEVER AT BUTLER

This Makes 97th Death Since Typhoid Became Epidemic.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BUTLER, PA., Jan. 10.—The ninety-seventh death from typhoid fever occurred today, the victim being B. R. Greenwalt, the 15-month-old son of Mrs. Charles R. Greenwalt of Third street. He is the youngest person whose death has been caused by the fever.

One new case, a daughter of James Bowser of Mill street, was today removed to the county emergency hospital. There have been two previous cases of typhoid fever and one of diphtheria in this family.

The general situation is improving. During the past week only six new cases were reported as against 19 the preceding week and 28 Christmas week. Fully half of the 1,200 who were suffering from fever are now able to be out of bed and a few men have returned to work. There are probably from 600 to 700 still confined to bed. Two hundred families are still receiving aid from the relief committee.

DIED OF THE RABIES.

Young Woman Bitten by a Pet Dog Succumbs to Dreaded Malady.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Miss Mae, daughter of Joseph Buchanan of Colliers, W. Va., aged 23 years, died last night after suffering with hydrophobia since Wednesday. She was bitten in October by a Spitz dog.

The animal attacked a child and Miss Buchanan went to the rescue. The dog jumped for the child and Miss Buchanan caught the animal by the neck with her left hand and held him until help came. She was bitten on the left thumb. Nothing was thought of the bite, which was cauterized, until the malady developed.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE.

Intercollegiate Debates on Weighty Problems to Be Held at Early Date.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Arrangements have been completed here for a triangular intercollegiate debate between Washington and Jefferson college, Wooster (O.) university and the Western Reserve university of Cleveland. The first debate will be held in March between Washington and Jefferson and Wooster. The subject chosen is "Resolved, That the immigration laws of the United States government should be uniform with respect to all foreign nationalities." Washington and Jefferson will be represented by R. J. Lane, Edmond Robb and Herman Hackett.

The debate with Western Reserve will take place in Cleveland later, the subject to be "Resolved, That the United States government should ally itself with Great Britain or some adequate power for the purpose of preserving the integrity of the Chinese empire." Washington and Jefferson will be represented in this debate by Ira G. Greaves, W. S. Walsh and George L. Coyle.

DOCTOR SHOT ROBBER.

Physician at Ambridge Proves a Match for Two Midnight Marauders.

AMBRIDGE, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Two men supposed to be implicated in the three robberies at stations along the Ft. Wayne railroad Friday night attempted to rob the residence of Dr. Harry M. Lavelle early yesterday morning. About 4 o'clock Dr. Lavelle heard a sound in his office. He got out of bed, secured his revolver and waited. He heard the sound of a window being raised and, upon opening his bedroom door, saw two men about to crawl into the room. He fired and hit one of the pair, but both made their escape.

Dr. Lavelle is of the opinion that he wounded one of them either in the face or in the lung, for the wounded man spit blood in large quantities before leaving the premises. One man is described as tall and slender, while the other was short, the description corresponding to that of the two men who committed the station robberies. Dr. Lavelle is resident physician at Ambridge for the American Bridge Company.

WHOLESALE RAID MADE.

Canton Police Again Close the Gambling Joints, Making 44 Arrests.

CANTON, O., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—One of the most sweeping raids in the history of the Canton police department was started early this morning. Forty-four persons were arrested, all being alleged devotees of the green cloth. The paraphernalia was confiscated and carried to police headquarters.

Some weeks ago Mayor W. H. Smith issued orders that gambling must cease, and for a time all known places were dark. No arrests were made, however, and the keepers grew bold again. The start this morning was made in Court street. The 44 persons put up a total of $620 for a hearing later.

LOCAL AUTHORITIES MUST STOP EPIDEMIC

The State Board of Health Will Brook No Further in Action by Kittanning Authorities.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

KITTANNING, PA., Jan. 10.—The fever situation here remains unchanged. The state board has announced it will not countenance any more delay and unless the council compels the local board to take measures to stay the disease the state will act.

Since the first of December 73 cases have been reported. Of these five have died, while at present several are in a precarious condition. Dr. Batt left Saturday with the impression that there was great danger of a rapid growth of the epidemic unless prompt sanitary action was taken. The people acting in accordance with the advice of Quarantine Officer Dr. T. N. McKee, are generally boiling all water before using it, while a great many carry drinking water from springs on the hillside.

The public is hoping Dr. Batt's visit here on Saturday will result in proper precautionary methods.

TO INSPECT THE TENTH.

Annual Inquiry Into Condition of Manila Regiment Occurs Next Month.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Maj. Samuel W. Jefferis, inspector of the Second brigade, N. G. P., has notified Col. James E. Barnett, commander of the Tenth regiment, that the spring inspection of the regiment will begin the second week of February. The schedule follows: Company I, Greensburg, Tuesday, February 9; Company E, Mt. Pleasant, Wednesday, February 10; Company D, Connellsville, February 11, with hospital corps the same day; Company C, Uniontown, Friday, February 12; Company K, Tuesday, February 16; Company H, Washington, Wednesday, February 17; Company A, Monongahela City, Thursday, February 18; Company B, New Brighton, February 19.

Two Men Killed by Trains.

GREENSBURG, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—William G. Skinner of Blairsville was killed by a shifting engine in the Derry yards last night. He caught his foot in a frog and before he could release it he was run down by the engine. Martin Harrison of Schenectady, N. Y., an engineer, was killed by a westbound express train near Bolivar this morning.

DEDICATORY SERVICE FOR NEW CHURCH EDIFICE

New Brighton Methodists Now Occupy Their Handsome New Structure.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, PA., Jan. 10.—The new $25,000 church of the Firth Methodist Episcopal congregation was dedicated today. The edifice is one of the finest in the Beaver valley. The congregation numbers 700. The services lasted all day.

In the morning the Rev. Dr. Robert Forbes, secretary of the Church Extension society, preached the dedicatory sermon. The Rev. A. J. Ashe, the pastor; the Rev. G. M. Kelly of the Grace Methodist Episcopal church and the Rev. J. J. McIlyar, a former pastor, assisted. A platform meeting was held in the afternoon at which all of the pastors in the neighborhood spoke. This evening another meeting was held. The church was crowded at every service and about $5,000 was subscribed. No services were held at the two other Methodist churches here.

The church building is of buff brick and stone with terra cotta trimmings. From the vestibule doors open into both the main auditorium and Sunday school room. These, with class rooms, can be thrown together, giving a seating capacity of 1,000. The auditorium seats 800. The choir loft, pulpit and pipe organ are in the end opposite the entrance and are of massive design. The windows are all memorial tributes to former members.

The basement contains a small audience room, women's parlors, kitchen and cloak rooms. The erection of the edifice began last May.

Good Cooking
at home—not dear cooking—but economical and appetizing cooking is made possible in every kitchen by using a little
LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

Between Season Bargain Sale of
Body Brussels
Best grades—to clean up and make room for spring stocks
20 Patterns at $1.00 a yard.
20 Patterns at $1.15 a yard.
Regular $1.50 grade—a mid-winter opportunity for thrifty buyers.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK CO.,
219 Fifth Avenue.

A Good Start
is a bank account, in the right bank. This bank's reputation for courtesy, treatment and conservative management brings many a depositor to its doors.
First bank in the city open all day Saturday until 9 P. M.
North American Savings Co.
Fourth Ave. and Market St.

THE JANUARY FUR SELLING
Busier than bees we've been this week—
Fur selling extraordinary is in progress—
1/3 to 1/2 Off.
Means something when it has Paulson quality back of it—
$35 Fine Chinchilla Flat Scarf, passementerie ornaments—$24—
Superb Chinchilla Flat Muffs, $20 and $25—
$40 (2 skin) Baum Marten Neckpiece $28.50
$60 (3 skin) Baum Marten Neckpiece $40.00
$75 (4 skin) Baum Marten Neckpiece $55.00
$25 Mole Skin four-in-hand Ties $17.50
$35 Mole and Ermine four-in-hand Ties $21.50
$18 Isabella and Sable Foxes..$10.50
$25 Isabella and Sable Foxes..$16.50
Siberian Squirrel Scarfs and Muffs—in a great variety of shapes—1-3 off—
$375 Alaska Seal Coats........$300
$175 Persian Lamb Coats........$100
And so on throughout the entire department—
PAULSON BROS. CO.,
515 Wood St.

Idle Money
Is an unused talent, is unprofitable, is opposed to sound business sense. Every dollar you own has an earning capacity and ought to be made to do its full quota of money-making work. The most convenient, most satisfactory and safest way to PUT YOUR MONEY TO WORK is to deposit it—whether $1 or $10,000—in a bank conspicuous for its solidity and prosperity and that pays a safe rate of interest on your deposits. This is such a bank—capital, surplus and profits, $3,950,000. Pays 4 per cent on time deposits; 2 per cent on check accounts.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.
311 Fourth Avenue.

Karo CORN SYRUP
is not a molasses, but a pure, wholesome syrup fit to eat. All grocers, 10c, 25c, 50c.
The Great Spread For Daily Bread.
Corn Products Co., New York and Chicago.

Blank Books
How are your New Year needs in the Blank Book line?
Have you various sizes to meet all demands?—
If not—here they are—
All sizes—all styles—all needs satisfied—
Diaries
Pocket Diaries in a variety of cloth and leather bindings—
Very pretty, all of them—and uncommonly convenient.
J. R. Weldin & Co.
421-431 Wood Street.

Phone 910 J.
SCARS, POWDER MARKS, TATTOO STAINS, SMALLPOX PITTINGS,
And every abnormal disfiguration of the skin, can be permanently removed by my Special Method. Office hours, 9-6. Consultation free. Call or write.
A. SPAN, Dermatologist,
Room 28, McClintock Bldg.
510 Market St.

Trousers Reduced
Big assortment of new patterns to choose from—
$8 and $10 goods to be made up this month at $6 and $8.
DICKSON, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Office County Commissioners,
Pittsburgh, January 7, 1904.

Appeals from the triennial assessment of 1904 for the following districts,
Upper St. Clair township,
Bridgeville borough,
Edgewood borough,
Heysville borough,
will be held at this office until January 18, 1904.

J. C. MERCER,
J. A. CLARK,
JAMES EVANS,
County Commissioners.

Attest:
H. T. ROWLEY, Chief Clerk.

Going away for the winter? Note our list of Resorts and Routes on Page 9.

THE RATE FOR Found, Personal and All Classified Advertisements in THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE IS ONE CENT A WORD when paid for in advance.

For the convenience of advertisers The Pittsburgh Gazette has established the following branch offices, where classified advertisements may be left at regular rates, 1c a word, each insertion, cash in advance. Advertisements left at any branch office will be telephoned to the main office, thus insuring prompt publication.

PITTSBURGH.

BRUSHTON AVE., 818—F. S. Weisser & Co.
BUTLER ST., 3400—David Lewis.
BUTLER ST., 5521—H. C. Knapp.
BUTLER ST., COR. 48D—R. M. Totten.
BUTLER ST., COR. 44TH—A. W. Covert.
BUTLER ST., 5262—Henry A. Spalker.
CARVER ST., COR. PARK AVE.—R. B. McKelvey.
CENTER AVE., 1801—T. F. Moore.
CENTER AVE., 2161—C. F. Nourse.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST., McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., 1401, COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1743—Harper & Wynne.
FIFTH AVE., 2220—McKee & Berlin.
FIFTH AVE., 3614—Ihrig's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 3705—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros., Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Hohman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charles.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Totten.
FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., COR. PENN—Schilling Bros. Company.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 120—E. G. Suttal.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6956—Theo. T. Hill.
FULTON ST., 108—F. J. Kellenberger.
FULTON ST., COR. WYLIE—Wm. Schuchmann.
HAMILTON AVE., COR. HOMEWOOD—J. R. McCreary.
JUNILLA ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—E. H. Melvin.
KIRKPATRICK ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—James Sieling.
KELLY ST., COR. DALLAS AVE.—McCabe's.
LARIMER AVE., 410—F. J. Brehm.
LINCOLN AVE., COR. LEMINGTON—O. F. Freebing.
LEMINGTON AVE., COR. LINCOLN—O. F. Freebing.
NEVILLE ST., COR. CENTER AVE.—Shadyside Grocery Company.
OAKWOOD ST., COR. FRANKSTOWN AVE.—McKee & Berlin.
PARK AVE., 101, COR. CARVER ST.—R. B. McKelvey.
PENN AVE., 2891—P. C. Schilling Company.
PENN AVE., 3400—G. W. Tea, Druggist.
PENN AVE., 6030, COR. HIGHLAND—East End Drug Company.
PENN AVE., COR. FRANKSTOWN—Schilling Bros. Company.
STEVENSON ST., COR. FIFTH AVE.—Chas. L. Young.
SECOND AVE., 5448, GLENWOOD—R. E. Flocka.
SHILOH ST., 36—M. E. Taylor.
TEMPLE ST., COR. WARD—W. S. Beach.
THIRTY-THIRD ST., 637—McNally's Pharmacy.
TWENTY-EIGHTH ST., COR. PENN AVE.—P. C. Schilling Company.
WARD ST., COR. TEMPLE—W. S. Beach.
WYLIE AVE., 1161, COR. CONGRESS—C. F. McMurray.
WYLIE AVE., COR. FULTON—Wm. Schuchmann.
WYLIE AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—James Sieling.
WYLIE AVE., 2920—J. Rueckert.
WYLIE AVE., 2450, COR. JUNILLA ST.—E. H. Melvin.
WYLIE AVE., 1402—E. K. Thumm.

ALLEGHENY.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1200, COR. CABINET ST.—Allegheny Avenue Pharmacy.
ALLEGHENY AVE., COR. REBECCA ST.—C. A. Spang.
BEAVER AVE., 1402—Bundy & Eaton.
BEAVER AVE., COR. FRANKLIN ST.—John Brittain.
BEAVER AVE., COR. DIXON ST.—Wm Dice.
BRANCH ST., COR. LOWRY—T. J. McGee.
BUENA VISTA ST., COR. JACKSON—Seigleder & Kutscher.
BRIGHTON PLACE, COR. TAGGART ST.—D. A. Vanasdale.
CABINET ST., COR. ALLEGHENY AVE.—Allegheny Avenue Pharmacy.
CALIFORNIA AVE., 1300, COR ISLAND—C. L. Graf.
DIXON ST., COR. BEAVER AVE.—Wm. Dice.
FEDERAL ST., 216—James R. McClelland.
FEDERAL ST., 203—W. A. Steele.
FEDERAL ST., COR. NORTH AVE.—Minnick's Drug Store.
FRANKLIN ST., COR. BEAVER AVE.—John Brittain.
FREMONT ST., COR. WASHINGTON AVE.—C. H. Kelly.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE., COR. SEDGWICK—Louis Steitz.
FULTON ST., COR. LOCUST—J. P. Urban & Son.
GRANT AVE., COR. WESTERN—Henry W. Heckel.
JAMES ST., COR. OHIO—Crescent Pharmacy.
JACKSON ST., COR. BUENA VISTA—Seigleder & Kutscher.
JUNIATA ST., COR. MANHATTAN—Jas. A. Fassel.
LOCUST ST., COR. FULTON—J. P. Urban & Son.
LOWRY ST., COR. BRANCH—T. J. McGee.
MANHATTAN ST., COR. JUNIATA—James A. Fassel.
MANHATTAN ST., COR. WASHINGTON—Chas. M. Kelly.
MONTGOMERY AVE., COR. FEDERAL ST.—B. P. Welsch.
M'CLURE AVE., COR. WOODS RUN—Will J. Morris.
MONTEREY ST., 1410—Minnick's Drug Store.
NORTH AVE., COR. FEDERAL ST.—Minnick's Drug Store.
OHIO ST., COR. JAMES—Crescent Pharmacy.
OHIO ST., COR. UNION AVE.—Wm. Ziegenhein.
PERRYSVILLE AVE., 2111—W. L. Sutter, Ph. G.
PERRYSVILLE AVE., 2026—Thomas Cooper.
REBECCA ST., 636, COR. SCHOOL ST.—Rebecca Street Pharmacy.

WANTED.

Male Help.

YOUNG MEN—To learn telegraphy, day or evening, and accept railroad positions paying from $45 to $125 per month. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

Female Help.

GIRL—Experienced, for general housework. 221 South Euclid ave., between Penn and Baum.

WOMEN—Five bright young women, who are capable of interviewing people; good salary. Apply at The Pittsburgh Gazette classified adv. department.

WOMAN wanted; a middle-aged woman preferred to assist with the work in a family of four. Apply 629 Jones ave., North Braddock.

YOUNG LADIES—To learn telegraphy for city positions. Apply Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

Male and Female Help.

EXPERIENCED checkers and assorters. Apply at once. Brace Bros.' Park Place Laundry, Wilkinsburg.

Situations—Male.

JAPANESE valet, experienced, desires situation; also thoroughly competent butler, just from New York; highest references. Address W 7, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

EXPERIENCED woman collector wants work with reliable firm. M. K. Washington, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

Students.

HOLIDAY SCHOLARSHIPS

EASY TERMS EASY TERMS — SPECIAL DISCOUNTS $$$

THE ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE is issuing one hundred scholarships now on easy terms, and allowing special holiday discounts, to enable parents to give their sons and daughters these valuable educational presents. Call or write for particulars. Actual Business College, 310 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. Twenty-fourth year. (Big Ten-Cent Store building). Procure scholarships right away for special terms and discounts, and qualify your sons and daughters for commercial and shorthand positions. Scholarships good for day or night school all the year. Begin now.

Small payment secures scholarships at once. Balance payable during the new year. Winter term begins January 4, 1904.

Real Estate.

HOUSE WANTED.

Wanted to rent a house in good neighborhood, consisting of about six rooms, bath and all conveniences. Address, stating particulars, rent, location, etc. H 10, The Gazette.

WANTED. WANTED. WANTED.
A good frame or brick house from $2,500 to $4,000, in 21st or 27th wards, Pittsburgh, or Wilkinsburg, Pa.
ADDRESS H 103, THE GAZETTE.

WANTED—To rent good house, 7 to 9 rooms, on quiet street in East End, convenient to Fifth, Highland or Ellsworth aves. Room 301, 435 Sixth ave. 'Phone Grant 3200.

Farms.

WILL PAY CASH FOR FARM OF 100 TO 150 ACRES; GOOD BUILDINGS AND SPRING WATER, IN SOUTHEASTERN PART OF OHIO.
THE BRIDGEVILLE REAL ESTATE CO., Bridgeville, Pa.

Financial.

ACCOMMODATION—$200 wanted for 30 days; return $240, giving security worth $600. Address O 93, The Gazette.

Pupils.

BERLITZ SCHOOL and TRANSLATION BUREAU, Nixon Office Building, Sixth ave.

Miscellaneous.

BURGLAR ALARMS—Repairing, wiring, Duquesne Electric Co., 436 Fourth ave. 'Phone 2182-4 Court.

WANTED—60 second-hand folding camp chairs. Address Chairs, 528 Taylor ave., Allegheny.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 5521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

ALBERT ST., 3 MT. WASHINGTON—Furnished room; gases bath.

ATWOOD ST., 246—Furnished room in private family; all conveniences.

AVALON ST., 3100—Rooms, fronting Center ave.; 15 minutes from court house; gentlemen only; reference required and given.

BEDFORD AVE., 1110—Three large furnished rooms; light housekeeping; ladies preferred.

CARSON ST., 1737—Large second floor front room, gas and bath; reasonable.

CRAIG ST., SOUTH, 319—Large second-story front room, all conveniences, for gentlemen only; private family.

FIFTH AVE., 3520—Three furnished and one unfurnished rooms; all conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 1745—Front room with alcove, suitable for two.

FIFTH AVE., 2520—Four newly furnished rooms, board if desired; all conveniences.

FIFTH AVE., 1428—Second floor; large front rooms, all conveniences; centrally located.

FIFTH, 2413—Two nicely furnished front rooms; gentlemen only; all conveniences.

FRANKLIN AVE., 746, Wilkinsburg, large furnished room, with alcove; all conveniences.

FRAZIER ST., 2528, Oakland—Parlor bedroom; reasonable; Atwood st. car; good location.

GIBBON ST., 1108—Well furnished room; natural gas; bath; private bath.

FRIENDSHIP PARK, 4745, two nicely furnished rooms, 2d, 3d floors; rough washing included; newly furnished.

MODEL HOTEL, 318 Ross st., cor. Fourth ave. Furnished rooms and lodging; rates reasonable.

MEADE ST., 308, Wilkinsburg—Nicely ...

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Allegheny.

RESACA ST., 1209—Five unfurnished rooms; bath, gases, electric lights, laundry; possession February 1.

ST. CLAIR TERRACE, 1323—Three first-floor unfurnished rooms bath, gases, laundry, range.

ST. CLAIR TERRACE (Hollywood place) 1919—Two unfurnished rooms; all conveniences.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

FRANKLIN AVE., 813, Wilkinsburg—For rent, nicely furnished room, with meals, every convenience; near station.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Refined French family can accommodate four young men of refinement who are willing to pay $5 a week. Address V 70, The Gazette.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5943—Furnished rooms with good board; desirable location.

COLLEGE AVE., 719—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; good table board; convenient location.

HAILMAN ST., 324, near Marchand—Large furnished front room; every convenience; board.

HIGHLAND AVE., 327, SOUTH—Furnished room and board; second floor.

LIBERTY AVE., 5106—Dining room and restaurant; home cooking; table boarders wanted.

NORTH CRAIG ST., No. 168, East End—Large room, with board; hot and cold water.

TO LET—ROOMS AND BOARD—EAST END PACIFIC AVE., 405, East End—Three large front rooms; board; corner house, near Christ M. E. church.

WALNUT ST., 5806—Excellent location; well-furnished rooms; good home board. P. & A. 811-X.

WANTED—ROOMS.

THREE or four unfurnished rooms, in good location, near East Liberty station; two adults; state price. Address X 1, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

City and Surburban Residences.

Flowers ave., 4 rooms, attic, bath, gas, inside w. c.	$15.00
Werner st., 7-room brick; bath, gas, range	$19.00
Renova st., 6 and 7-room bricks; bath, gas, laundry, etc.	$25.00 to $35.00
Flowers ave., near Second ave., 4-room apartment; separate bath, gas, etc.	$20.00
Oakwood st., 6-room frame; bath, gas, laundry, etc.	$18.00
Osceola st., 5-room frame	$18.00
Elizabeth st., 6-room frame; bath, gas, hot and cold water, stationary laundry tubs, etc.	$20.00
Flowers ave., 2-room frame	$10.00
Flowers ave., 6-room brick	$15.00
Renova st., 8 rooms, furnished, use of bath; all other modern conveniences; free gas	$25.00

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
Farmers Bank Building.

FOR RENT—Five-room house, $12.50 per month, Luther st., Mt. Oliver; send for list.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.,
327-329 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT.
Send card for list of houses and apartments for rent and map of East End, free.
S. H. LLOYD,
No. 5022 Penn ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

East End Residences.

Send for our rent list of East End and suburban dwellings.
LIBERTY R. E. T. CO.,
6128 Penn ave., E. E.

SEND postal for complete rent list of East End [illegible]

FOR SALE.

Lots.

FOR SALE—Fifth ave. lot, one of the best locations for flat.
J. H. ELDER & CO.,
415 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Lot on Broadway, West Liberty plan, at first cost if sold at once. Can be arranged in payments. For information address 804 Lang ave., East End.

FOR SALE—Good lots on Mt. Washington, only 15 minutes from postoffice.
J. H. ELDER & CO.,
415 Fourth ave.

Farms.

FOR SALE—Washington county farm, 265 acres; near railroad, churches and schools; underlaid with Pittsburgh vein of coal; on the premises are 5 producing oil wells, one gas well, good fruit orchard, water and buildings. For further particulars inquire of J. M. McBurney, 316 Washington Trust building, Washington, Pa.

TEN acres splendid level land, close to Atlantic City; just the place for poultry or truck farm; can be bought on easy terms; get particulars at once; refer to G 345. WALTER BECKER, 444 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE OHIO FARMS.
Send stamp for 1904 illustrated list.
NEILL & BLAKESLEE, OAKMONT, PA.

FARMS—ALL SIZES AND PRICES.
Send for our list.
ROYAL REALTY CO., 605 Times Bldg.

Business Property.

FOR SALE—Hotel property, close to city, with license.
J. H. ELDER & CO.,
415 Fourth ave.

Oil Lands.

ED WITTISH, 424 FIFTH AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa., offers for sale several good, settled productions. For particulars call.

Lands and Acreage.

PORTABLE sawmill and 10 acres white oak timber for sale on line of R. R. or will sell mill separate; for further particulars address M 9, The Gazette.

Real Estate—Special.

BE INDEPENDENT—Buy a farm; we have a large list. 505 Hamilton bldg.

For Sale or Rent.

FARM of 120 acres, located adjoining borough [illegible]

FOR SALE OR RENT.

Real Estate Trust Co.
311 FOURTH AVE.

EAST END APARTMENTS.

Homer Apartments, 5542, 5548 Homer st., near Negley and Stanton aves., beautiful 3 and 4 room apartments in Highland Park district; every imaginable convenience.

Lennox Apartments, 223, 227, 231 Mathilda st., near Penn ave. Highest class apartments of 3 and 4 rooms each, with bath and every modern comfort.

Peebles Apartments, Peebles st., near Franklin st. (Wilkinsburg), one flat of 5 rooms and bath; strictly modern. Possession at once.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

EAST END DWELLINGS.

$7.50—3 rooms, 3748 Frazier st.
$10—2-story, 4 room frame, Beechwood boulevard and Forward ave.
$10—2-story frame, 6361 Penn ave. (rear).
$12—2-story 6-room frame, 30 Blaine st.
$12—6 room frame, 32 Blaine st.
$15—3 rooms, first floor, bath, range, both gases, Enfield st., near Mariposa st.
$15.50—2-story 4 room brick, 349 Gross st.
$18—2-story frame, 7 rooms, 626 Brainerd st., near Park and Lincoln aves.
$20—2-story brick, 5 rooms, 15 Baxter place, Brushton.
$22—2-story 8 room frame, 3225 Juliet st.
$30—8 room brick, all conveniences, possession at once, 16 Wilmot sq., Oakland.
$30—2-story 6 room brick, modern, 347 Ophelia st.
$30—2-story 7 room brick, modern, 7525 Hermitage st.
$40—2-story 8 room brick, modern, 7228 Hermitage st.
$45—2-story, modern home, 712 South Linden ave.
$55—To April 1st, ($70 thereafter), 3-story 9 room, reception hall, 502 S. Linden ave.
$60—To April 1st ($75 thereafter), 3-story 11 room frame, 824 N. St. Clair st.
$83.33—3-story 12 room brick, reception hall, 118 Craft ave.
$100—Handsome brick house, every modern comfort, 17 rooms; 410 East End ave., Wilkinsburg.
$2,500 per year—2-story 15 room brick, 3 baths, lot 60x150, stable. Will lease completely furnished for $3,000. 4259 Fifth ave.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

PITTSBURGH DWELLINGS.

$6—2-story frame, 2 rooms, 3418 Ridge st.
$7—2 rooms and basement, 2354 Forbes st.
$7.50—2-story frame, 5 rooms, 32 Crescent st.
$8—2 rooms on third floor, 2523 Aliquippa st.
$9.25—2 rooms on first floor (rear), 549 Second ave.
$10—2-story frame, 3 rooms (rear), 2470 second ave.
$10—2 rooms on first floor, 1139 Spring st.
$10—2-story and basement, frame, 3 rooms, 373 Thirty-third st.
$12—2-story and attic brick, 5 rooms, 21 Cornet st.
$12—2-story 4-room brick, 1415 Vickroy st.
$12—2-story and basement frame, 4 rooms, 3314 Ruthven st.
$13—3 rooms (rear), 1524 Wylie ave.
$13—3 rooms on first floor, 104 Forty-first st.
$13—2-story 6 room frame, 169 Herron ave., near Thirty-third st.
$13.50—2-story and basement frame, 4 rooms, 9 Shafer st., near Bedford ave.
$14—2-story and basement brick, 4 rooms, 1611 Liberty st.
$15—3 rooms on first floor, modern, 7 Anderson st.
$17—2-story 5 room brick, 2167 Wylie ave.
$17—2-story and mansard frame, 8 rooms, 3353 Ridge st.
$18—2-story frame, 6 rooms, 14 Coleman st.
$22—2-story and attic brick, 8 rooms, 291 Elizabeth st.
$25—2-story and mansard brick; 7 rooms, 618 Perry st.
$37.50—2-story and mansard brick, 8 rooms, all conveniences, 617 Kirkpatrick st., near Wylie ave. Possession at once.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

ALLEGHENY DWELLINGS.

$12—3 rooms, second floor, 1007 Manhattan st.
$13—3 rooms, first floor, 1007 Manhattan st.
$15—2-story frame, 5 rooms, 1329 Sheffield st.
$17—2-story 4 room brick, 55 Melrose ave.
$18—2-story 5 room frame, 163 Cass ave.
$25—2-story 7 room frame, Bailey st., near California ave.
$32—2-story 7 room brick, 52 Hazel st. (Troy Hill.)

[illegible]

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS remaining in the Pittsburgh postoffice, January 11:
Persons calling for letters please give above date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs. Ella Acor, Nellie Adams, Mrs. Mary L. Aiken, Mrs. Smith Agreen, Mrs. Chas. Alam, Mrs. S. R. Albright, Miss Alexander, Mrs. Hugh Purdleton Allen, Lou Allison, Marcelle Anderson, Bertha Mae Anderson, Lillian Arthur, Eleanore S. Ayres.

B—Mrs. Katherine T. Babcock, Mrs. Harry Banks, Mrs. Elsie Barnes, Mrs. Bush Bar- [illegible]

[illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN.

The Money Is Here Waiting for You

There is no need to bother about your debts. Borrow money from us and join the "Don't Worry" club. We will loan you all you need at 6 per cent interest, the lowest rate in Allegheny county. Our fireproof vaults are protected from burglars by electricity. Security such as diamonds, watches, jewelry, furs, etc., is accepted.

Six Per Cent
Market Street Loan Office
214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.
CAPITAL $250,000.00.

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 49 principal cities.
TOLMAN, 409 Smith Block.

All the Money You Need, at
Rates Lower Than the Lowest,
On Your Diamonds, Watch or Jewelry.
JOS. De ROY & SONS.
In One Location Nearly Half a Century.
307 SMITHFIELD ST.,
Directly Opposite Postoffice.
No Pawnbroker sign displayed.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.
J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

MONEY TO LOAN on easy payments.
Building loans on same terms.
R. B. BLACK, 243 Fourth ave., Second Floor.

RETIRED party loans large fund; mortgages, collateral and heirs to estates, 4½ and 6 per cent. Address P. O. box 1518.

WE have plenty of MONEY for good mortgages. Bring deed. Fidelity Home & Realty Co., 312 Fourth ave.

Mortgage Loans.

WANT $25,000 on first mortgage 5 per cent Smithfield st. property. Address P. O. box 1512.

$300,000 for 1st m'g's, large or small amounts; either time or re-payments. P. O. Box 863.

INDIVIDUAL will loan money at 4 per cent. 2d mortgages, notes or heirs to estate. Box 863.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Cosmopolitan National Bank,
Wood and Liberty Streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.
ELECTION—The annual election for directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Wood and Liberty sts., Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m.
D. J. RICHARDSON, Cashier.

Exchange National Bank
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 10, 1903.
ELECTION—The annual election for directors of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh will be held at the banking house, No. 240 Fifth ave., on Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 m. and 1 p. m.
A. LONG, Cashier.

The Diamond National Bank,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 11, 1903.
ELECTION—The annual election for fourteen directors of this bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, corner Fifth avenue and Union street, Tuesday, January 12, 1904, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 p. m.
H. C. WETTENGEL, Cashier.

Office of the Birmingham Fire Insurance Co.,
1327 Carson st.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 4, 1904.
ELECTION—The annual election of directors to serve the ensuing year will be held in the office of the company, Monday, January 11, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.
E. G. SCHOLZE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of the Manufacturers Light & Heat Company,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 22, 1903.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company have declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT on the capital stock out of the earnings of the current quarter, payable on January 20, next, to stockholders of record January 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.
H. E. SEIBERT, Secretary.

The Gusky Company,
336 to 344 Diamond st.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 6, 1904.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of two and one-half (2½) per cent on the capital stock out of the earnings of the last three months, payable forthwith.
W. J. LANGENHEIM, Secretary.

Office of the Teutonia Insurance Company,
735 Ohio street, Allegheny City, Pa.,
Jan. 5, 1904.
DIVIDEND NO. 62—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT ($3.00) per share, out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on demand.
C. W. GERWIG, Secretary.

The Arsenal Bank of Pittsburgh,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 17, 1903.
DIVIDEND—The directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENTUM on the capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable January 2, 1904.
JOHN GRINE, Cashier.

Mortgage Banking Company,
423 Fourth avenue,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 7, 1904.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT for quarter ending December 31, 1903, payable January 20, 1904.
W. B. LAWTON, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 24, 1903.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors of the Freehold bank has declared a dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT out of the earnings of the last three months, payable to stockholders of record December 31, 1903.
HOMER C. STEWART, Cashier.

First National Bank,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 23, 1903.
DIVIDEND—The board of directors of this bank has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, payable January 1, 1904. Checks will be mailed.
F. H. SKELDING, Cashier.

Office of the Birmingham Fire Insurance Co.,
1327 Carson st.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 4, 1904.
DIVIDEND NO. 42—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of four and one-half (4½) per cent [two dollars and twenty-five cents ($2.25) per share] out of the earnings of the last six months, payable January 11.
E. G. SCHOLZE, Secretary.

PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—Clairvoyant readings; any person in trouble consult Lynch, 228 Isabella st., Allegheny.

PERSONAL—Razors honed, hair cutting, 25c each. Park Building Barber Shop.

M. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 2321 Butler st. Both telephones.

LOST.

LOST, Strayed or Stolen—On Wednesday, December 23, collie dog, brown with white breast; answers to name Rab; had on his collar his name, license and register number. A reward will be paid to any person returning him to No. 949 Lincoln ave., Allegheny.

PATENTS.

A. M. BROWN & CO., sellers and purchasers of patents. 601 German National Bank Bldg.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 334 Smithfield st., opposite postoffice.

RESTAURANTS.

BOHEMIAN CAFE, 228 Diamond st.
Italian Meals a Specialty.
25c—Merchants' Lunch—25c
BOHEMIAN CAFE, 228 Diamond st.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

JAMES P. BROOKS Dancing Academy, 1040 Penn ave. Beginners' classes Mondays and Fridays. Advanced class, Thursday evenings.

SEWING MACHINES.

FOR GENUINE DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINES, repairing, needles, oil and parts, go to Domestic office, 616 Penn ave., second floor.

Trouble getting your rents promptly? Place your property in our hands and you'll get a check the first of every month.
We do the waiting.
UNION REALTY COMPANY
Owned and Controlled by Iron City Trust Co.
Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000.
PENN AND NINTH.

MESSAGE TO MEN, BY DR. PARTRIDGE

Pastor of Fourth Avenue Baptist Church Preaches Second Sermon of Series.

VIRTUES OF APOSTLE PAUL

At the Fourth Avenue Baptist church, yesterday morning, the pastor, Dr. Warren G. Partridge, preached his second sermon in his series on "Practical Christianity," which he is preaching Sunday mornings during January. His topic was "A Message to Men," and the text was I. Corinthians, xvi., 13, "Quit you like men." Dr. Patridge spoke in part as follows:

The Apostle Paul was every inch a man. There was nothing mean or small or cowardly about his manhood. He was a stalwart man among men. He had more courage, both moral and physical, than any hero among Cromwell's invincible Ironsides. He was the soul of honor. He was fearlessness personified. He was consistent in life and conscientious in all his dealings with men.

By reason of his irreproachable life, his sentences were moral thunderbolts. Paul lived in constant conflict, and yet he never saw a man or a body of men of whom he was afraid, especially after he became a champion of the Man of Galilee. This soldierly man, superb in heroism and enthusiasm, filled with the Holy Spirit, was inspired of God to write to men.

Paul sounds a war-cry to the Christian men of Corinth. Corinth was a great city, of immense commercial activity. It was a metropolis bustling with the din of manufacture, trade and commerce. It was a city of wealth, luxury, gaiety, frivolity, paganism and lust.

To be a Christian in those days meant something. It meant social ostracism, hatred by business men, persecution, exile, suffering, imprisonment, and often martyrdom. The Apostle Paul calls upon all men in those stormy times to act like men. "Quit you like men" signifies to men to be manly, to act the part of a true man. This text would indicate that the church at Corinth had a goodly number of male members.

Paul, like Jesus, was able to reach men. Unbelievers in that day could not say of the church, as some scoffers have said in modern times, "The Christian church is composed mostly of women and children." In the twentieth century many congregations in Christian ...

... But are men today doing their share of Christian work in our churches? Look at the Sunday schools. In many Sunday schools there are twice as many women teachers as there are men who are teachers. I knew of a large Sunday school in another city where there were 48 women teaching and only 17 men as teachers. Patriotism should bring more men as workers and teachers into our Sunday schools.

The future of this country depends upon the training of the boys and girls. Good authorities say that 85 per cent of our church members today come from the Sunday schools. Are men doing their share in teaching and training the young in the church and in the state? Men have magnificent powers which are latent.

THE TEN COMMANDMENTS BY DR. J. LEONARD LEVY

Course of Lectures Begun by Rabbi in the Eighth Street Synagogue.

The Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy yesterday morning in the temple of the Reform congregation Rodeph Shalom, Eighth street, below Penn avenue, began a course of lectures on "The Ten Commandments," the first of which was entitled, "Is God Divided?" After discussing the probable form of arrangement and the eternal validity of the "Ten Words" given at Sinai, the rabbi said in part:

With the announcement from Sinai that the Eternal is God and with the command, "Thou shalt have no other gods except Me," ...

... Now that the holidays are over my lady can give her whole attention to her wardrobe, and the wise woman begins her spring sewing while the new year is in its early youth. The revival of smocking will be welcomed by admirers of this quaint method of disposing fullness, and attractive designs, showing this popular effect, are illustrated in the February issue of the Peerless Fashion Sheet. This sheet is given away at Campbell's "The People's Store," and a perusal of its pages will be of valuable assistance to the woman who is seeking the newest ideas.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SOME DANGERS OF MORMONISM

The Rev. John D. Nutting Tells of Mission Work in Utah.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF CHURCH

A timely exposition of the doctrines of Mormonism was made yesterday by the Rev. John D. Nutting, secretary of the Utah gospel mission of Cleveland, who is here working in behalf of the new institution. Mr. Nutting spent seven years among the Mormons in the west and is familiar with their customs and religion. At the First United Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh, yesterday morning, Mr. Nutting spoke on "The Mormon Problem of Today." He said:

Polygamy is not the essential of Mormonism, as so many persons think; or even its worst feature. "Mormonism" is Mormon doctrine or belief, and this, as stated in the words of its own greatest teachers, is hardly more than sheer paganism. It teaches, for instance, that there are many gods, with flesh and bone bodies, male and female, polygamous, whose chief glory is to continue propagation in the next world. These "gods" all were once human beings, and all men and women who are polygamists here will become gods hereafter.

Adam was and is the god of this world. The Mormon "Christ" was the son of this Adam-god and Mary by natural generation. Such doctrines find their only parallel in ancient paganism. They are not Christianity, as the elders who visit from door to door here with their false "articles of faith," will claim Mormonism to be, but its very opposite, and they constitute one of the most hostile foes which Christianity has ever had to meet.

Many Mormons in the Country.

Yet 300,000 Mormons in our land alone hold these doctrines and multitudes of the people are as sincere in their belief as we in ours. One outgrowth of this deadly teaching is polygamy, but everyone who is acquainted in Utah knows that it is far from the only criminal result of the system, where its blasting effects have only begun to be felt.

Nor is the evil diminishing. The census of 1850 reported 144,352 Mormons in the United States, while at present the system claims about 300,000 and has a stronger grip on each individual than before, its strength having ...

Why the Evil Persists.

LARGE CROWD AT BIJOU ASKED FOR PRAYERS

Seventy-Five New Members Received Into Second Presbyterian Church.

Accepts Call to Indiana.

Services in the Jail.

VETERAN WESTINGHOUSE EMPLOYES BANQUET

PROPHETIC TESTIMONIES TO SHOW THE APPROACH OF THE MILLENNIUM

Pastor Charles T. Russell Gives the Second of His Chart Talks.

LARGE AUDIENCE IS PRESENT

Pastor Charles T. Russell gave his second chart talk in the Allegheny Carnegie Music hall yesterday afternoon. His theme was "The Times of the Gentiles Nearly Run Out," in which he took up prophetic testimonies to show that the millennium is near. About 800 persons heard Mr. Russell's discourse, which was as follows:

I take for my text our Lord's words: "Jerusalem shall be trodden down of the Gentiles until the times of the Gentiles shall be fulfilled." (Luke xxi., 24.)

These words were a part of our Lord's great prophecy to His apostles, covering the period from His death to His second advent. He had just declared to them the coming trouble upon the Jewish nation, which would result in its complete overthrow, and in the words of our text He intimated that the nation, the Holy Land its capital, Jerusalem, would be under the dominion of others for a considerable period of time—until a certain period of Gentile domination which had been foretold should be accomplished or fulfilled.

Before our Lord's death, before the rejection of Israel from being the Lord's peculiar people, before the breaking down of the "middle wall of partition" (Eph. ii., 14), the whole world was divided into two classes, namely, Israelites, or God's covenanted people, and Gentiles, or those who were not in covenant relationship with God. Thus the term Gentile included not only barbarians, but also the most civilized peoples of the world outside of Israel. With the beginning of the gospel dispensation another class was introduced, namely, spiritual Israelites—God's people under the new covenant arrangement.

Divided Into Three Classes.

Now, therefore, the world may be divided into these three classes—first, the Jews (or such of them as maintain their original covenant relationship with God and have not departed into unbelief, and for whom there is still reserved a share in the Lord's provision for the future (Rom. xi., 26-29); second, spiritual Israelites (not all who are called Christians, but all true believers in the Lord, who have entered into covenant relationship with Him through Christ ...

Jerusalem Under Gentile Dominion.

Dawning of a New Epoch.

A Prophetic Foreview.

The Dream Prophetically Explained.

Kingdom of God's Dear Son.

A Day of Vengeance.

Another Prophetic Picture.

Interpretation of Commentators.

Desire of All Nations.

Times Definitely Stated.

The Facts of History Corroborate.

Whole Fabric Will Crumble.

Seven Times of Punishment.

... should pass over him signified that he should dwell as a beast of the earth for seven years. The record of the prophet is that the matter was so fulfilled. But at the end of the seven years Nebuchadnezzar's reason returned to him, as we read, "At the end of the days, I, Nebuchadnezzar, lifted up mine eyes unto heaven, and my understanding returned unto me, and I praised the Most High and honored Him that liveth forever, whose dominion is an everlasting dominion, and His kingdom from generation to generation." (Dan. iv., 34.) Here we believe was the picture or type of man's experience during the period of the great image of which man was the head. And we rejoice to think that at the conclusion of the ...

... church's redemption draweth nigh; but we may also rejoice with the world that the blessed morning of the millennial kingdom is at hand, even though we must weep with them also in the dark hour of trouble which will precede the sunburst of the millennial kingdom. The lesson to us, dear friends, as to those who are seeking to be heirs of the kingdom, joint-heirs with Jesus Christ our Lord, is that we shall set our affections on things above, and seek to conform our lives to the divine requirements, that we may be counted meet, fit, for the kingdom to be prepared, that we may be used of the Lord in connection with that kingdom for the blessing of the world. And how much of preparation we all need to fit and prepare us to be the future judges and blessers of the world in association with our dear Lord and Redeemer! "He that hath this hope in him purifieth himself even as he is pure."

Our next discourse will be on Jewish and gospel parallels—type and antitype—in this room at 3 p. m. next Sunday. The grace of the Lord be with us all, preparing us for a share with our Lord in the grand fifth universal kingdom which is to bless the world gloriously, according to all the gracious promises of the word.

Cold Weather Caused Oil Operations to Almost Close Down

The zero weather last week inaugurated a shut-down movement that brought operations in the lower southwest almost to a standstill, and for a few days there was scarcely a wheel turning in any of the fields under development. Operators stated it was the most complete tie-up they had experienced in many years. Following, as it has, close upon the heels of the usual suspension of work during the holidays, it will cause a great slump in the aggregate production for the month. There must necessarily, for the same reason, be a falling off in completed work at the close of the month.

The few wells that were completed came in light or dry and furnished no information that would be of interest to any except those interested in a financial way. Operators are not keeping a close watch on any particular locality at present for the reason that no new pools or extensions to the old fields are in sight.

Producers had apprehensions that the credit balance market would be subjected to another reduction during the week, but for the reason that it was not disturbed they are hopeful that it will not be greatly reduced in the near future. The month's record in the fields will certainly not have a depressing effect.

In the Morris run district, Wetzel county, ...

... neither amounted to anything aside from the initial wells, and they declined rapidly.

Notwithstanding a good deal of development work was completed along the eastern edge of Tyler county, and the returns fell far below what was expected, there will be a further effort made to locate new producing territory in the way of new pools or extensions to the old developments.

Operations are increasing in the vicinity of Wick in this county. This development is the most promising of any in the county. The oil is developed in the Big Injun sand, and some of the wells have come in at the rate of 600 barrels a day. While they do not hold up at that speed for any great period, they make nice producers after they have struck a normal gait. It is not expected the producing limits can be extended much beyond the present area, but the interior will furnish room for a considerable number of wells.

But two districts in Ritchie county show any marked activity. The Bonds creek district is the most active, but the time for Keener sand gushers has passed, and the wells now coming in are light, the best not exceeding 50 barrels a day and not a few total failures.

On Indian creek and the South Fork of Hughes river, Murphy district, is the next most active development. Much of the work ...

FOR SALE.
Fine Residence Property.
BEST LOCATION
—ON—
FIFTH AVENUE
NEAR MOREWOOD.
Dwelling, 14-room brick, with lot 96 feet front x 175; also adjoining vacant lot of same size.

GLEN OSBORNE, FORT WAYNE R. R.
17-room dwelling, stable with 3 acres of land.
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The Keystone Bank
OF PITTSBURGH.
320-322-324 Fourth Avenue.
Capital, $500,000
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Pittsburgh Brewing Common
at present price ($24) pays the above.
HUMPHRIES MILLER,
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ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS.
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Ayer's

What would you do the next time you have a hard cold if you couldn't get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral? Better think this over.

25c., 50c., $1.00.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair.
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood.
AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.

Cherry Pectoral

To Really Enjoy the Dinner
Smoke *Between the Courses*
MOGUL

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
Most Popular— Because the Best.
10 for 15 cents.
Cork Tips or Plain.
Save the Coupons.

BANKERS ARE DISAPPOINTED AT COURSE OF THE MARKET

Wall Street Has Failed to Make Good Predictions at the Close of the Year, Except Money Is Easier.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

[illegible]EW YORK, Jan. 10.—That the course [illegible]e speculative and investment mar[illegible]ince the first of the year has been [illegible]appointment to bankers and brokers [illegible]atter so well known as to call for [illegible] extended comment. Few of the [illegible]ons current in Wall street at the [illegible] 1903 have come to pass. The [illegible] which it was thought would [illegible] up to the middle of January [illegible]o materialize, the professional [illegible]ation and the "washing up" of [illegible]planned to attract a public fol[illegible] miscarried. The "reinvestment [illegible]" which was counted upon to in[illegible] into the bond division, was ap[illegible] largely discounted in December [illegible]ows no sign of becoming a potent [illegible]ce. In one particular, however, [illegible]at an important one, prediction [illegible]erified. Money has not only re[illegible] but shows a still easier tendency, [illegible]he case of money, no matter what it may do in the future, has not as yet stimulated speculative or investment activity.

Wall street, not unnaturally, attributes some of the unsatisfactory result to prevailing apprehension of war between Russia and Japan, and doubtless that has played its part, but it may be doubted if the result would have been vastly different if war and rumors of war had been left out of the consideration. One thing which is rather clearly disclosed by the failure of the security markets to carry out predictions is that January 1 is not the best season of the year to which persons may look for remarkable changes in industrial and financial conditions. Aside from the sentiment which attaches to the first of the year, the closing of old accounts and the opening of new, the "swearing off" of old vices, and the making of new, and it is to be hoped, good resolutions, there is little which commends January 1 as a starting point. It is a period which determines little if anything at all of the future of agricultural, commercial or financial industry. That the results of the first 10 days should have been unsatisfactory disappoints many persons no doubt, but it signifies nothing, for the period is inconclusive.

While it is highly probable that the prospect of war in the far east deterred some not over enthusiastic persons from buying at this time, it is not likely that a very heavy volume of speculation or investment orders was lost to the bankers and brokers. It seems reasonably clear, therefore, that the chief influence of the threatened hostilities has been confined to a rather limited group of professional operators, who in themselves, unsupported by the public, which, having been initiated into all the mysteries of company promotions and manipulative movements, has become suspicious of such demonstrations, could not long have sustained activity. A manipulative campaign for the advance may have received a set-back and placed in a position where rehabilitation is necessary, but no genuine, healthy movement has been halted, because none was under way, and because, with the uncertainties of the future, it is highly unlikely that one which would have long continued could have been inaugurated.

The developments of the week add corroborative testimony to the evidence already deduced that liquidation of a disturbing character has ceased in Wall street. That was shown in the manner in which the speculative market bore up in the face of what appeared to be the acute point in the Russo-Japanese situation and the very unfavorable statement of the earnings of the United States Steel Corporation, accompanied by the passage of the dividend on the common stock. But the fact has been demonstrated over quite a period of time that the suspension of liquidation, to whatever cause it is due, and whether it be but temporary, or likely to become permanent about this level, has not been followed by any marked restoration of public confidence or any active participation by the outside interest in Wall street movements.

What is it that deters people and institutions from buying, even if they will not sell? There is an interesting range for theorizing upon this question, and it has certainly received much attention since the "reinvestment demand" failed to materialize to any marked degree, and bond dealings after the first of the year fell off. One group of brokers hold that the enormous expansion of loans throughout the country indicates an over-capitalization of properties and an over-trading in securities, that, with all the liquidation that has taken place, has not restored banking resources to an equilibrium. The enormous foreign loans are unquestionably reduced, if not entirely paid off, but the volume of domestic loans in National banks alone increased $121,000,000 during the year, and what is true of the National banks is substantially true also of state banks and trust companies. Loans, despite nearly 15 months of liquidation, greatly reducing requirements, are larger in the country's banks than when the selling movement began.

WHEAT PRICES RECEIVED VERY SEVERE SET-BACK

Peaceful News from Far East Resulted in Heavy Liquidation in Chicago.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Before trading began reports indicated another effort would be made to avert hostilities over Korea. British consols showed advance, while foreign grain markets reported declines. There was considerable wheat for sale here at the start, and May was ⅛@⅜c to ⅝@⅞c lower, at 86½@87c. A little support from the leading long sent May up to 87@87⅛c, but offerings were from liberal demand, and that source was satisfied and the market eased off. A big bull operator became an open seller, and prices slumped badly, May declining to 85⅝@85¾c. The domestic situation was moderately bearish, a large increase in the visible supply being expected for Monday. Receipts were large and the cash demand slow. Coverings by shorts caused some recovery late in the day, but the sentiment continued weak. Primary receipts were 845,500 bushels, against 606,400 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 572 cars, against 612 cars last week and 427 cars a year ago.

Corn was comparatively easy early in the day, due to small receipts and poor quality of the corn coming in, together with the higher Liverpool markets. With the big decline in wheat, the corn market was dragged down in sympathy. Offerings, however, were not large and came mostly from small holders. Local receipts were 305 cars, with 1 of contract grade.

Oats weakened along with wheat, but there was not much enthusiasm on the short side, for the reason that the big line held by the leading long is still intact. An improvement in the shipping demand also tended to restrict offerings. Local receipts were 19 cars.

Provisions were weak, influenced at the start by a decline in the price of hogs and later by the slump in grains. The selling was quite general, and, as prices declined, stop-loss orders were reached, which influenced the weakness. May pork closed 30c lower at $12 80. May lard was off 12½c at $6 80, and ribs down 10c at $6 52½.

Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 395 cars; oats, 110 cars; hogs, 49,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago Board of Trade, Farmers Bank Building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Friday's Close.
WHEAT No. 2.					
May	87	87⅛	85⅝	86	87¼
July	82¼	82⅜	81⅛	81½	82⅝
Sept.	80	80	78⅝	79	80¼
CORN, No. 2.					
Jan.	43¾	43¾	42⅞	42⅞	43¾
May	47¼	47⅜	46⅝	47	47⅝
July	46⅝	46⅝	46⅛	46¼	46⅝
OATS, No. 2.					
Jan.	36⅝	36⅝	36½	36½	36⅝
May	39⅜	39⅜	39⅛	39⅜	39⅝
July	36⅜	36⅜	35⅞	36	36⅜
MESS PORK.					
Jan.	12 57½	12 57½	12 50	12 50	12 80
May	13 05	13 12½	13 75	13 80	13 30
LARD,					
Jan.	......	......	......	6 67½	6 70
May	6 90	6 92½	6 80	6 80	6 92½
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan.	......	......	......	6 25	6 35
May	6 60	6 62½	6 50	6 52½	6 62½

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady; winter patents, $4 10@4 30; straights, $3 80@4 10; spring patents, $4 00@4 30; straights, $3 50@3 90; bakers', $2 35@3 30; No. 3 spring wheat, 72@80c; No. 2 red, 81¾@87c; No. 2 corn, 43½c; No. 2 yellow, 45c; No. 2 oats, 35½@37c; No. 3 white, 37½@38⅝c; No. 2 rye, 52½c; good feeding barley, 37@39c; fair to choice malting, 40@58c; No. 1 flaxseed, 98c; No. 1 northwestern, $1 04; prime timothy seed, $3 10; mess pork, per bbl., $12 62½@12 75; lard, per 100 lbs., $6 57½@6 60; short ribs sides (loose), $6 12½@6 37½; short clear sides (boxed), $6 62½@6 75; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 27; clover, contract grade, $11 50.

	Receipts.	Shipm'ts.
Flour, barrels	17,900	20,900
Wheat, bushels	38,100	46,300
Corn, bushels	241,900	45,500
Oats, bushels	113,000	172,600
Rye, bushels	4,800	2,500
Barley, bushels	39,000	10,000

WAR CLOUD DEPRESSES LONDON STOCK MARKET

Failure of Steel Corporation to Pay Dividend on Common Also Has Bad Effect.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

(Copyright, 1904, by the New York Herald Co.)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Fear of war has hung heavily over the stock markets all the week, although the belief is strong in the city that England and France have agreed to keep out of the fray and consequently the war will be localized if it comes.

There has nevertheless been acute apprehension. Prices in every department have fallen heavily and at the same time dealing here has been comparatively active, many persons deeming the occasion a fairly safe one to indulge in a little bear speculation. As all the markets have been equally eligible, the selling has been promiscuous and almost universal. Toward the last there was a considerable amount of bear closing, causing the final quotations to rise a few notches above the worst of the week.

As to American stocks, the announcement that the United States Steel Corporation will pay no dividend on its common stock, and the great diminution of its profits, have contributed an element of depression here as in New York. The Statist, reviewing the situation, says: "There appears little prospect of the Steel Corporation securing net profits as great as those of 1902 for a considerable time to come."

Said in a Joking Manner.

ROME, Jan. 10.—Martins D'Antuis, Portuguese minister to the vatican and deacon of the diplomatic corps, says that the report that Pope Pius has charged him to forbid women to wear decolette gowns at receptions which are attended by cardinals and other prelates is erroneous. It was said by the pope in a joking manner.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN LOCAL MARKETS

Year Opened Well—Flour Attracts Attention—Hay and Grain Show Better.

The first week of the year opened well in the local produce markets. Demands in almost every line were good on the average. There were a few changes in prices, due to weather and the season of the year. Throughout the week flour was notably strong, local competition kept its prices down, though some dealers sold at the close of the week as high as $5. There will likely be a change of 10 cents on flour early this week. It is quoted at $4 90 to $4 95 at present. The quotation tomorrow will probably be $4 95 to $5 05. News from the far east helped to make wheat higher in price and this brought out a fair number of shipping orders on flour last week, though present quotations restricted buying somewhat. Millfeed is stronger than for some time, which has been due to the great reduction in output.

Reports vary as to the winter wheat crop, but indicate that conditions are not so favorable as they might be. Some damage is found to have been done in the Ohio by the Hessian fly. Severe weather has also been very hard on the crop. Snow now covers the wheat fields in Kansas and this will no doubt prove beneficial. Light hay receipts put its prices up. Oats ruled strong, offering at 43c, with 42¼c bid, Saturday. Ear corn is firmer, offering at 52c Saturday spot, with 51c bid. No. 2 yellow shelled showed little change, however. No. 2 timothy, marked good, pro-rate, sold at $13 50 at the close of the week. There was some call for clover seed, last week's quotations on which hold firm. Many are holding back awaiting lower prices, but no change is in sight now.

Coffee advanced again and holds strong. All week there was good demand in the grocery market, on canned goods particularly. There was some activity in the fruit market near the end of the week, some shipments to local points being made possible by milder weather. Oranges show good demand and just now rule in this line. The provision market showed increased strength over the week before. Potatoes were strong also, and fair trade on beans of all kinds was reported. Sauerkraut still holds at the high prices quoted. Eggs weakened toward the close. Cheese showed better feeling. There was no change on butter. Turkeys showed a falling off, while poultry had good market.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 7 cars hay, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 1 car corn; Baltimore & Ohio, 1 car hay, 1 car corn, 1 car oats.

Hay, No. 1 timothy	$14.00@14.50	Rye, No. 2 Mich.	68@69c
do No. 2	$12.50@13.00	White middlings, No. 2, ton	$21.50@22.00
No. 1 clov.	$11.25@11.50	do brown	$20.00@20.50
do No. 2	$10.50@11.00	Bran, ton	$18.00@18.60
No. 1 mix	$11.50@12.00	Wheat, No. 2 red	83@84c
Loose from wagon	$15.00@17.00	do spring wheat	90c
Straw, oat	$8.75@9.00	Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled	49½@50c
do wheat	$8.75@9.00	High mix	48@48½c
do rye	$12.00@12.50	No. 2 mix	47½@48c
Oats, No. 2 white	42½@43c	No. 2 yellow ear	52@53c
do No. 3	41@42c		
do No. 4	40@41c		

GROCERIES.

Flour.		do powdered	4.80c
Fancy spg. patent	$4.90@4.95	do pow'd xxxx	4.85c
Fancy winter patent	$4.25@4.30	do cubes	4.80c
Straight win.	$3.85@4.00	do cut loaf	5.15c
Bakers' spg.	$3.40@3.60	do coff. A	4.50@4.60c
Rye	$3.65@3.75	do No. 1 yellow	4.30c
Graham	$4.00@4.50	do No. 2 yellow	4.25c
Cornmeal bbl	$3.25@3.40	do No. 3 yellow	4.20c
do 10-lb cotton bags	17@18c	Beans.	
Rolled oats, bbl	$5.10	Navy, N. P.	$2.00@2.15
do kegs	$2.70	Navy, imp.	$2.10@2.15
Roasted Coffee.		Red kidney	$3.15@3.25
Rio	9¼@12c	Cal. lima, lb.	4½@5c
Santos	22¼@23¼c	Peas, dried, bu.	$1.30@1.40
Maracaibo	17@17½c	do split, lb.	4c
Peaberry	17@18c	do marrow, bu	$2.00@2.10
Golden Rio	15@15¼c	Oil, carbon, 110 deg	12c
Caracas	19@19½c	do headlight	13½c
Standard pkgs	$12.05@12.55	do water white	13¾c
High gr'de	$17.30@18.30	do Ohio W. W. 150 deg	13½c
Molasses, fancy refined	35@37c	do miners'	25¾@45c
do choice	32@35c	do Elaine	16½c
do open ket	38@40c	do special brands	20@43c
Syrup.		Rice, ex-fancy head, lb.	7@7¾c
Fancy sugar	28@30c	do fancy Japan	5@5½c
Sug. and cane	24@25c	do choice Carolina	6@7c
Prime	24@25c	Salt, No. 1, bbl.	$1.00
2½-lb cans, doz	90c	do No. 1 extra	$1.10
3-lb cans, doz	$1.10	do gran. rock	95c
5-lb cans, doz	$1.85		
10-lb cans, doz	$3.40		
Maple, gal	75c@$1.00		
Oatmeal, bbl	$5.60	do pocket	$1.55@1.85
do kegs	$2.95	do dairy	$1.25
Sugar, std. gran.	4.65c	Sauer kraut, cask	$10.00
do bags	4.60c	do bbls	$7.50
do 2-lb carton	4.80c	do half bbl	$4.00
Sugar, 5-lb cotton bags	4.80c		

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std. pie.	$1.10	Plums, damson	$1.00
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00	do Calif.	$1.60@1.70
do California L. C.	$1.90@2.35	Raspberries	85@95c
do Maryland	$1.30@1.65	Gooseberries	95c@$1.00
do California Y. F.	$1.80@2.00	Tomatoes, standard	85@90c
Corn, fancy	$1.30@1.50	do fancy	$1.15@1.25
do std	$1.20@1.25	do gal	$3.00@3.10
Cherries, Cal., white	$2.50@2.75	Succotash, 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.40
Lima beans	$1.20@1.45	Baked beans, cans, tomato sc.	75c@$1.40
do soaked	75@80c	Salmon, doz	95c@$2.00
String beans, 2-lb	65c	Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
do 3-lb	95c	Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.85
Stringless beans	$1.25@1.75	do 1-lb cans	$1.30@1.35
Peas, marrowfat	95c@$1.00	Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.50
do early June	90c@$1.00	Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$3.65@3.70
do soaked	55@65c	do mustards, ¾s	$2.75
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.15@2.25	do French	$9.00@15.75
Pineapples	$1.00@2.25		

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl	$32.00	Mackerel, No. 2, bbls	$20.60
do half bbl	$16.50	do half bbls	$11.50
do quar. bbl	$8.25	do quarter bbl	$6.00
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl	$25.00	do 20-lb pails	$2.40
do half bbls	$12.90	do 10-lb pails	$1.35
do quar. bbls	$6.60	Lake herring, 100 lbs	$3.00@3.25
do 20-lb pails	$2.75	do 30-lb quar.	$1.25
do 10-lb pails	$1.45	do 10-lb	48c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu. small	$7.00@7.10	Alfalfa	$8.50@9.00
do mammoth	$7.20@7.30	Millet	$1.25@1.50
crimson	$4.50@4.75	Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.10
do white Dutch	$14.00@18.00	do lawn, lb.	15@20c
Alsike	$8.75@9.00	do blue, 14-lb bu	$1.50@1.75
		do red top, 14-lb bu.	$1.10@2.00
		Timothy	$1.55@1.60

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap., bags	9@12c	Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 4 crown 50-lb boxes	7@8c
do 25-lb boxes	8½@11½c	do Ondara Val.	8¾@9c
Apples, bulk	6¾@8½c	do Cal. Val.	7@7½c
do 1-lb cartons	7¼@7¾c	Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs	7@7¼c
Peaches	7@10½c	Prunes	3½@10c
Raspberries	24@24½c	Figs, Cal.	6@9c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs	9½@10c	do Turk	12½@14c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bu. store	85@90c	do Florida, hamper	$2.75@3.00
do track	75@80c	do head bbl	$6.00@7.00
Jersey sweets, boxes	$1.05@1.15	Garlic, lb.	7@9c
do bbls	$3.25@3.50	Carrots, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Kiln dried	$4.00@4.25	String beans, bu	$7.00@8.00
do bu, box	$1.25@1.35	Cauliflower, doz	$2.50@3.00
do mediums	$1.75@2.00	Watercress, doz	25@30c
Turnips, bbl	$1.75@2.00	Brussels sprouts, quart	15@16c
Onions, bbl	$2.25@2.50	Tomatoes, 6-basket carrier	$5.00@5.50
do bulk, bu	75@90c	Spinach, bu	$1.00@1.25
do new, doz	20@30c	Squash, Hubbard, bbl	$1.50@1.75
do Spanish, crate	$1.00@1.10	do marrowfat	90c@$1.00
do Valencia, crate	$3.00	Honey, new	14½@15c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	$1.25@1.50	Parsnips, bbl	$1.75@2.00
Cabbage, Danish	$45.00@50.00	Rutabagas	$1.00@1.25
do lb.	2½@3c	Beets, bbl	$3.00@3.25
Parsley, doz	90c@$1.00	Popcorn, lb.	4@5c
Radishes, doz	30@35c	Horseradish, bbl	$6.00@6.50
Kale, bu	25@30c	Egg plant, hamper	$6.00@7.00
Celery, Ohio	25@35c		
Lettuce, home, doz	70c@$1.00		
do Ashtabula, basket	35@40c		

PROVISIONS.

Hams.		Breakfast bacon, back strips	10½c
18 lbs and up	11c	Dry salt sides, extra short clears	8c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	11c	Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	8¼c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	11¼c	do 16 to 20 lbs	8½c
10 lbs and under	11¼c	do under 16 lbs	8½c
Skinned	11¼c	Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	9c
Boneless boiled	17½c	Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	9¼c
California	7¾c	do 16 to 20 lbs	9½c
Shoulders, N. Y. cut	7¾c	do under 16 lbs	9½c
do skinned	8¼c	Lard, pure, tierces	7⅛c
Breakfast bacon, ribs, 8 to 10 lbs	11½c		
do 10 to 12 lbs	11c		
do back strips	10½c		
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	12c		
do 10 to 12 lbs	11¾c		

NUTS.

Chestnuts, lb.	10@11c	Italian chestnuts	6@8c
Filberts	11c	Pecans	12c
Eng. walnuts	11@14c	Shellbarks, bu	$1.75@2.00
S. S. almonds	16c	Walnuts	$1.00@1.25
Tarr. almonds	15c	Butternuts	$1.00
Mixed	13c		
Brazil	11c		

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.		do Wis. Swiss, tubs	14½@15c
Prints	27@27½c	do 20-lb block Swiss, new	14½@15c
Tubs	26@27c	do Limberger	13@13½c
Ohio cream	24@24½c	do Brickstein	13½@14c
Dairy	16@17c	Eggs, fresh candled	36@37c
Country roll	14@15c	do select	37@38c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream	12½@13c	do storage	30@31c
do Ohio	12@12½c		
do ¾ crm.	11¼@11½c		
Cheese, Ohio Swiss	13@13½c		

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy, bbl	$3.25@5.50	Grapes, Catawba	18@19c
do bulk, bbl	$1.25@1.50	Cranberries, box	$2.25@2.50
do choice	$2.00@2.50	do bbl	$8.00@10.00

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens	14@15c	Impt. ptarmigan, pair	$2.50
Roosters	7@8c	do grouse	$2.50
Turkeys	17@18c	do partridges	$2.25
Live ducks, lb.	14@15c	do black cocks	$2.50
Geese	12@14c	Squirrels, pair	40@50c
Dressed hens	17@18c	Squab, doz	$4.50
Dressed springs	17@18c	Mallard ducks, pair	$1.75@2.00
Roasters	17@18c	do red head, pair	$2.00
Turkeys, fresh dressed	20@23c	do teal	$1.25
Roosters	9@10c	do blue bill	$1.50
Ducks	18@20c	do rudy	$1.50
Rabbits, pair	25@35c	do red head	$1.75@2.00
Capon, lb.	28c	do canvasback	$3.00
No. 1 geese feather	58c		
do ex. live	68c		

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Messina	$3.75@4.00	Bananas, 1sts	$1.35@1.75
do Verdelli	$4.00@4.25	do 2ds	$1.25@1.50
do California	$3.00@3.50	Pineapples, crate	$2.50@3.00
Limes, per 100	$1.00	Pears, California, W. Nellis	$3.50
Oranges, California, navel	$2.50@3.00	do Clairgeau	$2.75
do Florida	$3.00@3.50	Grapes, Almeria	$3.50@6.00
do Jamaica, box	$2.75@3.00	Grape fruit	$5.00@5.50
do bbl	$5.00@6.00	Red Emperor	$1.75@2.00
Coconuts, bags	$2.50	Figs, Cal., 10-lb cartons	$1.00@1.35

The Three Rivers

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 10.—The stage of the river at 6 o'clock tonight marked 12 feet and falling, making a fall of 1 foot during the past 24 hours. Weather warmer and showery. There was no change in the situation today. All harbors are in good condition and apparently in safe positions. Some new ice was made over night along the shore and around the fleets. This was broken by the harbor boats and allowed to add to the gorge at Medoc bar, the head of which is now above the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad bridge. The upper gorge continues to hold. There seems no immediate danger of the gorges either above or below the city breaking. Rivermen say 30 feet or more of water will be required to break the gorges, as the ice extends to the bottom.

LOUISVILLE—River stationary; in canal, 4.2 feet; on falls, 2 feet; below the locks, 11.3 feet. Cloudy and threatening.

STEUBENVILLE—River 11 feet 1 inch and rising. River closed. Clear and cold.

GALLIPOLIS—River 5 feet 8 inches and rising. Cloudy and raining and growing cold.

HUNTINGTON—River 7 feet 4 inches and rising. Very little floating ice. Light rain in evening.

POINT PLEASANT—River 4 feet 7 inches and falling. Cloudy.

PARKERSBURG—River 6 feet and stationary. Still frozen. Cloudy and cold.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet 7 inches and falling. Closed. Fair and warmer.

WARREN—River 1 foot. Cloudy and cold.

OIL CITY—River 3 feet 6 inches and stationary. Cloudy and cold.

The stage of water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 4.5 feet and the river was rising.

RIVERMEN CUT THE ICE.

Warmer Weather Allowed Breaking Up of First and Second Pools.

The warm weather of the last few days has permitted the rivermen to cut all the ice in the first and second pools. There is considerable ice above Monongahela City, but no attempt will be made to break it up until there is an indication of a rise. Most of the boats and barges in the up-river pools are loaded, and during the next three days they will all be ready to be sent south when the water reaches a navigable depth.

According to reports, the southern markets are running down. The cool spell has eaten into the supply a great deal, and when the next rise appears the coal operators will send as much coal south as possible.

Tonight at 8, Germaine the Magician. Allegheny Carnegie hall. 50 cents.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for the week ended January 9:

Banks.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circulation.
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	$ 15,813,000	$ 2,227,000	$ 1,711,000	$ 14,565,000	$ 981,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	19,351,000	4,634,000	2,404,000	23,015,000	......
Merchants National Bank	11,757,400	2,661,400	1,637,500	13,697,500	......
Bank of America	19,841,000	3,986,800	2,149,200	21,847,300	......
Mechanics National Bank	11,629,000	2,555,000	1,813,000	13,078,000	......
Phoenix National Bank	3,851,000	551,000	318,000	3,369,000	47,400
National City Bank	132,272,900	21,922,400	8,120,100	117,568,700	4,093,300
Chemical National Bank	24,015,800	4,705,400	1,873,800	23,410,000	......
Merchants Exchange Nat. Bank	5,155,500	934,800	592,900	5,539,500	214,600
Gallatin National Bank	7,233,900	645,900	540,000	4,494,400	984,200
Nat. Butchers & Drovers Bank	1,865,900	501,000	43,600	2,366,200	46,700
Mechanics & Traders Bank	4,251,000	617,000	442,000	4,496,000	......
Greenwich Bank	2,218,300	339,400	161,200	1,700,000	......
Leather-Manufacturers Nat. Bank	4,816,100	2,196,000	504,400	6,115,300	481,200
American Exchange Nat. Bank	28,355,000	3,876,600	1,885,900	20,351,000	4,592,000
National Bank of Commerce	133,775,700	23,090,200	7,646,200	116,050,400	11,334,200
Mercantile National Bank	22,059,000	3,739,700	1,104,600	19,262,100	1,759,300
Pacific Bank	2,908,900	585,800	446,100	3,866,100	......
Chatham National Bank	5,559,400	543,700	888,200	5,409,300	49,400
Peoples Bank	2,079,500	187,300	571,300	2,648,500	......
Nat. Bank of North America	14,191,000	1,328,100	1,736,500	12,822,700	840,300
Hanover National Bank	44,216,100	11,100,900	5,702,100	54,794,700	1,992,900
Irving National Bank	6,074,000	862,200	481,800	5,340,000	244,150
National Citizens Bank	7,146,500	1,441,300	465,200	7,869,200	639,400
Nassau Bank	2,533,600	231,000	413,700	3,046,000	......
Market & Fulton Nat. Bank	6,593,400	973,200	544,800	6,400,100	50,000
Nat. Shoe & Leather Bank	6,096,300	1,969,800	145,900	7,429,900	48,400
Corn Exchange Bank	24,559,000	4,131,000	3,688,000	29,912,000	......
Oriental Bank	6,242,200	229,000	1,218,000	6,021,900	......
Importers & Traders Nat. Bank	22,522,000	3,838,000	1,334,000	19,894,000	44,800
National Park Bank	56,364,000	11,423,000	5,030,000	62,635,000	2,880,400
East River National Bank	1,172,400	168,100	220,100	1,306,800	49,800
Fourth National Bank	17,818,900	3,111,900	2,458,200	20,037,300	50,000
Central National Bank	8,847,000	2,910,000	910,000	11,852,000	335,900
Second National Bank	9,134,000	1,123,000	1,499,000	10,049,000	285,000
First National Bank	80,777,200	13,082,400	2,351,500	65,542,900	8,534,100
New York Nat. Exchange Bank	6,098,800	1,335,000	543,300	6,067,700	613,200
Bowery Bank	2,739,000	387,000	210,000	3,065,000	......
New York County National Bank	4,208,200	870,500	435,200	5,161,100	50,000
German-American Bank	3,585,500	713,100	224,100	3,585,900	......
Chase National Bank	37,481,800	5,829,300	1,668,300	44,114,800	50,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	9,040,600	2,212,200	397,200	9,874,000	......
German Exchange Bank	2,522,000	145,000	805,000	3,554,500	......
Germania Bank	2,906,500	431,200	635,000	4,851,800	......
Lincoln National Bank	9,422,300	446,600	1,878,500	9,443,300	247,000
Garfield National Bank	6,827,300	1,609,100	322,200	7,055,400	47,500
Fifth National Bank	2,505,400	447,700	164,000	2,504,800	244,000
Bank of the Metropolis	8,455,100	1,416,400	659,700	9,582,300	......
West Side Bank	3,178,000	481,000	372,000	3,455,000	......
Seaboard National Bank	13,835,000	2,582,000	1,609,000	16,199,000	50,000
First National Bank, Brooklyn	4,194,000	587,000	672,000	4,420,000	75,000
Liberty National Bank	10,573,000	1,757,700	240,000	8,856,200	796,100
New York Produce Exchange Bank	4,869,200	774,100	376,800	4,342,900	......
New Amsterdam National Bank	5,310,400	905,800	582,400	6,044,000	160,000
Astor National Bank	5,024,000	862,000	290,000	5,060,000	350,000
Totals	$915,982,200	$168,401,900	$ 74,713,400	*$905,712,300	$44,697,600
	Increase. $7,421,700	Increase. $6,726,100	Increase. $4,302,600	Increase. $19,534,400	Decrease $227,800

Reserve on total deposits, increase $5,145,100. Reserve on deposits other than United States, increase $5,127,900.

*United States deposits included, $36,693,900.

Clearings for week, $1,469,165,443.78. Balances for week, $77,330,279.80.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

MELLON NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH

Ample capital—perfect equipment—prompt service extensive banking connections and a strong directorate make this bank a desirable depository—

514 Smithfield Street and 409 Fifth Avenue

Its large resources and efficient organization fit this company to serve you exceptionally well in every department of banking or trust business.

The Colonial Trust Company

CAPITAL, SURPLUS and UNDIVIDED PROFITS $9,544,112.87

OFFICERS.

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JAMES C. CHAPLIN, Vice Pres.; JOHN A. BELL, Vice President; JOHN A. IRWIN, Secretary; HOMER C. STEWART, Treasurer; A. D. ROBB, Asst. Secretary; F. F. BROOKS, Trust Officer; ALEX. C. THOMPSON, Mgr. Bond Dep't.

317 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

ORGANIZED 1832.

FARMERS DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital - - - - $ 800,000

Surplus 4,100,000

Other Profits 2,100,000

$7,000,000

HAVING EVERY FACILITY FOR THE SAFE AND PROMPT TRANSACTION OF A BANKING BUSINESS.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

The Peoples National Bank OF PITTSBURGH.

Capital $1,000,000 Surplus $1,000,000

Issues letters of credit and travelers' checks available in all parts of the world.

409 WOOD STREET.

For 47 years the Union National Bank has helped its customers to grow and prosper. New accounts solicited.

Fourth and Market.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh

335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE

CAPITAL, - $1,500,000

SURPLUS, - $16,000,000

ACTS IN ANY FIDUCIARY CAPACITY AND AS GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENT FOR CORPORATIONS AND OTHERS IN CONNECTION WITH REORGANIZATIONS, BOND AND STOCK ISSUES

ITS TRUST DEPARTMENT HAS SPECIAL FEATURES FOR THE TRANSACTION OF SUCH BUSINESS.

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Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange. Pittsburgh Securities a Specialty. Third Floor, Pittsburgh Bank For Savings Building.

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Income Value and Record of Quotations of all active Railway and Industrial Stocks to Jan. 1, 1904, and our DAILY MARKET LETTER sent free.

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314 Fourth Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa.

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To be successful in any venture, you must either know how to proceed, or take the advice of someone who does know.

Many years' experience have taught me how to proceed in the matter of dealing in stocks, and that experience is at the service of my customers.

Large or small lines carried on small margins.

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Trade Intelligently by Keeping Informed.

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320-324 FOURTH AVE.

"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker is as important as selection of right stocks."

Deposits in the Pittsburg Trust Company, 323 Fourth Avenue, Bear 4% Interest on Savings and 2% on Checking Accounts, and Are Secured by Capital, Surplus and Profits of $6,000,000.00.

Write for Booklet No. 20, "Banking by Mail."

HOME TRUST COMPANY

HOME TRUST BUILDING PITTSBURG, PA.

2% on checking accounts. 4% on savings accounts.

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"INDEPENDENT FACILITIES."

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ESTABLISHED 1822.

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Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

Transact a general Banking Business. Draw Bills of Exchange on Europe. Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers.

4% 4% 4% 4% 4%

Money earns money.

4%

Interest on your savings.

Every time you see 4% think of the Iron City Trust Company, Penn and Ninth.

Capital and surplus, $2,500,000.

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New York Stocks, Chicago Grain and Local Securities.

304 FOURTH AVE.

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No. 409 Smithfield Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital - - - - - $500,000

Surplus - - - - - 650,000

SOLICITS BUSINESS.

Capital and Surplus $1,000,000. Special attention given to out-of-town depositors.

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Temporary quarters, 241 Fourth ave.

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FARMERS DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK

CORNER 5th AVE. and WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH,

Will Pay 4% Interest to You and compound it semi-annually.

Start an account with them.

The first of the year is a good time

Established 1810.

Bank of Pittsburgh

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

Iron City National Bank. Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank.

Offers an efficient service along all lines of Modern Banking.

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Wilson A. Shaw, President. George F. Wright, Auditor. Joseph R. Paull, Vice President. W. F. Bickel, Cashier. William Roseburg, Vice President. J. M. Russell, Assistant Cashier. John Caldwell, Vice President. W. L. Jack, Assistant Cashier. Dallas C. Byers, Vice President. J. D. Ayres, Assistant Cashier.

Capital, $2,400,000 Surplus, $2,400,000

226-228-230 Fourth Avenue.

THERE are two ways of getting rich—steady plodding and inheritance. There's another way—wise speculation. We offer you every facility for the latter.

2 PER CENT MARGINS

and quick, painstaking service, no matter how large or how small your order may be.

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Telephones { Bell—244 Court. P. & A.—1269 Main.

MORE LEGISLATION AGAINST FRAUD URGED BY POSTMASTER GENERAL PAYNE

Asked Use of Telephones for Rural Free Delivery Service and Pensions for Veteran Carriers.

WARM PRAISE FOR BRISTOW

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 16, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.

"During the latter months of the fiscal year the statutes authorizing the postmaster general to suppress the operation of fraudulent schemes and lottery enterprises through the mails have received a stricter application and been somewhat more rigidly enforced than previously," says Postmaster General H. C. Payne in the annual report of his department for the year ending June 30, 1903, made public today. He says further on this subject:

The effect of this policy is clearly seen in the marked decrease in the number of complaints of fraudulent practices received from the public, and in the greater care that is being shown by publishers in excluding from their publications advertisements of prize schemes which come within the legal definition of lotteries.

There seems to be no diminution, however, in the number of so-called "guessing contests," which since the enactment of the federal lottery laws have largely taken the place of ordinary lottery enterprises. Indeed, so far from decreasing in number, these schemes are becoming more and more widespread, while the scale of their operation is constantly growing. It would be difficult to estimate the number of these contests now being carried on, but it may safely be said that they run far into the hundreds, and that by means of them prizes of money and property aggregating several hundred thousand dollars are distributed every year.

While in their practical consequences these schemes are almost, if not quite, as pernicious and detrimental to the public as ordinary lotteries, they have been held by attorneys general of the United States and by a federal court, in which a prosecution in the nature of a test case was instituted, not to come within the prohibitions of the lottery statutes. The need of legislation authorizing the exclusion from the mails of all matter relating to this class of enterprises is plainly evident.

New Laws Are Needed.

The promotion through the medium of the mails of gambling enterprises has also become a grave abuse, for the suppression of which it appears the existing laws afford no authority, except where actual fraud in their conduct can be shown. These debasing schemes are numerous, and are widely advertised and exploited in newspapers and circular matter passing through the mails; remittances of money being solicited for the ostensible purpose of being bet or wagered on horse races or like events, under so-called systems of betting, in which the chances of loss to the investor are but covers for fraud on an extensive scale, though to establish that fact much time and careful investigation are frequently necessary; and meantime the public is subjected to serious losses. That the use of the postal service of the United States for the promotion of these demoralizing schemes should be prohibited by law hardly needs to be argued.

Following are among Postmaster General Payne's recommendations for legislation:

That where a clerk or letter carrier has been 25 years in the service and shall have attained the age of 65 years, the postmaster general shall be empowered, upon the recommendation of the postmaster, to employ a substitute for such clerk or letter carrier, which substitute shall receive not to exceed two-thirds of his salary, the other one-third to go to such clerk or letter carrier.

That a system of postal checks be authorized by congress for the transmission of small sums of money through the mails.

That congress consider the propriety of authorizing postoffices in Porto Rico to receive small amounts on deposit, giving thereon a rate of interest not to exceed 2 per cent per annum.

That a law be enacted to prohibit the establishment and maintenance of boxes to be rented for the receipt of mail without authority from the postoffice department.

That a penalty be provided by law for the mailing of explosives or inflammable matter.

That a law be enacted which shall prevent furnishing to the department supplies manufactured by convict labor.

That the provision made by congress in the last two appropriation bills for the payment of $1,000 to the legal representatives of every railway mail clerk killed in the line of duty be extended to the substitute clerks as well as to regular clerks.

That salaries of clerks of class 2 and 3 in full railway postoffices in crews where four or more clerks run over the entire length of the line be increased from $900 per annum to $1,000 per annum and from $1,000 to $1,100 per annum, respectively.

Legislation providing a monthly salary of not less than $30 for each substitute clerk in the railway mail service, with the understanding that he will be subject to the call of the department for at least 11 days' labor a month.

That congress earnestly consider the propriety of granting an annuity to railway postoffice clerks who are permanently disabled in line of duty or worn out through long, faithful service.

That congress, in the interest of efficient postal service, consolidate the third and fourth classes of mail matter and fix the rate of postage at 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

That congress authorize the postmaster general to accept, under suitable regulations, the mailings of large quantities of identical pieces of printed matter and small articles of merchandise without the necessity of affixing postage stamps to the individual pieces.

That $300,000 be appropriated, to be immediately available, for the purpose of enabling the department to continue the installation of additional rural free delivery routes until the end of the present fiscal year, and that congress authorize an increase of 36 in the field force in connection with rural free delivery service.

That the provision of law that rural carriers shall not be prohibited from doing an express package business be repealed.

That the maximum salary of a rural carrier be increased.

More Anti-Lottery Legislation.

That the interstate commerce law be amended to prohibit common carriers—to wit, telegraph and express companies—or any of their employes from aiding and abetting in the green-goods or lottery swindles or any other scheme, carried on partly by mail and partly by common carrier, and which is in violation of the postal laws.

That a small appropriation be made by congress for the purpose of enabling the postmaster general to investigate the feasibility of telephone service in connection with the rural free delivery service.

That legislation be enacted authorizing the exclusion from the mails of all matter relating to the class of enterprise known as guessing contests.

That congress prohibit by law the use of the postal service of the United States for the promotion of gambling schemes.

That no change be made in the title of the district attorney general for the postoffice department, but that the office be made a presidential one.

The postmaster general says regarding the investigation of the department:

"This investigation has resulted in a complete reorganization of some of the bureaus of the department, and it is hoped has eradicated all dishonest, irregular and criminal practices, which the investigation has developed as having been in existence for several years.

"I cannot too strongly commend the zeal, vigor and fidelity which has been shown by the fourth assistant postmaster general, who has been in immediate charge, and the inspectors who have been detailed to assist him in the investigation.

"As a result of the investigation, 17 officials were separated from the service by resignation or removal. Forty-four indictments were found and 31 persons arrested, 10 of whom had been connected with the postal service. A special report covering the details of this investigation has been submitted."

Rural Free Delivery.

Regarding telephone service in connection with rural free delivery, Postmaster General Payne says:

"The extension of the rural free delivery service and the consequent increase in the use of the mails by the patrons residing along the rural routes, together with the extension of the telephone service into the farming districts of the country, has suggested the propriety of extending the privilege of the special delivery of such letters, or contents thereof, by means of the telephone, it being proposed that a special stamp be provided covering the cost of such transmission, the use of which stamp would authorize the postmaster at the office of delivery to open such letter and telephone its contents to the person to whom it is addressed. It will be seen that if such plan is feasible, 24 hours time will be saved in the transmission of important messages to many people residing along the lines of the rural delivery routes."

Further on rural free delivery he says:

The amount appropriated for the compensation of rural carriers and clerks in charge of

HENRY C. PAYNE,
Postmaster General.

rural sub-stations during the current fiscal year is $12,000,000. Of this, approximately $9,059,980 is required for carriers in the service on June 30, 1903, leaving $2,940,000 for the establishment of additional routes. The salaries of the 4,549 carriers already appointed since June 30, 1903, on routes now in operation, including those installed November 16, will aggregate $2,229,981. It is estimated that favorable reports received and approved will average 600 routes per month. At this rate, the appropriation now available will be exhausted about March 1, 1904, and the work of installation of rural routes during the current fiscal year will then have to be discontinued, unless a supplemental appropriation is made by congress. Three hundred thousand dollars will be sufficient to enable the department to continue the establishment of the service as fast as routes are favorably reported and approved for the remainder of the current fiscal year.

Eleven thousand seven hundred petitions were pending June 30, 1903, and 2,002 cases for investigation have been made up since that date. Of this number 5,266 routes have been established or ordered established, leaving approximately 6,937 petitions pending.

Wants Increase in Field Force.

For the purpose of bringing the work of examining proposed routes up to date and expediting the work of investigating special inspection cases an increase of 36 in the field force of the rural free delivery service is recommended, making a total of 175 men for that work.

There are now in operation 19,398 routes. It is estimated that 3,260 additional routes can be established out of the appropriation now available, making 22,678 which will be in operation or ordered established by March 1, 1904. To maintain the service on these routes during the fiscal year from July 1, 1904, to June 30, 1905, will require $13,560,000.

If congress should make a supplemental appropriation of $300,000 for the current fiscal year as suggested, additional routes can be established, bringing the number in operation June 30, 1904, up to 24,500. In that event about $15,000,000 will be required to maintain the service during the next fiscal year.

With the number of agents now employed, it will require about $3,000,000 additional to enable the department to establish the service during the fiscal year 1904-5 as rapidly as routes are examined. If congress provides for an increased number of agents, as recommended, it will require about $4,000,000 additional, or $19,000,000, to maintain and install the service during the next fiscal year.

On June 30, 1902, there were 8,466 rural routes in operation. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, 6,653 routes were established, making a total of 15,119 on that date.

The Financial Showing.

The following figures show what postal facilities cost:

Comparison of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903, with those for the previous year.

	1902.	1903.
Ordinary postal revenue	$119,958,229.40	$131,984,535.00
Receipts from money-order business	1,889,817.86	2,239,908.24
Total receipts from all sources	$121,848,047.26	$134,224,443.24
Total expenditures for the year	124,785,697.07	138,784,487.97
Excess of expenditures over receipts	$ 2,937,649.81	$ 4,560,044.73

An increase in the deficit over the previous year of $1,622,394 92, which is, however, $1,042,183 less than the estimated deficit for the year.

ESTIMATES.

The estimate of the revenues and expenditures of the department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, which has been transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, is as follows:

Total postal revenue, year ending June 30, 1903..............	$134,224,443 00
Add 9 per cent..................	12,080,199 87
Estimated revenue for 1904....	$146,304,642 87
Appropriation for 1904..........	153,511,549 75
Estimated deficit for 1904.....	$ 7,206,906 88
Estimated revenue for 1904.....	146,304,642 87
Add 9 per cent..................	13,167,417 85
Estimated revenue for 1905....	$159,472,060 72
Estimated expenditures for 1905.	168,085,770 00
Estimated deficit for 1905.....	$ 8,613,709 28

It will be seen that the gross revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30 last are nearly $1,500,000 in excess of the estimates, which attests the wonderful business activity of our people and also indicates that the extension of postal facilities and the improved methods of doing postal business result in largely increased receipts, and were it not for the very large expenditures on account of the introduction of rural free delivery there is no question but that the postoffice department would be more than self-sustaining at the present time.

BUILDING 60 HORSE POWER AUTOMOBILE FOR H. C. FRICK

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—M. Charley, the Paris automobile dealer, came today on the Savoie, which arrived from Havre. In April he will deliver to Henry C. Frick of Pittsburgh a 60 horsepower, special long-distance frame carriage. It will seat six to eight people. The body is one of the best of the Rothschild's production.

New Altoona Church Dedicated.

ALTOONA, PA., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—The new United Presbyterian church of this city was formally dedicated today. The pastor, the Rev. R. A. Hutchinson, was in charge. The dedicatory morning sermon and also the evening address were eloquently delivered by the Rev. W. I. Wishart of the Eighth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny. The church, when completed, will cost $25,000. The main auditorium seats 400 and the Sunday school annex 300.

MACHEN TO FACE A CHARGE TODAY

His Trial Under Indictment for Conspiracy Will Be Commenced in Washington.

OTHER DEFENDANTS ALSO

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10. — On the charge of conspiring to defraud the United States, August W. Machen, former chief of the free delivery division of the postoffice; Diller B. Groff and Samuel A. Groff, George E. Lorenz and Martha E. Lorenz will be placed on trial in criminal court No. 1 tomorrow.

The conspiracy charges that Machen, while a government official, conspired with the Groff brothers and Mr. and Mrs. Lorenz to purchase the Groff patent letter box fasteners at a cost greater than their actual value, the excessive price being diverted to Machen through the agency of Mrs. Lorenz. The price paid by the government was $1 for a set of the fasteners. The cost of manufacture is placed at 25 cents. The government charges that Machen received 40 cents for each set he ordered.

Samuel A. Groff, a policeman now under suspension, is the inventor of the patent fastener. His brother was his business partner and negotiated with Machen. George E. Lorenz, former postmaster of Toledo, O., and a personal friend of Machen, is charged with having received the money due Machen from the Groffs, and Mrs. Lorenz is held a party to the conspiracy, as she is the one who acted as agent between her husband and Machen in transmitting the money. There are other indictments against them.

The winning of the case by the government will practically mean the conviction of all the persons—30 in number—who were indicted by the Washington grand jury.

Perry S. Heath has been subpenaed for the government. His cross-examination will be lively and important. It is not unlikely that former Congressman Loud of California will be brought into the case as a witness before the trial ends.

SOUTH WILL PAY TRIBUTE TO ITS DEAD CHIEFTAIN

Body of General John B. Gordon to Lie in State at Georgia's Capitol.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 10.—The remains of the late Gen. John B. Gordon, who died last night at his winter home near Miami, Fla., will reach this city early Tuesday. Definite arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made, but it is stated that the body will lie in state at the capitol for several days.

At a conference here this afternoon between Gov. Terrell and the relatives of Gen. Gordon, it was decided to hold the funeral exercises in the house of representatives, when, in conjunction with the religious exercises, speakers prominent throughout the south, and veterans of the confederate army, will deliver eulogistic addresses. Among the speakers will be Gens. Stephen B. Lee, A. F. Stewart, Clement A. Evans, Judge Thomas C. Jones of the United States district court of northern Alabama; Senator J. W. Daniel of Virginia.

An honorary escort has been named by Gov. Terrell to meet the funeral party at Macon, Ga., and a detail of enlisted officers of the state militia will meet the Gordon family at the state line. Gov. Terrell will issue a proclamation tomorrow requesting the citizens of the state to observe the death of Gen. Gordon and the flags on all public buildings in this city will be placed at half-mast.

The different organizations of the confederate veterans throughout the south will be requested to take part in the funeral services and it is thought that the militia of the southern states will be invited to participate. Governors of the south have been invited to take part in the funeral services.

SPINNERS IN EARNEST.

Will Try to Secure Legislation to Prevent Dealings in Cotton Futures.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—(Special Cable.)—British cotton spinners are in earnest in this fight against cotton gambling and at a meeting to be held at Manchester Thursday they expect to take the first step in a movement which will ultimately put an end to the artificial fixing of the price of the staple.

The plans have not been definitely decided upon, but they will include efforts to get the governments of the United States and Great Britain to take legislative action, and it is proposed to supplement this by concerted action on the part of British and American manufacturers to buy only actual cotton hereafter; to establish closer relations with the American cotton planters and by other means which may be devised to freeze out the unnecessary middleman and speculator.

THREE ARE HELD ON MURDER CHARGE

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 10.—(Special.)—As a result of the coroner's inquest into the death of Alex Woletch, Milovan Cica, alias Sam Davis, and Rade Koraanovic, alias Nick Davis, are held on the charge of murder. In a drunken argument about a girl in a saloon, according to the testimony of some of the witnesses, Cica, who is a brother of Koraanovic, hit Woletch with a piece of scantling. Koraanovic had a lump of coal in his hand and used it on the man after he had been knocked down. A brother of Woletch was with him when the fight occurred, but fled.

SANTOS-DUMONT WISHED HE HAD HIS AIRSHIP

Aeronaut Had Exciting Passage. Will See Whether St. Louis Offer Is Genuine.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—M. Santos-Dumont got to New York today on the La Savoie after an exciting passage from Havre.

"A giant wave dashed against the steamer when we were a few hours out," said the aeronaut tonight at the Waldorf-Astoria, "and I wished that my flying machines were with me."

To your correspondent Santos-Dumont said he was here to find out if the St. Louis fair people are in earnest in offering $100,000 to the successful competitor in an airship race.

"I have received no definite information," the aeronaut said, "but I think the sum will be guaranteed, and that I will know by Wednesday. Then I shall go to St. Louis. I sincerely hope all financial arrangements will be made, because then I will carry back to France with me the purse."

He said he is experimenting continually. Before he returns to France he may go to Dayton, O., and look at the machine said to have made successful flights in North Carolina.

"Soon," he said, "you will see three-horsepower airships taking the place of autos for pleasure and commercial purposes. My little machine at home, that I call my 'runabout' is as easily handled as a gentle horse between buggy shafts. When the weather is good I start from my door and take a ride about town with one or more friends and descend with the ease of a hawk."

WANTED TO BE SURE WIFE-BEATER WOULD GET SIX MONTHS' HARD LABOR

"Give this man hard labor," in red ink in letters an inch high, were the words that Magistrate Joseph H. Vitchestain wrote across the commitment at the South Side police station yesterday morning after he had sentenced William M. Hanley to the workhouse for six months. Vitchestain wanted to be sure that the officers at Claremont would notice his suggestion. Hanley, who lives in Brownsville avenue, South Side, was charged by his wife with having abused and neglected her and their eight children. She said that a few weeks ago, when four of the children were ill of scarlet fever, her husband had threatened to kill her and the sick little ones. Special Officer Lash Williams, who arrested Hanley, said that he found the children in the house with no clothing to wear.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)

An Improved Office Desk.

The desk department of this big stock of furniture is so large that every conceivable style may be seen here. If an up-to-date office desk is desired you will be able to find just what you are looking for.

The desk shown here is an example of the modern office desk, containing all the features that the wants of busy man could suggest or the ingenuity of the desk builder could contrive.

In fact, after having transacted business for any length of time with such a convenience you could not possibly do without a desk like this.

There is everything for the office to be found here. Besides a very large assortment of desks there are tables, chairs, card indexes, filing systems, etc., which are necessary adjuncts to every office.

This is the largest furniture house in the world.

And price is always an inducement at

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Burlington Route

Better Service to Denver

You can leave Chicago at 5.00 p. m. to-day on the famous "Burlington's Number One," and arrive in Denver at 6.50 the following evening.

You can leave St. Louis at 2.15 p. m. to-day on the Burlington Limited and arrive in Denver at 3.15 the next afternoon.

Both trains have the best and most modern equipment and speed along over solid tracks on ballasted roadbeds.

On either train you will receive better service—in dining car, sleeping car or chair car—than you can find elsewhere. Women traveling alone or with children receive special care and attention.

Tickets on these trains cost no more than on others. Why not enjoy the luxury of travel at the expense of the commonplace?

Just ask the ticket agent to make your ticket read over the Burlington.

J. B. THOMAS, Trav. Passenger Agent, 708 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.
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BRIGHT, CLEAN WINDOWS ARE THE OUTWARD SIGNS OF NEATNESS WITHIN, AND
FINOLA
LENDS CRYSTAL CLEARNESS TO EVERY PANE, AND GIVES SWEET HOME ITS BRIGHTEST LOOK.
Price 5 cents and 10 cents per package. At all first-class Grocers.

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New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is econom...

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quickly and forever cured, without the use of Mercury or Iodide of Potash, by FLEMING'S SPECIFIC. A few weeks' use of this wonderful preparation will cure the most obstinate case. No matter what you have taken, or how disappointed you have been, try this and never despair. Fleming's Specific will cure you. Send for circulars. JOS. FLEMING & SON, 410-412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

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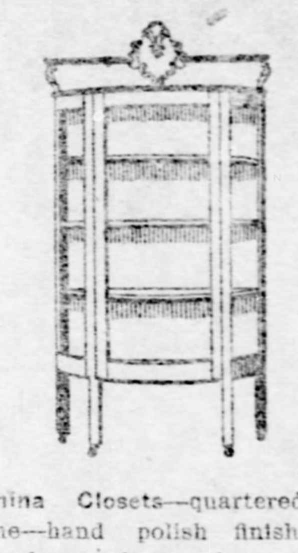
CAMPBELL FURNITURE

..The January Clearance..
Prices That Will Bring Business.

Two entire floors of forward stock and over a half floor of reserve to be sold this month—The new Spring stocks coming in next month will take room and space now occupied by present displays---How to move them?---No better nor more effective way than a new scale of prices---and this Ad. throws out hints from a stock never so extensive and rich in assortments at such a season of the year that cannot fail to concern the economical housewife in some direction.



China Closets—quartered oak frame—hand polish finish—full bent glass ends and door—adjustable shelves—regular price $25.00. January Sale Price $19.75

Dining Chairs—reinforced box frame—solid oak—handsomely finished—genuine leather upholstered seat—regular price $3.50. January Sale Price $2.75

Wall Paper—odds and ends of our regular 7½c, 10c and 15c lines—some with borders—2,000 bolts—reduced to 2½c, 5c and 7½c.

Room Mouldings—regularly 5c ft., reduced to 2½c.

Brass Trimmed Iron Beds—single or full size—heavy posts—extended foot—brass top rails—husks and knobs on head and foot—value $6.50. January Sale Price $3.98

Massive Brass Beds—2 inch posts—heavy fillings—extended foot—5 coats best imported lacquer—variety of designs. Reduced from $42.50 to $35. Other styles from $30 to $25.

This $150 Bedroom Suite

—exactly like cut—made of finest quartered oak—hand-polished—very massive design—roll top on head and foot of bed—hand-carved column posts on sides of bed—large dresser, with French plate mirror, supported by hand-carved posts—combination commode, with large plate mirror on top—if you're looking for a bargain here's one—January Sale Price $98

Do You Need A Carpet?

If you do, here's most welcome news—if you don't now, buy for some future time. Daily communications reach us of advancing prices—but let the future take care of itself—what concerns you most is the present.

Every Carpet in Our Stock Reduced.

Several spring patterns already in stock come under this edict—Can any news from Bargaindom be more interesting? Yes—This additional straight saving of 15c on every yard—Carpets Bought Now

Made, Laid and Lined Free
Whenever Wanted.

Elegant Sideboards — made of selected oak—in a great variety of popular designs—with large French plate mirror, full length drawers, small drawers and cupboards—worth $27.50. January Sale Price $19.75

Handsome Colonial Sideboards—5 feet long—made of finest quartered oak—polished by hand—full length French plate mirror—newest designs — regular price $125.00 — January Sale Price $85.00

Finest Grade Wardrobes—massive hand-carved pieces—extra large — fancy shaped top — full length French plate mirrors—regular price $60.00. January Sale Price $49.75. Other styles reduced from $37.50 to $30. $25 to $20.

Dining Tables—6 feet extension—heavy boxed frame—fluted and turned pillar legs—well made and finished—January Sale Price $9.98

Victor Patent Tables — carries its own leaves—very massive—5-inch pillar legs—hand polish finish in selected oak—regular price $20. January Sale Price $15

FIFTH AVE. CAMPBELL'S THE PEOPLE'S STORE FIFTH AVE.

WHY NOT RENT THAT UNUSED ROOM?

You are throwing away money every day by allowing a room that might as well be rented to remain unoccupied. An ad in The Pittsburgh Gazette will quickly rent it for you and convert it into a constant source of revenue.

If you have one or more rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, list them with

THE GAZETTE Room Renting Bureau

It will not cost you a cent to do so, and as The Gazette is constantly in receipt of applications for rooms in all parts of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and the suburbs, it would certainly be to your interest to have your room on the list.

Strangers who come to the city, and persons wishing to change their present location, have free access to The Gazette's list of available rooms, and can readily secure just the kind of room they are looking for without inconvenience or loss of time.

The Gazette Room Renting Bureau is located in The Gazette office, and is open daily from 9 a. m. till 11 p. m.

List your rooms without delay. If you cannot call, send particulars by letter or telephone.

Address all communications to

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, ROOM RENTING DEPARTMENT.